Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Reports and financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Reports and financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

The Directors of Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad (the "Bank" or "HLIB") have pleasure in submitting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Bank for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

Principal activities

The Bank is principally engaged in investment banking, stockbroking business, futures broking and related financial services.

The principal activities of the subsidiary companies are nominee and custodian services as disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

Financial results

	The Group RM'000	The Bank RM'000
Net profit for the financial year	54,366	54,254

Dividends

Since the previous financial year ended 30 June 2021, a final single-tier dividend of 95.0 sen per share on the Bank's issued and paid-up share capital amounting to RM156,750,000 was paid on 11 November 2021.

The Directors of the Bank recommend a final single-tier dividend of 23.6 sen per share on the Bank's issued and paid-up share capital amounting to RM38,940,000 for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

Business strategy for the current financial year

The COVID-19 outbreak and the consequential Government's Movement Control Order have accelerated digital adoption and changed the needs of our customers, expecting autonomous and seamless processes in financial services products and services. The Group continued to invest in digital solutions aimed at enhancing our customers' investment and trading experience, fully embedding the priority "Digital at the Core" strategy.

Outlook and business plan for the coming financial year

Global growth projections are under pressure from global monetary tightening following elevated inflation, exacerbated by the effects of the Russia-Ukraine conflict, and China's slowdown due to its zero-Covid strategy. Nevertheless, the Malaysian economy growth prospects are expected to remain positive, driven by the transition to endemicity, improved labour market and further supported by its diversified export structure.

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Directors' report

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Outlook and business plan for the coming financial year (continued)

The Group remains committed in delivering our business strategies and managing our operating cost with targeted investment in talent and digitalisation to deliver long-term sustainable growth. We will also look into accelerating efforts to assess and integrate Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") risks and opportunities in our business undertakings against the backdrop of increased demand from regulators and stakeholders as we enter the new financial year.

Significant events during the financial year

Significant events during the financial year are disclosed in Note 47 to the financial statements.

Significant events after the financial year

Significant events after the financial year are disclosed in Note 48 to the financial statements.

Reserves and provisions

All material transfers to or from reserves and provisions during the financial year are disclosed in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Directors

The Directors of the Bank who have held office during the financial year and during the period from the end of the financial year to the date of this report are:

Yong Yoong Fa	(Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director)
Tan Kong Khoon	(Non-Independent Executive Director)
Musa bin Mahmood	(Independent Non-Executive Director)
Raja Noorma binti Raja Othman	(Independent Non-Executive Director)
Datuk Manharlal a/l Ratilal	(Independent Non-Executive Director)

The Directors of the Bank's subsidiaries who have held office during the financial year and during the period from the end of the financial year to the date of this report (not including those Directors listed above) are:

Lau Yew Sun Muhammad Awi Goo @ Goo Kim Hooi Norhayati binti Abu Bakar Mohd Faizal bin Ali

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Statements of Directors' Responsibility

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have ensured that these financial statements are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia with reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

It is the responsibility of the Directors to ensure that the financial reporting of the Group and the Bank present a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Bank as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance and cash flows of the Group and of the Bank for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis and the Directors have ensured that proper accounting records are kept so as to enable the preparation of the financial statements with reasonable accuracy.

The Directors also have overall responsibilities for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and of the Bank and for the implementation and continued operation of adequate accounting and internal control systems for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The system of internal controls is designed to provide reasonable and not absolute assurance for achieving certain internal control standards and helps the Group and the Bank manage the risk of failure to achieve business.

The Statement by Directors pursuant to Section 251 of the Companies Act 2016 is set out on page 170.

Directors' interests

None of the Directors holding office at the end of the financial year end had any beneficial interest in the ordinary shares/options of the Bank and/or its related corporations during the financial year ended 30 June 2022, as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings kept by the Bank under Section 59 of the Companies Act 2016, except for Mr Tan Kong Khoon whose interests are disclosed in the Directors' Report of the immediate holding company as provided for under Section 59 of the Companies Act 2016.

Directors' benefits

Since the end of the previous financial year, none of the Directors of the Bank received or became entitled to receive any benefits (other than the benefit included in the aggregate amount of remuneration received or due and receivable by the Directors as shown in the financial statements or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Bank or of related corporations) by reason of a contract made by the Bank or its related corporations with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest.

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during the financial year, did there subsist any other arrangements to which the Bank is a party, with the object or objects of enabling Directors of the Bank to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of the Bank or any other body corporate.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Directors' remuneration

The remuneration in aggregate for Directors of the Bank and its subsidiaries for the financial year are as follows:

	The Group RM'000	The Bank RM'000
Directors of the Bank		
Director fees	620	620
Directors' other emoluments	104	104
Directors of the Bank's Subsidiary		
Director fees	-	-
Directors' other emoluments	-	-

There were no amount paid to or receivable by any third party for services provided by Directors of the Bank and its subsidiaries.

During the financial year, Directors and Officers of the Group are covered under the Directors' & Officers' Liability Insurance in respect of liabilities arising from acts committed in their respective capacity as, inter alia, Directors and Officers of the Group subject to the terms of the policy. The total amount of Directors' & Officers' Liability Insurance effected for the Directors and Officers of the penultimate holding company and its subsidiaries was RM10 million. The total amount of premium paid for the Directors' & Officers' Liability Insurance by the penultimate holding company and its subsidiaries was RM84,550 (2021: RM71,250) and the apportioned amount of the said premium paid by the Bank was RM3,012 (2021: RM665).

Share capital

During the financial year, there was no issuance of new ordinary shares.

Corporate Governance

Corporate Governance is the process and structure used to direct and manage the business and affairs of the Bank towards promoting business prosperity and corporate accountability with the ultimate objective of realising long term shareholder value while taking into account the interests of other stakeholders.

The Board reviewed the manner in which the Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") policy document on Corporate Governance ("BNM CG Policy") is applied in the Group, where applicable, as set out below.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

A Board of Directors ("Board")

I Roles and Responsibilities of the Board

The Board assumes responsibility for effective stewardship and control of the Bank and has established terms of reference to assist in the discharge of this responsibility.

In discharging its responsibilities, the Board has established functions which are reserved for the Board and those which are delegated to management. The key roles and responsibilities of the Board are set out in the Board Charter, which is reviewed periodically by the Board. The Board Charter is published on the Bank's Website. The key roles and responsibilities of the Board broadly covers reviewing and approving corporate policies and strategies; overseeing and evaluating the conduct of the Bank's businesses; identifying principal risks and ensuring the implementation of appropriate systems to manage those risks; and reviewing and approving key matters such as financial results, investments and divestments, acquisitions and disposals, and major capital expenditure and such other responsibilities that are required as specified in the guidelines and circulars issued by BNM from time to time.

The day-to-day business of the Bank is managed by the Group Managing Director ("GMD")/Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") who is assisted by the management team. The GMD/CEO and her management team are accountable to the Board for the performance of the Bank. In addition, the Board has established Board Committees which operate within clearly defined terms of reference primarily to support the Board in the execution of its duties and responsibilities.

To discharge its oversight roles and responsibilities more effectively, the Board has delegated the independent oversight over, inter alia, internal and external audit function, internal controls and risk management to the Board Audit and Risk Management Committee ("BARMC"). The Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") is delegated the authority to, inter alia, assess and review Board, Board Committees and GMD/CEO appointments and re-appointments and oversee management succession planning. Although the Board has granted such authority to Board Committees, the ultimate responsibility and the final decision rest with the Board. The chairmen of Board Committees report to the Board on matters dealt with at their respective Board Committee meetings. Minutes of Board Committee meetings are also tabled at Board meetings.

There is a clear division of responsibilities between the Chairman of the Board and the GMD/CEO. This division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the GMD/CEO ensures an appropriate balance of roles, responsibilities and accountability.

The Chairman leads the Board and ensures its smooth and effective functioning.

The GMD/CEO is responsible for formulating the vision and recommending policies and the strategic direction of the Bank for approval by the Board, implementing the decisions of the Board, initiating business ideas and corporate strategies to create competitive edge and enhancing shareholder's wealth, providing management of the day-to-day operations of the Bank and tracking compliance and business progress.

Independent Non-Executive Directors ("INEDs") are responsible for providing insights, unbiased and independent views, advice and judgement to the Board and bring impartiality to Board deliberations and decision-making. They also ensure effective checks and balances on the Board. There are no relationships or circumstances that could interfere with or are likely to affect the exercise of the INEDs independent judgement or their ability to act in the best interest of the Bank and its shareholders.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

- A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)
- I Roles and Responsibilities of the Board (continued)

The Board observes the Code of Ethics for Company Directors established by the Companies Commission of Malaysia ("CCM") which is available at CCM's website at 'www.ssm.com.my'. In addition, the Bank also has a Code of Conduct and Ethics that sets out sound principles and standards of good practice which are to be observed by the employees. A Whistleblowing Policy has also been established by the Bank and it provides a structured channel for all employees of the Bank and any other persons providing services to the Bank, or having a business relationship with the Bank, to report any concerns about any improper conduct, wrongful acts or malpractice committed within the Bank.

II Board Composition

The Board currently comprises five (5) directors, four (4) of whom are non-executive. Of the non-executive directors, all are independent.

The Bank is guided by BNM CG Policy and the Securities Commission Malaysia's ("SC") Guidelines on Corporate Governance for Capital Market Intermediaries ("CG Guidelines") in determining its board composition. The Board shall determine the appropriate size of the Board to enable efficient and effective conduct of Board deliberation. The Board shall have a balance of skills and experience to commensurate with the complexity, size, scope and operations of the Bank. Board members should have the ability to commit time and effort to carry out their duties and responsibilities effectively.

The Board recognises the merits of Board diversity in adding value to collective skills, perspectives and strengths to the Board. The Board will consider appropriate targets in Board diversity and is taking the necessary measures to ensure the Board comprises at least 30% women directors.

Based on the review of the Board composition in July 2022, the Board is of the view that the current size and composition of the Board are appropriate and effective for the control and direction of the Group's strategy and business, and its diversity will be further enhanced by having an additional woman director. The composition of the Board also fairly reflects the investment of shareholders in the Bank.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)

III Board Meetings

The Board met six (6) times during the financial year ended 30 June 2022 with timely notices of issues to be discussed. Details of attendance of each director are as follow:

Director	Attendance
Yong Yoong Fa	6/6
Tan Kong Khoon	6/6
Musa bin Mahmood	6/6
Raja Noorma binti Raja Othman	6/6
Datuk Manharlal a/l Ratilal	6/6

At the Board meetings, active deliberations of issues by Board members are encouraged and such deliberations, decisions and conclusions are recorded by the Company Secretary accordingly. Any Director who has an interest in the subject matter to be deliberated shall not be present at the Board meeting where the subject matter is being deliberated by the Board.

IV Directors' Profile

YONG YOONG FA

Chairman/Non-Executive Director/Independent Age 65, Male, Malaysian

Mr Yong Yoong Fa is a Chartered Accountant by profession. He is a member of the Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Malaysian Institute of Accountants. He served his articleship at Price Waterhouse, Kuala Lumpur.

Mr Yong has more than 40 years of professional experience in different disciplines of public accounting, general management, chief executive functions and Board's engagements in public listed as well as private companies. His exposure garnered over the years covered diverse industries of manufacturing, trading, property developments, plantations, finance companies, stockbroking and investment banking.

He was in the investment banking and stockbroking industry for more than 20 years and has held senior appointments in companies in Malaysia and Singapore including being the CEO of a merchant bank and stockbroking companies. He was one of the founders of a new stockbroking company in 1993. In funds management, he has served as a business advisor on the Advisory Board of a large private equity fund. He was an ex-Council Member (Treasurer) of the Association of Merchant Banks, Malaysia.

Mr Yong was appointed to the Board of HLIB on 15 July 2015. He is presently the Chairman of the Board, and a member of the BARMC, the NRC, and the Credit and Underwriting Supervisory Committee ("CUSC") of HLIB.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

- A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)
- IV Directors' Profile (continued)

TAN KONG KHOON Executive Director/Non-Independent Age 65, Male, Singaporean

Mr Tan Kong Khoon holds a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from Bishop's University, Canada and is an alumnus of the Harvard Business School Advanced Management Program. He is a Chartered Banker of the Asian Institute of Chartered Bankers.

Mr Tan is the President & CEO of Hong Leong Financial Group Berhad ("HLFG"). He was the GMD/CEO of Hong Leong Bank Berhad ("HLB") from 1 July 2013 to 4 February 2016. Prior to joining HLB, Mr Tan was the Group Executive, Consumer Banking Group of DBS Bank Ltd ("DBS") from 1 December 2010 to 15 April 2013 where he led and managed strategy formulation and execution for consumer banking globally across the DBS Group.

Mr Tan began his banking career with DBS in 1981. Since then, he has successfully built consumer banking franchises across multiple markets in Asia for Citibank, Standard Chartered Bank and ANZ Bank.

From March 2007 to December 2009, Mr Tan was the President and CEO of Bank of Ayudhya, the fifth largest financial group in Thailand listed on the Thailand Stock Exchange. The group businesses included commercial and investment banking, life and non-life insurance, stockbroking, asset management and consumer finance subsidiaries.

Mr Tan was appointed to the Board of HLIB on 1 January 2017. He is presently the Chairman of the CUSC of HLIB.

Mr Tan is the Chairman of Hong Leong Capital Berhad ("HLCB") and a Director of HLFG and HLB, companies listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad; and a Director of Hong Leong Assurance Berhad ("HLA"), a public company. He is also the Chairman of Hong Leong Bank (Cambodia) PLC and Chief Controller on the Board of Controllers of Hong Leong Bank Vietnam Limited.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

- A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)
- IV Directors' Profile (continued)

MUSA BIN MAHMOOD Non-Executive Director/Independent Age 60, Male, Malaysian

Encik Musa bin Mahmood, a Malaysian, holds a Master of Business Administration and Bachelor of Science in Accounting from Indiana State University, United States of America.

Encik Musa has 31 years of working experience mainly in corporate finance and capital market regulation and development. He was attached with SC for 24 years, where he had extensive involvement in formulating, reviewing and administering the SC's regulatory framework, policies and guidelines for the capital market. His last position in SC prior to his retirement in August 2017 was Deputy Director of Corporate Finance & Investments Business Group which he held from 2013 to 2017. Prior to that, he was the General Manager/Head of Corporate Finance from 2011 to 2013.

From 2007 to 2010, he served as the General Manager/Head of Market Development where he led and managed the development of framework and policies for capital markets and products. Prior to that, he served as the Deputy General Manager/Head of Primary Market Regulation and before that as Deputy General Manager/Joint-Head of Securities Issues, where he led and oversaw the development of regulatory framework and administration of policies and guidelines for fund-raising and listings.

Prior to joining SC, Encik Musa was attached with the corporate finance department of an investment bank and was involved in the provision of corporate finance and advisory services in relation to various corporate exercises including valuation of companies, assets and securities, initial public offerings, fund raisings, corporate restructurings, acquisitions, takeovers, mergers, securities underwriting and independent advice.

Encik Musa was appointed to the Board of HLIB on 22 March 2018. He is presently the Chairman of the NRC and a member of the BARMC of HLIB.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

- A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)
- IV Directors' Profile (continued)

RAJA NOORMA BINTI RAJA OTHMAN

Non-Executive Director/Independent Age 63, Female, Malaysian

YM Raja Noorma binti Raja Othman holds a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from Ohio University, United States of America under a twinning programme with MARA Institute of Technology. She attended the Global Leadership Development Program at Harvard Business School in 2008 organised by International Centre for Leadership in Finance (ICLIF) Malaysia. She is a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

YM Raja Noorma has more than 30 years of experience in banking, asset management and the corporate sector. Prior to her retirement in December 2018, she was the Head of London Branch of CIMB Bank Berhad from 2015 to 2018. She was a Director of Group Asset Management ("GAM") in CIMB Investment Bank Berhad ("CIMB IB") from 2007 to 2015 overseeing the entire Asset Management businesses of CIMB Group. During her term as Director of GAM in CIMB IB, she was also the CEO of CIMB-Mapletree Management Sdn Bhd, an adviser to a privately held real estate fund.

Prior to joining CIMB Group, she was the Vice-President of Investment Banking at JP Morgan, a position she held for over 5 years. She was attached to JP Morgan's offices in Hong Kong, Singapore and Malaysia as industry and client coverage banker. She had served Telekom Malaysia Berhad, a public listed corporation for about 10 years where the last post held was as Head of Corporate Finance. While in Telekom Malaysia Berhad, she was a Board member of several of their overseas ventures.

YM Raja Noorma was appointed to the Board of HLIB on 10 May 2019. She is presently a member of the BARMC and the CUSC of HLIB.

YM Raja Noorma is also a Director of HLFG and YTL Corporation Berhad, companies listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. She also sits on the Board of other public corporations, namely as-Salihin Trustee Berhad and Ncell Axiata Limited. She is an Independent Investment Committee Member of Mapletree Australia Commercial Private Trust (MASCOT), a Singapore based private equity real estate fund, a member of the Malaysian Venture Capital and Private Equity Development Council of the SC and a member of the Investment Panel of the Employees Provident Fund.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

- A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)
- IV Directors' Profile (continued)

DATUK MANHARLAL A/L RATILAL

Non-Executive Director/Independent Age 63, Male, Malaysian

YBhg Datuk Manharlal a/l Ratilal holds a Masters in Business Administration from the University of Aston in Birmingham, United Kingdom in 1984 and a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) degree in Accountancy from the City of Birmingham Polytechnic (now known as Birmingham City University, United Kingdom) in 1982. YBhg Datuk Manharlal is a Fellow of the Asian Institute of Chartered Bankers.

YBhg Datuk Manharlal was the Executive Vice President & Group Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") of Petroliam Nasional Berhad (PETRONAS), a member of the Board and Executive Leadership Team of PETRONAS and sat on the Board of several subsidiaries of PETRONAS until his retirement in 2018. Prior to joining PETRONAS in 2003, he was attached with a local merchant bank for 18 years, concentrating in corporate finance where he was involved in advisory work in mergers and acquisitions, and the capital markets.

YBhg Datuk Manharlal was appointed to the Board of HLIB on 23 November 2020. He is presently the Chairman of the BARMC and a member of the NRC of HLIB.

YBhg Datuk Manharlal is also a Director of Genting Berhad and Deleum Berhad, companies listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

V Directors' Training

The Bank recognises the importance of continuous professional development and training for its Directors.

The Bank is guided by a Directors' Training Policy, which covers an Induction Programme and Continuing Professional Development ("CPD") for Directors of the Bank. The Induction Programme is organised for newly appointed Directors to assist them to familiarise and to get acquainted with the Bank's business, governance process, roles and responsibilities as Director of the Bank. The CPD encompasses areas related to the industry or business of the Bank, governance, risk management and regulations through a combination of courses and conferences. A training budget is allocated for Directors' training programmes.

The Bank regularly organises in-house programmes, briefings and updates by its in-house professionals. The Directors are also encouraged to attend seminars and briefings in order to keep themselves abreast with the latest developments in the business environment and to enhance their skills and knowledge. Directors are kept informed of available training programmes on a regular basis.

The Bank has prepared for the use of its Directors, a Director Manual which highlights, amongst others, the major duties and responsibilities of a Director vis-a-vis various laws, regulations and guidelines governing the same.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)

V Directors' Training (continued)

In assessing the training needs of Directors, the Board has determined that appropriate training programmes covering matters on corporate governance, finance, legal, risk management, information technology, cyber security, internal control and/or statutory/regulatory compliance, be recommended and arranged for the Directors to enhance their contributions to the Board.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2022, the Directors received regular briefings and updates on the Bank's businesses, strategies, operations, risk management, compliance, internal controls, corporate governance, finance and any changes to relevant legislation, rules and regulations from in-house professionals. In-house programmes were also organised for the Directors and senior management of the Bank.

The Directors of the Bank have also attended various programmes and forums facilitated by external professionals in accordance with their respective needs in discharging their duties as Directors.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2022, the Directors of the Bank, collectively or on their own, attended various training programmes, seminars, briefings and/or workshops including:

- Axiata Risk & Compliance Conference 2021
- Behavioural Insights Team, Singapore Board & Leadership Talk Series: Behavioural Insights
- BNM Virtual engagement session with CEOs/Chairmen of Financial Institutions & Associations in conjunction with the release of BNM Annual Report 2021, Economic & Monetary Review 2021 and Financial Stability Review
- Deleum Berhad Integrity Experience Sharing Session Tumbuk Rusuk: Break The Silent
- Deloitte Tax Services Sdn Bhd Tax Briefing: Global Minimum Tax
- FIDE Forum Annual Dialogue with the Governor of BNM
- FIDE Forum Dialogue on Climate Risk Management and Scenario Analysis
- FIDE Forum Dialogue on Risk Management in Technology ("RMiT"): Insights 1 year on
- FIDE Forum MyFintech Week Masterclasses
 - Getting it Right: Securing Results from Digital Transformation
 - Web 3.0 and the Future of Finance
 - Deep Drive into DeFi
- HLAH Group KPMG Sustainable Insurance
- HLCB Group Anti-Money Laundering/Countering Financing of Terrorism & Targeted Financial Sanctions – Evolving Challenges & Expectations in Regulatory Compliance
- HLCB Group ESG Briefing by Synergio Global Sdn Bhd
- HLFG Cyber Risk Awareness Training
- HLFG Group Anti-Corruption Empowerment Talk Series by Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission
- HLFG Group Citigroup Briefing on "Rise of Fintech and Future of Banking"
- ICLIF Addressing and responding to growing and more complex threat of cyber security
- Institute of Enterprise Risk Practitioners An Effective Holistic Approach to establishing Effective ESG Culture and Successful Implementation
- ISEAS Yusof Ishak Institute Regional Outlook Forum 2022: Regional Disruptions Amidst Global Recovery
- Joint Committee on Climate Change (JC3) & The Association of Southeast Asia Nations Low Carbon Energy Programme (ASEAN LCEP) – Governance & Reporting Workshop 1: The Power of ESG Data

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

- A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)
- V Directors' Training (continued)
 - Joshua Rayan Communications Briefing on ESG in the Introduction to Sustainability and the Necessity for Good ESG Disclosure, Managing ESG Concerns from an Investment Holding Perspective and the Way Forward for Genting Berhad
 - PwC Trends in Customer Behaviours
 - PwC & Bursa Malaysia Protecting Against the Changing Cybersecurity Landscape: Rising to the Challenge of COVID-19 and Redesigning Cybersecurity
 - SC Audit Oversight Board Conversation with Audit Committees.

VI Board Audit and Risk Management Committee ("BARMC")

The financial reporting and internal control system of the Bank are overseen by the BARMC.

Composition

The BARMC is chaired by an independent director and comprises:

Datuk Manharlal a/l Ratilal	(Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director)
Yong Yoong Fa	(Independent Non-Executive Director)
Musa bin Mahmood	(Independent Non-Executive Director)
Raja Noorma binti Raja Othman	(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Secretary

The secretary(ies) to the BARMC is/are the Company Secretary(ies) of the Bank.

Terms of Reference

External Audit

- (a) To make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, removal and remuneration of the external auditor.
- (b) To review the terms of engagement and the audit plan prior to engaging the external auditor and/or reappointment of the external auditor.
- (c) To monitor and assess the independence of the external auditor, including the approval of non-audit services by the external auditor.
- (d) To review the assistance given by the officers of the Bank to the external auditor.
- (e) To maintain regular, timely, open and honest communication with the external auditor, and requiring the external auditor to report to the BARMC on significant matters.
- (f) To review the report of the external auditor, including any significant matters and to ensure that management has taken the necessary corrective actions in a timely manner to address the external audit findings and recommendations.
- (g) To review third-party opinions on the design and effectiveness of the Bank's internal control framework.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)

VI Board Audit and Risk Management Committee ("BARMC") (continued)

Terms of Reference (continued)

Financial Reporting

- (a) To review the accuracy and adequacy of the chairman's statement (if any) in the directors' report and corporate governance disclosures of the Bank.
- (b) To review the interim financial reports and annual financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries before submission to the Board, focusing particularly on changes in accounting policies and practices; significant adjustments arising from the audit; the going concern assumptions; and compliance with accounting standards and other legal requirements.

Related Party/Connected Party Transactions

- (a) To review and update the Board on any related party transactions that may arise within the Bank.
- (b) To review and recommend for Board's approval, any credit transactions and exposure with connected parties.
- (c) To monitor compliance with the Board's conflict of interest policy.

Internal Audit

- (a) To review and approve the adequacy of the internal audit scope, procedures, plan, and assess the performance and effectiveness of the internal audit function.
- (b) To review the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls and risk management processes.
- (c) To review reports and significant findings by Internal Audit Department, including any findings of internal investigations, and to ensure that management has taken the necessary corrective actions in a timely manner to address control weaknesses, non-compliance with laws, regulatory requirements, policies and other problems identified by the internal audit and other control functions.
- (d) To review reports and findings issued by regulatory authorities, and to check that management has taken the necessary corrective actions in a timely manner to address control weaknesses, non-compliance with laws, regulatory requirements, policies and other problems identified by the regulatory authorities.
- (e) To support the Board in meeting the expectations on Internal Audit management as set out in BNM's "Guidelines on Internal Audit Function of Licensed Institutions".
- (f) To decide on the appointment, remuneration, appraisal, transfer and dismissal of the Head of Internal Audit, and to provide oversight on the adequacy of resources and remuneration of the internal auditors. This includes regular review to determine whether the internal audit function has appropriate standing within the Bank to undertake its activities independently and objectively.
- (g) To engage privately with the Head of Internal Audit on a regular basis (and in any case at least twice annually) to provide the opportunity for the Head of Internal Audit to discuss issues faced by the internal audit function.
- (h) To review the Audit Charter and recommend for Board's approval.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)

VI Board Audit and Risk Management Committee ("BARMC") (continued)

Terms of Reference (continued)

Internal Audit (continued)

- (i) To review any significant disagreement between the Head of Internal Audit and any member(s) of the Senior Management team where such disagreement may have adverse impact on the audit process or findings, and to recommend resolutions of such disagreement if they remain unresolved within a reasonable period of time.
- (j) To establish an appropriate mechanism to address and manage situations where there is a threat to the objectivity of internal audit.
- (k) To satisfy itself that the internal audit function is effective by establishing a mechanism to assess its performance and effectiveness.
- (1) To ensure that the terms and scope of the engagement, the working arrangements with the internal auditors and reporting requirements are clearly established when engaging external experts, where the internal audit function lacks the expertise needed to perform the audit of specialised areas.
- (m) Other audit functions as may be agreed to by the BARMC and the Board.

Risk Management

- (a) To review Senior Management's activities in managing principal risks such as (but are not limited to) capital adequacy, credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk, operational risk, IT risk and environmental, social and governance risk.
- (b) To review Senior Management's reporting to the Board on measures taken to:
 - (i) Identify and examine principal risks faced by the Bank.
 - (ii) Implement appropriate systems and internal controls to manage these risks.
- (c) To review the major risk management strategies, policies and risk tolerance for Board's approval.
- (d) To review the overall framework on Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process ("ICAAP"), annual risk appetite and Capital Management Plan.
- (e) To review the development and effective implementation of the ICAAP.
- (f) To review the stress testing governance including the evaluation on the capital stress test scenarios, parameters, key assumptions and results.
- (g) To review the periodic reports on risk appetite, risk exposure, risk portfolio composition, stress testing and risk management activities.
- (h) To review the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal controls and risk management process.
- (i) To review the adequacy of risk management policies and frameworks in identifying, measuring, monitoring and controlling risk and the extent to which these are operating effectively.
- (j) To review risk management function's infrastructure, resources and systems and to ensure that the staff responsible for implementing risk management systems perform those duties independently of the Bank's risk taking activities.
- (k) To receive and review reports from pertinent management committees.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

- A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)
- VI Board Audit and Risk Management Committee ("BARMC") (continued)

Terms of Reference (continued)

Risk Management (continued)

- To review Senior Management's implementation of risk management as set out in BNM policy document on Risk Governance, Approach to Regulating and Supervising Financial Groups, and Corporate Governance.
- (m) To review and advise on the appointment, remuneration, removal and redeployment of the Chief Risk Officer ("CRO").
- (n) To engage privately with the CRO on a regular basis (and in any case at least twice annually) to provide the opportunity for the CRO to discuss issues faced by the risk management function.
- (o) To review Senior Management's implementation of the remuneration system on whether incentives provided by the remuneration system take into consideration risks, capital, liquidity and the likelihood and timing of earnings, without prejudice to the tasks of the Board Remuneration Committee.
- (p) Other risk management functions as may be agreed to by the BARMC and the Board.

Compliance

- (a) To assist the Board in the oversight of the management of compliance risk by:
 - (i) reviewing compliance policies and overseeing Senior Management's implementation of the same;
 - (ii) reviewing the establishment of the compliance function and the position of the Chief Compliance Officer ("CCO") to ensure the compliance function and CCO are provided with appropriate standing, authority and independence;
 - (iii) discussing and deliberating compliance issues regularly and oversee that such issues are resolved effectively and expeditiously;
 - (iv) reviewing annually the effectiveness of the Bank's overall management of compliance risk, having regard to the assessments of Senior Management and internal audit, as well as interactions with the CCO;
 - (v) updating the Board on all significant compliance matters, including providing its views on (i) to (iv) above.
- (b) In relation to the role of the CCO, support the Board in meeting the expectations on compliance management as set out in BNM policy document on Compliance by:
 - (i) reviewing and advising on the appointment, remuneration and termination of the CCO;
 - (ii) ensuring that CCO has sufficient stature to allow for effective engagement with the CEO and other members of Senior Management;
 - (iii) engaging privately with the CCO on a regular basis (and in any case at least twice annually) to provide the opportunity for the CCO to discuss issues faced by the compliance function;
 - (iv) ensuring that the CCO is supported with sufficient resources, including competent officers, to perform his duties effectively;
 - (v) where CCO also carries out responsibilities in respect of other control functions, the BARMC shall be satisfied that a sound overall control environment will not be compromised by the combination of responsibilities performed by the CCO.
- (c) Other compliance functions as may be agreed to by the BARMC and the Board.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)

VI Board Audit and Risk Management Committee ("BARMC") (continued)

Whistleblowing

- (a) In relation to the Bank's Whistleblowing Policy and Procedures,
 - (i) oversee the implementation and effectiveness of the Bank's Whistleblowing Policy and Procedures; and
 - (ii) exercise its powers and carry out its responsibilities as set out under the Bank's Whistleblowing Policy and Procedures.

Authority

The BARMC is authorised by the Board to review any activity of the Bank within its terms of reference. It is authorised to seek any information it requires from any Director or member of Senior Management and all employees are directed to co-operate with any request made by the BARMC.

The BARMC is authorised by the Board to obtain independent legal or other professional advice as it considers necessary.

Meetings

The BARMC meets at least four (4) times a year and additional meetings may be called at any time as and when necessary. All meetings to review the quarterly reports and annual financial statements are held prior to such quarterly reports and annual financial statements being presented to the Board for approval.

The GMD/CEO, CRO, CCO, Head of Internal Audit, Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), other Senior Management, employees and external auditor may be invited to attend the BARMC meetings, whenever required.

At least twice a year, the BARMC will have separate sessions with the external auditor without the presence of Executive Directors and Senior Management.

Issues raised, discussions, deliberations, decisions and conclusions made at the BARMC meetings are recorded in the minutes of the BARMC meetings. A BARMC member who has, directly or indirectly, an interest in a material transaction or material arrangement shall not be present at the BARMC meeting where the material transaction or material arrangement is being deliberated by the BARMC.

Two (2) members of the BARMC, who shall be independent, shall constitute a quorum and the majority of members present must be independent directors.

After each BARMC meeting, the BARMC shall report and update the Board on significant issues and concerns discussed during the BARMC meetings and where appropriate, make the necessary recommendations to the Board.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)

VI Board Audit and Risk Management Committee ("BARMC") (continued)

Activities

The BARMC carried out its duties in accordance with its terms of reference.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2022, nine (9) BARMC meetings were held and the attendance of the Members was as follows:

Member	Attendance
Datuk Manharlal a/l Ratilal	9/9
Yong Yoong Fa	9/9
Musa bin Mahmood	9/9
Raja Noorma binti Raja Othman	9/9

The BARMC reviewed the quarterly reports and annual financial statements of the Bank. The BARMC met with the external auditors and discussed the nature and scope of the audit, considered significant changes in accounting and auditing issues, reviewed the management letter and management's response, examined pertinent issues which had significant impact on the results of the Bank and discussed applicable accounting and auditing standards. The BARMC also reviewed the internal auditors' audit findings and recommendations as well as BNM's Examination Reports on the Bank.

In addition, the BARMC reviewed the adequacy and integrity of internal control systems, including risk management and relevant management information system. It also reviewed the process put in place to identify, evaluate and manage the significant risks encountered by the Bank.

The BARMC reviewed various related party transactions carried out by the Bank.

` VII Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC")

Composition

The NRC is chaired by an independent director and comprises:

Musa bin Mahmood	(Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director)
Yong Yoong Fa	(Independent Non-Executive Director)
Datuk Manharlal a/l Ratilal	(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Secretary(ies)

The Secretaries of the Bank or such other person as nominated by the Board will be the Secretary(ies) of the NRC.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

- A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)
- VII Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") (continued)

Responsibilities

The nomination responsibilities of NRC are as follows:

- (a) Support the Board in carrying out its functions in the following matters concerning the Board, senior management and company secretary(ies):
 - (i) appointments and removals;
 - (ii) composition;
 - (iii) performance evaluation and development; and
 - (iv) fit and proper assessments.
- (b) Recommend to the Board the minimum criteria and skill sets for appointments to the Board, Board Committees and for the position of CEO.
- (c) Review and recommend to the Board all Board and Board Committees appointments, re-appointments and removals including of the CEO.
- (d) Review annually the overall composition of the Board in terms of the appropriate size and skills, and the balance between executive directors, non-executive directors and independent directors, and mix of skills and other core competencies required.
- (e) Assess annually the performance and effectiveness of the Board, Board Committees and each individual director.
- (f) Oversee the appointment, management of succession planning and performance evaluation of key senior management officers and recommend their removal if they are found ineffective, errant and negligent in discharging their responsibilities.
- (g) Ensure that the Board receives an appropriate continuous training programme.

The remuneration responsibilities of NRC are as follows:

- (a) Recommend to the Board the framework and policies governing the remuneration of the:
 - Directors;
 - CEO;
 - · Senior management officers; and
 - Other material risk takers.
- (b) Review and recommend to the Board for approval the specific remuneration packages of executive directors and the CEO.
- (c) Review and recommend to the Board for approval the remuneration of senior management officers and other material risk takers.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)

VII Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") (continued)

During the financial year ended 30 June 2022, four (4) NRC meetings were held and the attendance of the members was as follows:

Member	Attendance
Musa bin Mahmood	4/4
Yong Yoong Fa	4/4
Datuk Manharlal a/l Ratilal	4/4

The NRC reviewed the membership of the Board, the professional qualifications and experience of the directors and was satisfied that the Board composition in terms of size, the balance between executive, non-executive and independent directors and mix of skills was adequate. The NRC also reviewed the performance of the Board against its terms of reference and was satisfied that the Board was competent and effective in discharging its functions.

The Group's remuneration scheme for executive directors is linked to performance, service seniority, experience and scope of responsibility and is periodically benchmarked to market/industry surveys conducted by human resource consultants. Performance is measured against profits and targets set in the Group's annual plan and budget.

The level of remuneration of non-executive directors reflects the level of responsibilities undertaken by them.

The fees of Directors are recommended and endorsed by the Board for approval by the shareholder of the Bank at its AGM.

Remuneration Policy

The remuneration framework of HLIB is supported by a rigorous and robust performance management process that promotes pay-for-performance and incorporates risk and compliance management as part of the key performance indicators for remuneration decisions. This is to ensure excessive risk-taking behaviour of staff is minimised and sufficient control mechanisms are in place.

The remuneration policy has been reviewed by the NRC and approved by the Board for implementation across all levels of staff in HLIB including Senior Officers and Other Material Risk Takers who are defined in the BNM Policy Document on Fit and Proper Criteria and BNM CG Policy respectively.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)

VII Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") (continued)

Remuneration Policy (continued)

HLIB's remuneration framework is guided by three (3) key principles:

(i) Principle 1 - Oversight by NRC & Board

The NRC ensures that the remuneration system promotes prudent risk taking behaviour and long-term sustainability, and is guided by input from the BARMC to ensure that risk exposure and risk outcomes are adequately considered.

(ii) Principle 2 - Prudent Risk Taking

Remuneration for employees within HLIB must be aligned with prudent risk-taking. As such, remuneration is adjusted to account for all types of risk and must be determined by both quantitative measures and qualitative judgement.

(iii) Principle 3 - Governance Process for Bonus, Increment and Promotion ("BIP")

HLIB has established the BIP process that includes strict adherence to regulatory requirements and active oversight by the Board where the remuneration of Senior Officers and Other Material Risk Takers are presented to the NRC for deliberation and approved by the Board annually.

The remuneration framework provides a balanced approach between fixed and variable components. Fixed pay refers to base salary and other fixed allowances that are determined based on competency level, skills, experience, performance and market competitive levels; while variable pay refers to cash bonus and incentive that are determined based on overall HLIB's performance, line of business and individual performance which are measured against Key Result Areas ("KRAs") agreed at the beginning of each financial year.

HLIB adopts a rigorous and robust process for setting key performance indicators that incorporates compliance management as part of the KRAs for all departments. Remuneration of each individual is then formulated based on HLIB's performance, the department's performance and individual contribution. In addition, the performance and remuneration of control functions will be measured and assessed principally based on achievement of their control objectives.

To align payout to time horizon of risk and avoid excessive risk taking behavior of staff, variable remuneration payout is subject to deferral, clawback and malus. Deferred awards are also designed to retain key employees and drive HLIB's long-term performance and sustainability. Clawback and malus will be triggered when there is reasonable evidence that the staff has materially been responsible/contributed to any misconduct, misstatement, material risks exposure, fraud, and regulatory or internal policy breaches.

The remuneration of GMD/CEO, Senior Management and other Material Risk Takers for financial year ended 30 June 2022 is shown in the table below:

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)

VII Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") (continued)

Remuneration Policy (continued)

Total value of remuneration awards for FYE 2022	GMD/CEO (Headcount: 1)		Senior Management and other Material Risk Takers (Headcount: 26)	
10FF1E2022	Unrestricted (RM)	Deferred (RM)	Unrestricted (RM)	Deferred (RM)
Fixed Remuneration				
Cash-based	1,698,000	-	9,800,370	-
Shares and share-linked instruments	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Variable Remuneration				
Cash-based	3,536,331	884,082	6,706,826	1,057,041
Shares and share-linked instruments	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-

VIII Directors' Remuneration

Details of Directors' remuneration are set out in Note 35 to the financial statements.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)

IX Group Board Information and Technology Committee ("GBITC")

Constitution

The GBITC was established at HLFG, the penultimate holding company of the Bank, on 29 July 2020 to support the Boards of HLFG, HLIB, HLA and Hong Leong MSIG Takaful Berhad ("HLMT") (collectively "Companies", and each "Company"), in discharging the following responsibilities:

- 1. Oversee technology and cyber security related matters.
- 2. Ensure that risks assessments undertaken in relation to material technology applications are robust and comprehensive.
- 3. Ensure that management meets the expectations on technology and cyber security risk management as set out in BNM's policy document on RMiT.
- 4. Facilitate discussions amongst entities to rationalise practices and policies, and to seek consistent practices across entities.

Composition

The composition of the GBITC comprises representatives from the Companies as follows:

Chong Chye Neo	(Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director of HLFG, representing HLFG)
Raja Noorma binti Raja Othman	(Independent Non-Executive Director of HLIB, representing HLIB)
Dato' Ng Wan Peng	(Independent Non-Executive Director of HLA,
(Appointed on 30 June 2022)	representing HLA)
Dato' Nicholas John Lough @ Sharif Lough bin Abdullah (Appointed on 30 June 2022)	(Independent Non-Executive Director of HLMT, representing HLMT)
Shalet Marian	(Independent Non-Executive Director of HLA,
(Resigned on 30 June 2022)	representing HLA)
Zulkiflee bin Hashim	(Independent Non-Executive Director of HLMT,
(Resigned on 30 June 2022)	representing HLMT)

Secretary

The Secretary(ies) to the GBITC is the Company Secretary(ies) of HLFG.

Terms of Reference

- (a) To review management's strategies relating to technology and cyber security and their alignment to the Companies' overall strategy, objectives and risk appetite.
- (b) To ensure that the Companies' technology risk appetite is aligned to Companies' overall risk appetite statement.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)

IX Group Board Information and Technology Committee ("GBITC") (continued)

Terms of Reference (continued)

- (c) To review the adequacy of management's information technology ("IT") and cyber security strategic plans over a three year period and periodically review these plans at least once every year.
- (d) To oversee management's implementation of sound and robust technology-related frameworks, encompassing technology risk management and cyber resilience.
- (e) To ensure that the Companies' technology-related frameworks encompassing technology risk management and cyber resilience, remains relevant on an ongoing basis.
- (f) To review the Companies' technology-related frameworks encompassing technology risk management and cyber resilience at least once every three years, for the affirmation of the Boards of the Companies ("Boards").
- (g) To review management's reporting to the Boards on measures taken to:
 - Identify and examine technology risk (including cyber risk) faced by the Companies;
 - Ensure strategies are in place to safeguard the Companies against current and emerging technology and/or cyber risks;
 - Assess effectiveness of controls put in place to manage these risks; and
 - Conduct appropriate and timely closure of IT audit findings.
- (h) To review and ensure that management provides sufficient detailed information on key technology risk and critical technology operations to facilitate strategic decision-making. This includes reporting enterprise key risk indicators on the IT and cyber health posture.
- (i) To review and report to the Boards on emerging global technology trends and their potential application within the Companies, to either enhance the business operations, safeguard existing businesses or improve overall technology security.
- (j) To review post implementation reports of key technology projects to ensure that results are aligned to the risk posture stipulated in the initial project request.
- (k) To review and report to the Boards on the strategic benchmarking of technology performance against external peer groups from time to time.
- (1) To review the effectiveness of disaster recovery plans and disaster recovery testing to ensure high system resilience of technology systems, datacentres etc.
- (m) To review and ensure adequacy of cyber security investments and that its associated roadmap for implementation is acceptable.
- (n) Other technology and cyber security related matters as may be agreed by the Boards.

Authority

The GBITC is authorised by the Boards to review any technology-related activities of the Companies within its terms of reference. It is authorised to seek any technology-related information it requires from any Director or member of management and all employees are directed to co-operate with any request made by the GBITC.

The GBITC is authorised by the Boards to obtain independent legal or other professional advice if it considers it necessary to perform the duties delegated by the Boards to the GBITC.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)

IX Group Board Information and Technology Committee ("GBITC") (continued)

Meetings

The GBITC meets at least four (4) times a year and additional meetings may be called at any time as and when necessary.

The President and CEO, GMD/CEO, CFO, CRO, Chief Internal Auditor, CCO, Chief Information Security Officer, Head of Group Operations and Technology, Chief IT Officer, other senior management and external auditors of HLFG and its subsidiaries may be invited to attend the GBITC meetings, whenever required.

Issues raised, as well as discussions, deliberations, decisions and conclusions made at the GBITC meetings are recorded in the minutes of the GBITC meetings. A GBITC member who has, directly or indirectly, an interest in a material transaction or material arrangement shall not be present at the GBITC meeting where the material transaction or material arrangement is being deliberated by the GBITC.

Two (2) members of the GBITC shall constitute a quorum.

After each GBITC meeting, the GBITC shall report and update the Boards on significant technology-related issues and concerns discussed during the GBITC meetings and where appropriate, make the necessary recommendations to the Boards for its deliberation and approval.

The minutes of each GBITC meeting shall be tabled to the Board of each Company.

Activities

During the financial year ended 30 June 2022, seven (7) GBITC meetings were held and the attendance of the members were as follows:

Member	Attendance
Chong Chye Neo	7/7
Raja Noorma binti Raja Othman	7/7
Shalet Marian (Resigned on 30 June 2022)	7/7
Zulkiflee bin Hashim (Resigned on 30 June 2022)	7/7
Dato' Ng Wan Peng (Appointed on 30 June 2022)	-
Dato' Nicholas John Lough @ Sharif Lough bin Abdullah	
(Appointed on 30 June 2022)	-

Dato' Ng Wan Peng and Dato' Nicholas John Lough @ Sharif Lough bin Abdullah were appointed as GBITC members of HLFG with effect from 30 June 2022. There was no GBITC meeting held for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 since their appointment.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

A Board of Directors ("Board") (continued)

IX Group Board Information and Technology Committee ("GBITC") (continued)

Activities (continued)

The GBITC is a platform for the sharing of knowledge and experience on technology related matters with subject matter experts from the various group entities. In discharging its duties in accordance with its terms of reference, the GBITC carried out the following activities during the financial year ended 30 June 2022:

- Reviewed the IT strategy and monitored the progress against management plan.
- Reviewed the cyber security posture and key security initiatives.
- Reviewed the production incidents and trending.
- Reviewed the state of compliance and progress updates on action items in relation to the BNM RMiT Policy.
- Reviewed and assessed IT-related policies/guidelines.
- Reviewed the risk assessment on IT outsourcing arrangements of the Companies.
- Reviewed the Business Continuity Management of the Companies, including critical system downtime and disaster recovery plans.
- Reviewed the Companies' adoption of emerging technologies, including the adoption status and corresponding capabilities.
- Deliberated on the on-going development in digital trends in the financial services industry, and exchange thoughts on the digital strategy of the Companies.
- Reviewed the Companies' new major applications, systems and projects.
- Reviewed the Companies' risk appetite statement and results of compromise assessment on IT infrastructure.

B Independence

The Bank has in place a policy in relation to the tenure for Independent Directors of the Bank ("Tenure Policy") under the Fit and Proper Policy of the Bank. Pursuant to the Tenure Policy, the tenure of an Independent Director shall not exceed a cumulative term of 9 years from the date of his or her first appointment in the Bank. Upon completion of the 9 years, an Independent Director shall retire on the expiry date of his or her term of office approved by BNM.

C Commitment

The Directors are aware of their responsibilities and devote sufficient time to carry out such responsibilities. Board meetings are scheduled a year ahead in order to enable full attendance at Board meetings. Additional meetings may be convened on an ad-hoc basis as and when necessary. When appropriate, discussion are also taken by way of Directors' Circular Resolutions. Directors are required to attend at least 75% of Board meetings held in each financial year pursuant to the BNM CG Policy.

All Board members are supplied with information in a timely manner. The Bank has moved towards electronic Board reports since 2015. Board reports are circulated electronically prior to Board and Board Committee meetings and the reports provide, amongst others, financial and corporate information, significant operational, financial and corporate issues, updates on the performance of the Bank and management's proposals which require the approval of the Board.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

C Commitment (continued)

All Directors have access to the advice and services of a qualified and competent Company Secretary to facilitate the discharge of their duties effectively. The Company Secretary is qualified to act under Section 235 of the Companies Act 2016. The Company Secretary supports the effective functioning of the Board, provides advice and guidance to the Board on policies and procedures, relevant rules, regulations and laws in relation to corporate secretarial and governance functions and facilitate effective information flow amongst the Board, Board Committees and Senior Management. All Directors also have access to the advice and services of the internal auditors and in addition, to independent professional advice, where necessary, at the Bank's expense, in consultation with the Chairman or the GMD/CEO of the Bank.

A Director who has, directly or indirectly, an interest in a material transaction or material arrangement shall not be present at the Board meeting where the material transaction or material arrangement is being deliberated by the Board.

D Accountability and Audit

The BARMC is supported by the Internal Audit Department whose principal responsibility is to conduct periodic audits on the internal control matters to ensure compliance with systems and/or standard operating procedures of the Bank. Investigation will be made at the request of the Board and senior management on specific areas of concern when necessary. Significant breaches and deficiencies identified are discussed at the Board meetings where appropriate actions will be taken.

I Financial Reporting

The Board is responsible for ensuring the proper maintenance of accounting records of the Bank. The Board receives the recommendation to adopt the financial statements from the BARMC which assesses the financial statements with the assistance of the external auditors.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Corporate Governance (continued)

D Accountability and Audit (continued)

II Internal Control

The Board has overall responsibility for maintaining a system of internal controls which covers financial and operational controls and risk management. This system provides reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatements, losses and fraud.

III Relationship with Auditors

The appointment of external auditor is recommended by the BARMC to the Board, which determines the remuneration of the external auditor. During the financial year under review, the external auditor met with the BARMC to:

- present the scope of the audit before the commencement of audit; and
- review the results of the audit as well as the management letter after the conclusion of the audit.

The external auditor met with the BARMC Members twice a year without the presence of management.

E Risk Management

I Overview

The risk management functions of the Bank are undertaken by the Risk Management Department, which reports to the BARMC of the Bank.

The Board oversees the implementation of the risk management framework of the Bank. In discharging this responsibility, the Board ensures that the Bank has in place their respective risk management policies, methodologies and control limits for management of key areas of risks i.e. credit, market, liquidity and operational risks. The Board provides oversight on the proper functioning of risk management framework of the Bank by undertaking periodic review of their risk management processes to the extent permissible under the regulatory framework of the Bank and is also given assurance at these reviews on the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal controls. In discharging this oversight role, the Board is assisted by the Risk Management Department, Internal Audit Department, the Bank's Compliance Officer and the Head of Finance.

The controls built into the risk management framework are not expected to eliminate all risks of failure to achieve business objectives but to provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement of management and financial information or against financial losses and fraud. Refer to Note 44 for further details.

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Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Statutory information regarding the Group and the Bank

(a) As at the end of the financial year

Before the financial statements of the Group and the Bank were prepared, the Directors took reasonable steps:

- to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for doubtful debts and had satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate allowance had been made for doubtful debts; and
- to ensure that any current assets, other than debts, which were unlikely to be realised at their book values in the ordinary course of business had been written down to their estimated realisable values.

(b) From the end of the financial year to the date of this report

- (i) The Directors are not aware of any circumstances:
- which would render the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the allowance for doubtful debts inadequate to any material extent;
- which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements misleading; and
- which had arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and the Bank misleading or inappropriate.
- (ii) In the opinion of the Directors:
- the results of the operations of the Group and the Bank for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 are not likely to be substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature which had arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report; and
- no contingent or other liability has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable, within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group and the Bank to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

(c) As at the date of this report

- (i) There are no charges on the assets of the Group and the Bank which had arisen since the end of the financial year to secure the liabilities of any other person.
- (ii) There are no contingent liabilities which had arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (iii) The Directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in the report or financial statements which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Directors' report for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Holding and ultimate holding companies

The immediate holding and ultimate holding companies are Hong Leong Capital Berhad ("HLCB") and Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad respectively, both incorporated in Malaysia. HLCB is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Subsidiaries

Details of subsidiaries are set out in Note 14 to the financial statements.

Auditors' remuneration

Auditors' remuneration of the Group and the Company are RM301,000 and RM294,000 respectively.

Details of auditors' remuneration are set out in Note 32 to the financial statements.

Auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT (LLP0014401-LCA & AF1146), have expressed their willingness to accept re-appointment as auditors.

This report was approved by the Board of Directors on 20 September 2022.

yyy

Yong Yoong Fa Director

Kuala Lumpur 20 September 2022

Tan Kong Khoon Director

Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Statements of Financial Position as at 30 June 2022

	6.2022 (M'000	30.06.2021
Note RM'000 R M'000 R	M'000	
		RM'000
Assets		
Cash and short-term funds 4 251,447 118,351 25	51,259	116,519
Clients' and brokers' balances 5 103,077 199,794 10	3,077	199,794
Deposits and placements with banks		
and other financial institutions 6 100,021 31,139 10	0,021	31,139
Financial assets at fair value through		
profit or loss ("FVTPL") 7 26,496 523,419 2	26,297	523,223
Financial investments at fair value through		
other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") 8 1,256,640 1,350,820 1,25	6,640	1,350,820
Financial investments at amortised cost 9 1,250,442 1,059,286 1,25	50,442	1,059,286
Loans and advances 10 393,720 335,759 39	3,720	335,759
Other assets 11 32,173 46,136 3	32,145	46,135
Derivative financial assets 24 38,393 34,494 3	8,393	34,494
Deferred tax assets 13 110,559 121,199 11	0,559	121,199
Investment in subsidiary companies 14 -	200	200
Property and equipment 16 7,623 8,418	7,623	8,418
Right-of-use ("ROU") assets 17 14,589 16,121 1	4,589	16,121
Other intangible assets 18 4,652 2,759	4,652	2,759
Goodwill 19 28,986 28,986 2	8,986	28,986
Total assets 3,618,818 3,876,681 3,61	8,603	3,874,852
Liabilities		
	6,502	176,640
	59,636	701,538
Deposits and placements of banks	- ,	
	7,235	2,049,422
	3,901	15,193
	1,244	131,972
	26,705	41,056
Provision for tax - 9	-	-
	0,193	100,192
	35,416	3,216,013
		<u> </u>
Equity		
Share capital 26 252,950 <	52,950	252,950
Reserves 28 280,527 406,067 28	30,237	405,889
Total equity 533,477 659,017 53	3,187	658,839
Total equity and liabilities 3,618,818 3,876,681 3,61	.8,603	3,874,852
Commitments and contingencies 40 5,967,639 5,993,970 5,967	57,639	5,993,970

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Income Statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

		The Group		The Bank		
		30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Teterret in come	20.5	100 150	102 412	100 005	102 220	
Interest income	29a	108,150	102,413	108,085	102,329	
Interest income for financial assets	201	22 000	27 122	22 000	27.422	
at FVTPL	29b	23,989	37,423	23,989	37,423	
Interest expense	30	(82,954)	(90,647)	(82,954)	(90,647)	
Net interest income		49,185	49,189	49,120	49,105	
Non-interest income	31	114,344	197,906	114,150	197,704	
	_	163,529	247,095	163,270	246,809	
Overhead expenses	32	(91,931)	(107,045)	(91,784)	(106,883)	
Operating profit before allowances	_	71,598	140,050	71,486	139,926	
Write-back of allowance for impairment		,		,		
losses on loans and advances	33	174	3,026	174	3,026	
Write-back of allowance for impairment			-,		-,	
losses on financial investments and						
other financial assets	34	479	296	479	296	
	- 34					
Profit before taxation	24	72,251	143,372	72,139	143,248	
Taxation	36	(17,885)	33,352	(17,885)	33,373	
Net profit for the financial year	_	54,366	176,724	54,254	176,621	
Earnings per share (sen)						
- Basic	37	33.0	107.1	32.9	107.0	
- Diluted	37	33.0	107.1	32.9	107.0	
	-					

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Statements of Comprehensive Income for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

		The Gr	oup	The Bank		
		30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Net profit for the financial year		54,366	176,724	54,254	176,621	
Other comprehensive (expense)/income:						
Items that will be reclassified						
subsequently to income statements:						
Debt instruments at FVOCI						
- Net fair value changes		(30,187)	(7,917)	(30,187)	(7,917)	
- Net changes in expected credit losses		(214)	31	(214)	31	
Income tax relating to net fair value						
changes on financial investments						
at FVOCI	13	7,245	1,901	7,245	1,901	
Other comprehensive expense						
for the financial year, net of tax		(23,156)	(5,985)	(23,156)	(5,985)	
Total comprehensive income for the	_					
financial year, net of tax	_	31,210	170,739	31,098	170,636	

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Statements of changes in equity for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

		Attributable to owner of the parent				
The Group	Note	Share capital RM'000	Regulatory reserve RM'000	Fair value reserve RM'000	Retained profits RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 July 2021		252,950	13,149	3,364	389,554	659,017
Net profit for the financial year Other comprehensive expense, net of tax			-	(23,156)	54,366 -	54,366 (23,156)
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the financial year		-	-	(23,156)	54,366	31,210
Transfer from regulatory reserve	28		(1,001)	-	1,001	-
Dividend paid	39	-	-	-	(156,750)	(156,750)
At 30 June 2022		252,950	12,148	(19,792)	288,171	533,477

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Statements of changes in equity for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

		Attributable to owner of the parent					
The Group	Note	Share capital RM'000	Regulatory reserve RM'000	Fair value reserve RM'000	Retained profits RM'000	Total RM'000	
At 1 July 2020		252,950	12,076	9,349	279,903	554,278	
Net profit for the financial year Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income for the financial year		- -	- -	- (5,985) (5,985)	176,724 - 176,724	176,724 (5,985) 170,739	
Transfer to regulatory reserve	28	-	1,073	-	(1,073)	-	
Dividend paid	39	-	-	-	(66,000)	(66,000)	
At 30 June 2021		252,950	13,149	3,364	389,554	659,017	

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Statements of changes in equity for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

		Ν	on-distributable	Ι	Distributable	
The Bank	Note	Share capital RM'000	Regulatory reserve RM'000	Fair value reserve RM'000	Retained profits RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 July 2021		252,950	13,149	3,364	389,376	658,839
Net profit for the financial year Other comprehensive expense, net of tax		-	-	(23,156)	54,254	54,254 (23,156)
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the financial year		-	-	(23,156)	54,254	31,098
Transfer from regulatory reserve	28	-	(1,001)	-	1,001	-
Dividend paid	39	-	-	-	(156,750)	(156,750)
At 30 June 2022		252,950	12,148	(19,792)	287,881	533,187

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Statements of changes in equity for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

		Ν	on-distributable	Ι	Distributable	
The Bank	Note	Share capital RM'000	Regulatory reserve RM'000	Fair value reserve RM'000	Retained profits RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 July 2020		252,950	12,076	9,349	279,828	554,203
Net profit for the financial year Other comprehensive income, net of tax Total comprehensive income for the financial year			- - -	- (5,985) (5,985)	176,621 - 176,621	176,621 (5,985) 170,636
Transfer to regulatory reserve	28	-	1,073	-	(1,073)	-
Dividend paid	39	-	-	-	(66,000)	(66,000)
At 30 June 2021		252,950	13,149	3,364	389,376	658,839

Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Statements of cash flows for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

	The Group		The Bank	
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cash flows from operating activities	50 051	1 42 272	50 100	1 40 0 40
Profit before taxation	72,251	143,372	72,139	143,248
Adjustments for:	2 412	2 002	2 412	2.002
Depreciation of property and equipment	3,413	3,003	3,413	3,003
Depreciation of ROU assets	3,411	3,409	3,411	3,409
Amortisation of intangible assets	1,615	1,202	1,615	1,202
Gain on disposal of property and equipment	(35)	-	(35)	-
Property and equipment written off	-	22	-	22
Write-back of allowance for impairment losses on loans and advances	(174)	(3,026)	(174)	(3,026)
Write-back of allowance for impairment losses on		,		
financial investments and other financial assets	(388)	(296)	(388)	(296)
Net unrealised loss on revaluation of financial				
assets at FVTPL	691	4,435	693	4,436
Net unrealised gain on revaluation of derivative financial instruments	(14,023)	(19,532)	(14,023)	(19,532)
Net unrealised loss on fair value changes arising from	(1,,,,,)	(1),552)	(1,020)	(1),552)
fair value hedges	2,166	2,068	2,166	2,068
Interest income:				
- Financial assets at FVTPL	(23,989)	(37,423)	(23,989)	(37,423)
- Financial investments at FVOCI	(40,653)	(35,464)	(40,653)	(35,464)
- Financial investments at amortised cost	(33,625)	(31,157)	(33,625)	(31,157)
Interest expense:				
- Derivative financial instruments	28,578	41,500	28,578	41,500
- Subordinated obligations	4,231	4,232	4,231	4,232
- Lease liabilities	681	808	681	808
Dividend income from:				
- Financial assets at FVTPL	(1,237)	(884)	(1,235)	(882)
	(69,338)	(67,103)	(69,334)	(67,100)
Operating profit before working capital changes	2,913	76,269	2,805	76,148
Decrease/(Increase) in operating assets				
Clients' and brokers' balances	96,907	37,052	96,907	37,052
Securities purchased under resale agreements	-	50,172	-	50,172
Financial assets at FVTPL	494,443	122,601	494,444	122,708
Loans and advances	(57,787)	(16,710)	(57,787)	(16,710)
Other assets	13,949	(8,983)	13,962	(8,989)
Derivative financial assets	7	(1)	7	(1)

Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Statements of cash flows for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

		The Group		The Bank	
		30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
(Decrease)/Increase in operating liabilities					
Clients' and brokers' balances		(100,138)	(41,617)	(100,138)	(41,617)
Deposits from customers		58,098	(36,209)	58,098	(36,209)
Deposits and placements of banks and					
other financial institutions		(142,187)	(23,789)	(142,187)	(23,789)
Other liabilities		67,484	17,273	69,202	17,034
Cash generated from operating activities		433,689	176,058	435,313	175,799
Income tax paid		(22)	(19)		-
Net cash generated from operating activities		433,667	176,039	435,313	175,799
Cash flows from investing activities			(101 202)	45 40 4	(101.202)
Net disposal/(purchases) of financial investments at FVOCI		45,404	(101,302)	45,404	(101,302)
Net purchases of financial investments at amortised cost		(196,252)	(194,207)	(196,252)	(194,207)
Interest received from financial assets at FVTPL, financial					
investments at FVOCI, financial investments at amortised cost and derivatives		110 211	114 229	110 211	114 229
		119,311	114,238	119,311	114,238
Interest expense paid for derivative financial instruments Dividends from financial assets at FVTPL and		(30,536)	(40,961)	(30,536)	(40,961)
		1 227	884	1,235	882
subsidiary companies		1,237 35	004	1,235	002
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		(3,508)	- (1.567)	(3,508)	(1,567)
Purchase of intangible assets Purchase of property and equipment		(3,508) (2,618)	(1,567)	(3,508) (2,618)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(66,927)	(2,176) (225,091)	(66,929)	(2,176) (225,093)
Net cash used in investing activities		(00,727)	(223,091)	(00,727)	(223,093)
Cash flows from financing activities					
Interest paid on subordinated obligations		(4,230)	(4,218)	(4,230)	(4,218)
Dividend paid		(156,750)	(66,000)	(156,750)	(66,000)
Lease payments		(3,782)	(3,843)	(3,782)	(3,843)
Net cash used in financing activities		(164,762)	(74,061)	(164,762)	(74,061)
0			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		201,978	(123,113)	203,622	(123,355)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of					
financial year		149,490	272,603	147,658	271,013
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year		351,468	149,490	351,280	147,658
Cash and cash equivalents comprise:					
Cash and short-term funds	4	251,447	118,351	251,259	116,519
Deposits and placements with banks and other financial					
institutions	6	100,021	31,139	100,021	31,139
		351,468	149,490	351,280	147,658

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Statements of cash flows for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

Analysis of changes in liabilities arising from financing activities as follows:

	Balance at the beginning of the financial	Cash changes Interest paid	Mon-cash Accrued interest		Balance at the end of the financial year
The Group and the Bank	year RM'000	RM'000		RM'000	RM'000
30.06.2022					
Subordinated obligations	100,192	(4,230)	4,230	1	100,193
30.06.2021					
Subordinated obligations	100,178	(4,218)	4,230	2	100,192

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022

The following accounting policies have been used consistently in dealing with items that are considered material in relation to the financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the financial years presented, unless otherwise stated.

1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements of the Group and the Bank have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial investments at FVOCI and financial assets/financial liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported financial year. It also requires Directors to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Group's and the Bank's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgement are based on the Directors' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ from those estimates. The area involving higher degree of judgement or complexity, or area where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements includes the following:

Deferred tax asset (Note 13)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unutilised tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the tax credits can be utilised. Management's judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the probability and level of future taxable profits. Management assesses the probability of future taxable profit based on the profit projections approved by Directors covering three year period. Management has also considered the estimated growth rate in the capital markets and Kuala Lumpur Composite Index ("KLCI") in deriving the profit projections. Profits beyond the three year period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rate of 4.7% (2021: 3.3%), based on the historical GDP growth rate of Malaysia up to 10 years. Management has assumed a percentage of probability factors for taxable profits for the fourth year and onwards.

(a) Standards, amendments and improvements to published standards that are applicable to the Group and the Bank and are effective

The Group and the Bank have applied the following standards and amendments for the first time for the financial year beginning on 1 July 2021:

• Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139, MFRS 7, MFRS 4 and MFRS 16 'Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2'

The Group has adopted Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139, MFRS 7, MFRS 4 and MFRS 16 'Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2' for the first time in the June 2022 financial statements, which resulted in changes in accounting policies.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

- 1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)
- (a) Standards, amendments and improvements to published standards that are applicable to the Group and the Bank and are effective (continued)

Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139, MFRS 7, MFRS 4 and MFRS 16 'Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2'

The Group adopted the Phase 2 amendments and applied the practical expedient to update the effective interest rate for instruments measured at amortised cost to account for the changes in contractual cash flows that is a direct consequence of interbank offered rate ('IBOR') reform. As a result, no immediate gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The amendments also provide reliefs that enable and require the Group to continue the MFRS 9 hedge accounting in circumstances when the Group updates the hedge documentation to reflect changes in hedged items and hedging instruments which are required by IBOR reform.

The adoption of the amendments has no impact on the opening retained earnings as at 1 July 2021 because none of the IBOR-based contracts of the Group were modified in financial year ended 30 June 2021. There were no contracts modified as a result of IBOR reform during the year.

(b) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations to existing standards that are applicable to the Group and the Bank but not yet effective

A number of new standards and amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for financial year beginning after 1 July 2022. None of these is expected to have a significant effect on the financial statements of the Group and the Bank, except the following:

• Annual Improvements to MFRS 9 'Fees in the 10% test for derecognition of financial liabilities' (effective 1 January 2022) clarifies that only fees paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including the fees paid or received on each other's behalf, are included in the cash flow of the new loan when performing the 10% test.

An entity shall apply the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment.

• Amendments to MFRS 3 'Reference to Conceptual Framework' (effective 1 January 2022) replace the reference to Framework for Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with 2018 Conceptual Framework. The amendments did not change the current accounting for business combinations on acquisition date.

The amendments provide an exception for the recognition of liabilities and contingent liabilities should be in accordance with the principles of MFRS 137 'Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets' and IC Interpretation 21 'Levies' when falls within their scope. It also clarifies that contingent assets should not be recognised at the acquisition date.

The amendments shall be applied prospectively.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

(b) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations to existing standards that are applicable to the Group and the Bank but not yet effective (continued)

A number of new standards and amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for financial year beginning after 1 July 2022. None of these is expected to have a significant effect on the financial statements of the Group and the Bank, except the following: (continued)

• Amendments to MFRS 116 'Proceeds before intended use' (effective 1 January 2022) prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of a property, plant and equipment the proceeds received from selling items produced by the property, plant and equipment before it is ready for its intended use. The sales proceeds should instead be recognised in profit or loss.

The amendments also clarify that testing whether an asset is functioning properly refers to assessing the technical and physical performance of the property, plant and equipment.

The amendments shall be applied retrospectively.

- Amendments to MFRS 137 'onerous contracts cost of fulfilling a contract' (effective 1 January 2022) clarify that direct costs of fulfilling a contract include both the incremental cost of fulfilling the contract as well as an allocation of other costs directly related to fulfilling contracts. The amendments also clarify that before recognising a separate provision for an onerous contract, impairment loss that has occurred on assets used in fulfilling the contract should be recognised.
- Amendments to MFRS 112 'Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction' (effective 1 January 2023) clarify that the initial exemption rule does not apply to transactions where both an asset and a liability are recognised at the same time such as leases and decommissioning obligations. Accordingly, entities are required to recognise both deferred tax assets and liabilities for all deductible and taxable temporary differences arising from such transactions.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

(c) Changes in regulatory requirements - measures issued by Bank Negara Malaysia ('BNM')

On 24 March 2020 and 24 July 2020, BNM announced that the following measures which are aimed to ensure that the financial intermediation function of the financial sector remains intact, access to financing continues to be available and banking institutions remain focused on supporting the economy during the COVID-19 pandemic:

(i) Drawdown of prudential buffers

Banking institutions are given the following relaxation of the prudential buffers, which will need to be restored to the minimum regulatory requirements by 30 September 2021:

- Drawdown of capital conservation buffer of 2.5%;
- Operate below the minimum liquidity coverage ratio ('LCR') of 100%; and
- Reduce the regulatory reserves held against expected credit losses to 0%.

During the financial year, the Group and the Bank have not drawn down any of the prudential buffers.

(ii) The implementation of the Net Stable Funding Ratio ('NSFR') took place as scheduled on 1 July 2020. However, the minimum NSFR will be lowered to 80% and banking institutions will be required to comply with the requirement of 100% from 30 September 2021.

The adoption of the above additional measures gave rise to the following observations and financial impact:

- (i) Forward-looking information used must be reasonable and supportable including reflecting the impact of COVID-19 pandemic and fully accounting for the mitigating effects of the economic and financial measures announced; and
- (ii) The Group and the Bank have continued to maintain in aggregate the loss allowance for non-credit impaired exposures and regulatory reserves of no less than 1% of total credit exposures, net of loss allowance for credit impaired exposures.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

A Consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Bank and all its subsidiaries as at the end of the reporting period. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared in the same reporting date as the Bank.

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations when the acquired sets of activities and assets meet the definition of a business. The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets include an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement and fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recognised as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the income statements.

The Group applies predecessor accounting to account for business combinations under common control. Under the predecessor accounting, assets and liabilities acquired are not restated to their respective fair values but at the carrying amounts from the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate holding company of the Group and adjusted to conform with the accounting policies adopted by the Group. The difference between any consideration given and the aggregate carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities (at the date of the transaction) of the acquired entity is recorded as an adjustment to retained profits. No additional goodwill is recognised. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. The acquired entity's results, assets and liabilities are consolidated from the date on which the business combination between entities under common control occurred. Consequently, the consolidated financial statements do not reflect the results of the acquired entity for the period before the transaction occurred and the corresponding amounts for the previous year are also not restated.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

A Consolidation (continued)

(i) Subsidiaries (continued)

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date, any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in income statements. Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with MFRS 9 in income statements. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Inter-company transactions, balances, unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated income statements, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of financial position respectively.

(ii) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised in equity attributable to owners of the Group.

(iii) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to consolidate because of a loss of control, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in income statements. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to income statements.

Gains or losses on the disposal of subsidiaries include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the subsidiaries sold.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

A Consolidation (continued)

(iv) Investment in subsidiaries

In the Bank's separate financial statements, the investment in subsidiaries is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. At each reporting date, the Bank assesses whether there is an indication of impairment. If such indication exist, an analysis is performed to assess whether the carrying amount of the investment is fully recoverable. A write-down is made if the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. Any subsequent increase in recoverable amount is recognised in the income statements.

On disposal of investments in subsidiaries, the difference between disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investments are recognised in income statements.

The amounts due from subsidiaries of which the Bank does not expect repayment in the foreseeable future are considered as part of the Bank's investments in subsidiaries.

B Recognition of interest income

Interest income and expense for all interest-bearing financial instruments are recognised within "interest income" and "interest expense" in the income statements using the effective interest method. Interest financial assets at FVTPL is disclosed as separate line item in income statements.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instruments or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group and the Bank take into account all contractual terms of the financial instrument and includes any fees or incremental costs that are directly attributable to the instrument and are an integral part of the effective interest rate, but not future credit losses.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

C Recognition of fees and other income

Loan arrangement fees and commissions are recognised as income when all conditions precedent are fulfilled. Commitment fees and guarantee fees which are material are recognised as income based on time apportionment. Service charges and other fee income are recognised as income when the services are rendered.

Dividends from financial assets at FVTPL, financial investments at FVOCI and subsidiary companies are recognised when the rights to receive payment is established.

Net profit from financial assets at FVTPL and financial investments at FVOCI are recognised upon disposal of the financial instruments, as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the financial instruments.

Brokerage income is recognised when contracts are executed. Fees that constitute single performance obligation is recognised upon completion of transactions such as rollover fees, nominees services and handling charges.

Corporate advisory fees are recognised as income after fullfilling each of the performance obligation.

Commission from futures clients is recognised upon execution of trade on behalf of clients.

D Financial assets

(i) Classification

The Group and the Bank classify its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income ("OCI") or through profit or loss); and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Group and the Bank reclassify debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those financial assets changes.

The Group and the Bank do not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in the business model, but consider the circumstances leading to the model change when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward.

Business model assessment

The Group and the Bank conduct assessment of the objective of a business model to align with how an asset held within a portfolio is being managed. Factors that are being considered include the key objectives of a portfolio whether the business strategy is to earn contractual interest revenue, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realising a portfolio through sale of assets. Other factors considered also include the frequency and volume of sales in prior periods, how the asset's performance is evaluated and reported to key management personnel.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

- 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)
 - D Financial assets (continued)
 - (i) Classification (continued)

Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") Where the business model is to hold the financial assets to collect contractual cash flows, or to collect contractual cash flows and sell, the Group and the Bank assess whether the financial assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payment of principal and interest. In applying the SPPI test, the Group and the Bank consider whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement, i.e. interest includes only consideration for time value of money, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Where the contractual terms introduce exposure to risk or volatility that are inconsistent with a basic lending arrangement, the related financial asset is classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group and the Bank commit to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group and the Bank have transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group and the Bank measure a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVTPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's and the Bank's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories in to which the Group and the Bank classify its debt instruments:

(a) Amortised cost

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent SPPI are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in interest income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss as presented in net realised gain/(loss) on financial instruments (as per Note 31) and impairment losses are presented as separate line item (as per Note 34) in the income statements.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

- 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)
 - **D** Financial assets (continued)

(iii) Measurement (continued)

(b) FVOCI

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent SPPI, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in net realised gain/(loss) on financial instruments. Interest income from these financial assets is included in interest income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other income and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in the income statements.

(c) FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. The Group and the Bank may also irrevocably designate financial assets at FVTPL if doing so significantly reduces or eliminates a mismatch created by assets and liabilities being measured on different bases. Fair value changes is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within net unrealised gain/(loss) on revaluation in the period which it arises.

Equity instruments

The Group and the Bank subsequently measure all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's and the Bank's management have elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss, but may be transferred within equity. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's and the Bank's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTPL are recognised in net gain/(loss) on revaluation in the income statements.

(iv) Reclassification

Reclassification of financial assets is required when, and only when, the Group and the Bank change their business model for managing the assets. In such cases, the Group and the Bank are required to reclassify all affected financial assets.

However, it will be inappropriate to reclassify financial assets that have been designated at fair value through profit or loss, or equity instruments that have been designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income even when there is a change in business model. Such designations are irrevocable.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

D Financial assets (continued)

(v) Modification of financial assets

Where the original contractual terms of a financial asset have been modified for credit reasons and the instrument has not been derecognised, the resulting modification loss is recognised within impairment in the income statements with a corresponding decrease in the gross carrying value of the asset. If the modification involved a concession that the Group and the Bank would not otherwise consider, the instrument is considered to be credit impaired and is considered forborne.

E Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, except for trading liabilities and liabilities designated at fair value, which are held at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial liabilities not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in income statements. Financial liabilities are derecognised when extinguished.

(a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

This category comprises two sub-categories: financial liabilities classified as held-for-trading, and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition. The Group does not have any non-derivative financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial liability is classified as held-for-trading if it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term or if it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. Derivatives are also categorised as held-for-trading unless they are designated and effective as hedging instruments.

(b) Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not classified as at fair value through profit or loss fall into this category and are measured at amortised cost.

F Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Bank assess on a forward looking basis the expected credit loss ("ECL") associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost and at FVOCI and financial guarantee contracts issued. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

ECL represent a probability-weighted estimate of the difference between the present value of cash flows according to contract and present value of cash flows the Group and the Bank expect to receive, over the remaining life of the financial instrument. For financial guarantee contracts, the ECL is the difference between the expected payments to reimburse the holder of the guaranteed debt instrument less any amounts that the Group and the Bank expect to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

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Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

F Impairment of financial assets (continued)

The measurement of ECL reflects:

- an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- the time value of money; and
- reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.
- (i) General 3-stage approach

At each reporting date, the Group and the Bank measure ECL through loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL if credit risk on a financial instrument or a group of financial instruments has not increased significantly since initial recognition. For all other financial instruments, a loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL is required. The Group and the Bank apply 3-stage approach on debt instruments measured at amortised cost and FVOCI, except for those that are under simplified approach, as explained below.

(ii) Simplified approach

The Group and the Bank apply MFRS 9 simplified approach to measure ECL which uses a lifetime ECL for clients and brokers' balances and other assets.

Significant increase in credit risk

At each reporting date, the Group and the Bank assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk for exposures since initial recognition to determine whether the exposure is subject to 12-month ECL or lifetime ECL. This is performed by comparing the risk of default occurring over the remaining expected life from the reporting date and the date of initial recognition.

When determining whether the risk of default has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group and the Bank consider both quantitative and qualitative information and assessments based on the Group's and the Bank's historical experience and credit risk assessments, including forward-looking information. A backstop of 30 days or 1-month past due from its contractual payment is applied and a financial asset will still be designated as having significant increase in credit risk regardless if it meets both the quantitative and qualitative assessments.

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

The definition of credit-impaired of the Group and the Bank remained the same under MFRS 139 and MFRS 9. At each reporting period, the Group and the Bank assess whether financial assets are impaired. Qualitative and quantitative information are used to determine if a financial asset is credit impaired. Nevertheless, a backstop is applied and a financial asset is considered as credit impaired if it is more than 90 days or 3 months past due on its contractual payments.

Where measurement of ECL is relying on external published sources, in determining if a financial asset is credit-impaired, the Group and the Bank will consider factors, such as, but not limited to, rating agencies' assessment of creditworthiness and country's ability to access to capital markets for new debt issuance.

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Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

- 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)
 - **F** Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Measurement of ECL

ECL are measured using three main components, which include probability of default ("PD"), loss given default ("LGD") and exposures at default ("EAD"). These components are derived from either published information from External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAI") or proxy to the internally developed statistical models from the related company, Hong Leong Bank Berhad and adjusted to reflect forward-looking information.

The 12-month and lifetime PD represent the expected point-in-time probability of default over the next 12 months and remaining lifetime of a financial instrument, based on the conditions that exist at the reporting date and taking into consideration of future economic conditions that affect credit risk. The LGD component represents that expected loss if a default event occurs at a given time, taking into account the mitigating effects of collateral, its expected value when realised and time value of money. The EAD represents the expected exposure at default, taking into account the repayment of principal and interest from the reporting date to the default event together with expected drawdown and utilisation of a facility. The 12-month ECL is equal to the discounted sum over the next 12 months of monthly PD multiplied by LGD and EAD. The discount rate used in the ECL measurement is the original effective interest rate or an approximation thereof.

The measurement of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is derived by evaluating a range of possible macroeconomic outcome, the time value of money together with reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecast of future economic conditions.

Forward looking information

The Group and the Bank incorporates forward looking macroeconomic ("MEV") which consists of economic indicators and industry statistics in the measurement of ECL. This involves incorporation of MEV forward looking into PD estimation, which is determined based on probability-weighted outcome from a range of economic scenarios. No MEV is incorporated into LGD estimation due to insufficient data points and lack of solid statistical results supporting the said application.

The Group and the Bank apply three economic scenarios to reflect an unbiased probability-weighted range of possible future outcome in estimating ECL.

Base case: This represents 'most likely outcome' of future economic conditions which are backed by consensus forecast from various sources.

Best and worst case: This represent the 'upside' and 'downside' outcome of future economic conditions by making references to past historical cyclical conditions together with incorporation of best estimates and judgements on an unbiased basis.

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Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

G Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from these assets have ceased to exist or the assets have been transferred and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets are also transferred (that is, if substantially all the risks and rewards have not been transferred, the Bank tests control to ensure that continuing involvement on the basis of any retained powers of control does not prevent derecognition). Financial liabilities are derecognised when they have been redeemed or otherwise extinguished.

Collateral furnished by the Bank under standard repurchase agreements transactions is not derecognised because the Bank retains substantially all the risks and rewards on the basis of the predetermined repurchase price, and the criteria for derecognition are therefore not met.

H Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statements of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy.

I Clients' and brokers' balances

In accordance with the Rules of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, clients' accounts are classified as impaired accounts (previously referred to as as non-performing) under the following circumstances:

<u>Types</u>	Criteria for classification as impaired
Contra losses	When account remains outstanding for more than 16 calendar days from the date of contra transaction
Overdue purchase contracts	When an account remains outstanding from T+5 market days onwards (non-margin purchase) and T+9 market days onwards (discretionary financing)

Bad debts are written-off when identified. Impairment allowances are made for balances due from clients and brokers which are considered doubtful or which have been classified as impaired, after taking into consideration collateral held by the Group and deposits of and amounts due to dealer representative in accordance with the Rules of Bursa Securities.

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Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

J Property and equipment and depreciation

Freehold land is not depreciated as it has an infinite life. Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes its purchase price and any cost that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the income statements during the financial year in which they are incurred.

Property and equipment are depreciated on a straight line basis to write off the cost of the assets to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, summarised as follows:

Buildings on freehold land	50 years
Office and computer equipment	3 - 10 years
Furniture and fittings	3 - 10 years
Renovations	5 - 10 years
Motor vehicles	4 - 5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Property and equipment are reviewed for impairment at each reporting date and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Where the carrying amount of the asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down to its recoverable amount. Any subsequent increase in the recoverable amount is recognised in the income statements. Refer to Note M on the impairment of non-financial assets.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount and are included in "non-interest income" in income statements.

K Intangible assets

(a) Computer software

Acquired computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 5 years. Computer software classified as intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

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Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

K Intangible assets (continued)

(b) Goodwill

Goodwill arises from a business combination and represents the excess of the aggregate of fair value of consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed on the acquisition date. If the fair value of consideration transferred, the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the acquiree, the resulting gain is recognised in income statements.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units ("CGU") for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination in which the goodwill arose. Each CGU represents the lowest level at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment loss and is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

L Lease

Leases are recognised as ROU assets and a corresponding liability at the date on which the leased asset is available for use by the Group and the Bank (i.e. the commencement date). Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group and the Bank allocate the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of properties for which the Group and the Bank are lessees, it has elected the practical expedient provided in MFRS 16 not to separate lease and non-lease components. Both components are accounted for as a single lease component and payments for both components are included in the measurement of lease liability.

Lease term

In determining the lease term, the Group and the Bank consider all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not to be terminated). The Group and the Bank reassess the lease term upon the occurrence of a significant event or change in circumstances that is within the control of the Group and the Bank and affects whether the Group and the Bank is reasonably certain to exercise an option not previously included in the determination of lease term, or not to exercise an option previously included in the determination of lease term. A revision in lease term results in remeasurement of the lease liabilities. See accounting policy below on reassessment of lease liabilities.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

L Lease (continued)

Right-of-use ('ROU') assets

ROU assets are initially measured at cost comprising the following:-

- The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- Any initial direct costs; and
- Decommissioning or restoration costs.

The ROU assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group and the Bank is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the ROU assets is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life. In addition, the ROU assets are adjusted for certain remeasurement of the lease liabilities.

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments include the following:-

- Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentive receivable;
- Variable lease payments depend on index or rate;
- The exercise price of a purchase options if the Group and the Bank are reasonably certain to exercise that option;
- Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group and the Bank exercising that option; and
- The amount expected to be payable by the Group and the Bank under residual value guarantees.

Lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group and the Bank, the lessee's incremental borrowing is used. This is the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the ROU assets in a similar economic environment with similar term, security and conditions.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the income statements over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The Group and the Bank present the lease liabilities as a separate line item in the statements of financial position. Interest expense on the lease liability is presented within the interest expense in the income statements.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office equipment. Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an operating expense in the income statements.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

M Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

The impairment loss is charged to the income statements unless it reverses a previous revaluation in which case it is charged to the revaluation surplus. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. In respect of other assets, any subsequent increase in recoverable amount is recognised in income statements unless it reverses an impairment loss on a revalued asset in which case it is taken to revaluation surplus reserve.

N Income taxes

Tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses. Tax is recognised in income statements, except to the extent that its relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Group's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income.

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the amounts attributed to assets and liabilities for tax purposes and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

N Income taxes (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised.

Deferred tax liability is recognised for all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the parent and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised.

Deferred income tax related to fair value re-measurement of financial investments at FVOCI, which are charged or credited directly to equity, is also credited or charged directly to equity and is subsequently recognised in the income statements together with the deferred gain or loss.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balance on a net basis.

O Currency translations

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's and the Bank's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia, which is the Group's presentation currency and the Bank's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Foreign currency transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuations where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statements.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency classified as FVOCI are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. Translation differences related to changes in the amortised cost are recognised in income statements, and other changes in the carrying amount are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

- 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)
 - **O** Currency translations (continued)
 - (b) Foreign currency transactions and balances (continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities, such as equity instruments held at fair value through profit or loss, are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets such as equities classified as financial investments at FVOCI are included in other comprehensive income.

P Derivative financial instruments and hedging

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair values at the end of each reporting period. Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices in active markets, including recent market transactions, and valuation techniques, including discounted cash flow models and option pricing models, as appropriate. All derivatives are carried as assets when fair value is positive and as liabilities when fair value is negative. Changes in the fair value of any derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in the income statements.

The best evidence of fair value of a derivative at initial recognition is the transaction price (i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received) unless the fair value of the instrument is evidenced by comparison with other observable current market transactions in the same instrument (i.e. without modification or repackaging) or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable markets. When such evidence exists, the Group and the Bank recognise the fair value of derivatives in income statements immediately.

The method of recognising the resulting fair value gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Group and the Bank designated certain derivatives as hedges of the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or firm commitments (fair value hedge). Hedge accounting is used for derivatives designated in this way provided certain criteria are met.

At the inception of the transaction, the Group and the Bank document the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as their risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group and the Bank also document their assessments, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions have been and will continue to be highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

P Derivative financial instruments and hedging (continued)

(i) Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the statements of income, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged assets or liabilities that are attributable to the hedged risk.

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method is used is amortised to statements of income over the period to maturity using a recalculated effective interest rate.

(ii) Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting

Certain derivative instruments do not qualify for hedge accounting. Changes in the fair value of any derivative instrument that does not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in the statements of income.

Q Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

The Group and the Bank recognise a liability and an expense for bonuses. The Group and the Bank recognise a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

Defined contribution plan

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group and the Bank pay fixed contributions into a separate entity (fund) on mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis and will have no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group and the Bank pay fixed contributions into a separate entity (fund) on mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis and will have no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

The Group and the Bank contribute to a national defined contribution plan (the Employee Provident Fund) on a mandatory basis and the amounts contributed to the plan are charged to the income statements in the period to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group and the Bank have no further payment obligations.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Q Employee benefits (continued)

Share-based compensation

The Bank operates a cash-settled, share-based compensation plan under which the Bank receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (share options) of the parent. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the share options is recognised as an expense in the income statements over the vesting periods of the grant with a corresponding increase in liabilities.

The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the share options granted, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. At each reporting date, the Group and the Bank measure the fair value of the liability and at the date of settlement, with any changes in fair value recognised in income statement. The Group and the Bank revise its estimate of the number of share options that are expected to vest. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the income statements, with a corresponding adjustment to liability.

A trust has been set up for the Employee Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") and is administered by an appointed trustee.

R Provision

Provisions are recognised when the Group and the Bank have a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Where the Group and the Bank expect a provision to be reimbursed by another party, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present values of management's best estimate of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

S Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are contracts that require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due, in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Such financial guarantees are given to banks, financial institutions and other bodies on behalf of customers to secure loans and other banking facilities.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised as a financial liability at the time the guarantee is issued. The liability is initially measured at fair value.

The fair value of financial guarantees is determined as the present value of the difference in net cash flows between the contractual payments under the debt instrument and the payments that would be required without the guarantee, or the estimated amount that would be payable to a third party for assuming the obligations.

Where financial guarantees in relation to loans or payables of subsidiaries are provided by the Bank for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of investment in subsidiaries.

Financial guarantee contracts are subsequently measured at the higher of the amount determined in accordance with the ECL model under MFRS 9 'Financial instruments' and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of MFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers', where appropriate.

T Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are cash and short-terms funds held for the purpose of meeting short term commitments and readily convertible into cash without significant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term funds and deposits and placements with financial institutions, with original maturity of three months or less.

U Share capital

(a) Classification

Ordinary shares and redeemable preference shares with discretionary dividends are classified as equity. Other shares are classified as equity and/or liability according to the substance of the contractual arrangement of the particular instrument.

(b) Share issue costs

Incremental external costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are deducted against equity.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

U Share capital (continued)

(c) Dividends

Liability is recognised for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the Group, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

Distributions to holders of an equity instrument is recognised directly in equity.

V Sale and repurchase agreements

Securities purchased under resale agreements are securities which the Group and the Bank have purchased with a commitment to resell at future dates. The commitment to resell the securities is reflected as an asset on the statements of financial position.

Conversely, obligations on securities sold under repurchase agreements are securities which the Group and the Bank have sold from its portfolio, with a commitment to repurchase at future dates. Such financing and the obligation to repurchase the securities is reflected as a liability on the statements of financial position.

The difference between sale and repurchase price as well as purchase and resale price are amortised as interest income and interest expense respectively on an effective yield method.

W Contingent assets and liabilities

The Group and the Bank do not recognise contingent assets and liabilities other than those arising from business combination, but discloses its existence in the financial statements. A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group and the Bank or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in the extremely rare case where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. However, contingent liabilities do not include financial guarantee contracts.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group and the Bank. The Group and the Bank do not recognise contingent assets but discloses its existence where inflows of economic benefits are probable, but not virtually certain.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

X Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, any difference between initial recognised amount and the redemption value is recognised in the income statements over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the drawdown occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the statements of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in income statements within interest expense.

Where the terms of a financial liability are renegotiated and the Bank issues equity instruments to a creditor to extinguish all or part of the liability (debt for equity swap), a gain or loss is recognised in income statements, which is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability and the fair value of the equity instruments issued.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in income statements in the period in which they are incurred.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Y Transaction with owners

Transaction with owners in their capacity as owners are recognised in statements of changes in equity and are presented separately from non-owner changes in equity.

Z Earnings per share

(a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Bank, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares; and
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.
- (b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

3 General information

The principal activities of the Bank are investment banking, stockbroking business, futures broking and related financial services.

The principal activities of the subsidiary companies are stated in Note 14 to the financial statements.

The immediate holding and ultimate holding companies are HLCB and Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad respectively, both incorporated in Malaysia. HLCB is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The address of the registered office of the Bank is Level 30, Menara Hong Leong, No 6, Jalan Damanlela, Bukit Damansara, 50490 Kuala Lumpur.

4 Cash and short-term funds

	The Group		The B	ank
	30.06.2022 30.06.2021 30.06.2022	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cash and bank balances with banks and				
other financial institutions	40,324	87,553	40,136	85,721
Money at call and deposit placements				
maturing within one month	211,123	30,798	211,123	30,798
	251,447	118,351	251,259	116,519

Inclusive in cash and short-term funds of the Group are accounts in trust for dealer's representative amounting to RM14,605,000 (30.06.2021: RM16,392,000).

5 Clients' and brokers' balances

Clients' and brokers' balances represent amounts receivable from outstanding purchase contracts in respect of the Group and the Bank's stockbroking business entered on behalf of clients, amounts due from brokers and contra losses.

	The Group ar	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022 30.06.20			
	RM'000	RM'000		
Performing accounts	101,214	195,735		
Impaired accounts	2,861	5,247		
	104,075	200,982		
Allowance for impairment losses:				
- expected credit losses	(998)	(1,188)		
	103,077	199,794		

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

5 Clients' and brokers' balances (continued)

Movements of impaired accounts are as follows:

	The Group and the Bank			
	30.06.2022 30.06.2			
	RM'000	RM'000		
At 1 July	5,247	3,651		
New financial assets originated	2,035	1,071		
Financial assets derecognised	(2,448)	(1,450)		
Impaired during the financial year	33,768	24,049		
Amount written-back during the financial year	(35,741)	(22,074)		
At 30 June	2,861	5,247		

Movements in expected credit losses on clients' and brokers' balances are as follows:

The Group and the Bank	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired RM'000	Lifetime ECL credit impaired RM'000	Total ECL RM'000
At 1 July 2021	85	1,103	1,188
New financial assets originated	80	571	651
Financial assets derecognised	(100)	(578)	(678)
Allowance made	51	190	241
Allowance written-back	(67)	(337)	(404)
At 30 June 2022	49	949	998
At 1 July 2020	30	1,996	2,026
New financial assets originated	175	2,691	2,866
Financial assets derecognised	(152)	(2,138)	(2,290)
Allowance made	101	1,762	1,863
Allowance written-back	(69)	(3,208)	(3,277)
At 30 June 2021	85	1,103	1,188

6 Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions

	The Group an	The Group and the Bank	
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Licensed banks	100,021	31,139	

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

7 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

	The Group		The Bank	
	30.06.2022 RM'000	30.06.2021 RM'000	30.06.2022 RM'000	30.06.2021 RM'000
				1000
Money market instruments				
Malaysian Government Securities	-	20,953	-	20,953
Malaysian Government Investment Issues	-	31,180	-	31,180
Negotiable instruments of deposits	-	398,979	-	398,979
Cagamas bonds	-	15,015	-	15,015
	-	466,127	-	466,127
Quoted securities				
In Malaysia:				
Shares	6,554	7,384	6,554	7,384
Unit trust investment	199	196	-	-
	6,753	7,580	6,554	7,384
Unquoted securities				
Corporate bond and/or sukuk	19,743	49,712	19,743	49,712
	26,496	523,419	26,297	523,223

IBOR Reform

As at 30 June 2022, the Group and the Bank hold the following financial assets at FVTPL which are referenced to the current benchmark interest rates and have yet to transition to an alternative benchmark interest rate.

Unquoted securities	The Group at Total RM'000	nd the Bank Of which contract yet to transition to an alternative benchmark RM'000
Corporate bond and/or sukuk - Kuala Lumpur Interbank Offered Rate ('KLIBOR')	19,743	19,743

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8 Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")

	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Money market instruments			
Malaysian Government Securities	120,972	32,232	
Malaysian Government Investment Issues	242,625	283,907	
Cagamas bonds	69,603	75,488	
	433,200	391,627	
Unquoted securities			
Foreign currency bonds	70,227	105,169	
Corporate bond and/or sukuk	753,213	854,024	
	823,440	959,193	
	1,256,640	1,350,820	

The carrying amount of debt instruments at FVOCI is equivalent to their fair value. The expected credit losses is recognised in other comprehensive income and does not reduce the carrying amount in the statements of financial position.

Movements in expected credit losses of debt instruments at FVOCI are as follows:

The Group and the Bank	12 Months ECL (Stage 1) RM'000	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired (Stage 2) RM'000	Lifetime ECL credit impaired (Stage 3) RM'000	Total ECL RM'000
At 1 July 2021	372	-	-	372
Allowances made	15	-	-	15
Amount written back	(18)	-	-	(18)
New financial assets originated or purchased	59	-	-	59
Financial assets derecognised	(261)	-	-	(261)
Exchange differences	(9)	-	-	(9)
At 30 June 2022	158	-	-	158
At 1 July 2020	341	-	-	341
Allowances made	37	-	-	37
Amount written back	(38)	-	-	(38)
New financial assets originated or purchased	148	-	-	148
Financial assets derecognised	(89)	-	-	(89)
Exchange differences	(27)	-	-	(27)
At 30 June 2021	372	-	-	372

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

9 Financial investments at amortised cost

			The Group at 30.06.2022 RM'000	nd the Bank 30.06.2021 RM'000
Money market instruments Malaysian Government Securities			626,305	462,996
Malaysian Government Investment Issues			020,303 585,104	402,990 515,821
Walaysian Government investment issues			1,211,409	978,817
Unquoted securities Foreign currency bonds				
Corporate bond and/or sukuk			39,033	16,639 63,842
Corporate bond and/or sukuk			39,033	80,481
				00,101
			1,250,442	1,059,298
Less: Expected credit losses			-	(12)
			1,250,442	1,059,286
The Group and the Bank	12 Months ECL (Stage 1) RM'000	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired (Stage 2) RM'000	Lifetime ECL credit impaired (Stage 3) RM'000	Total ECL RM'000
At 1 July 2021 Financial assets derecognised	12 (12)	-	-	12 (12)
At 30 June 2022	-			-
At 1 July 2020 Amount written back	15 (1)	-	-	15 (1)
Exchange differences At 30 June 2021	(2)			(2)
At JU Julie 2021	12	-	-	12

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

10 Loans and advances

U Loans and advances		1 advances		The Group and the Bank		
			30.06.2022	30.06.2021		
			RM'000	RM'000		
	Term loan	financing	64,536	41,986		
		gin financing	329,373	294,054		
	Staff loans		30	37		
	Other loan		128	265		
		is and advances	394,067	336,342		
		ected credit losses	(347)	(583)		
	-	oans and advances	393,720	335,759		
	(i) The	maturity structure of loans and advances is as follows:				
	(-)					
		uring within one year	352,548	322,201		
	One	year to three years	36,121	-		
	Thre	e years to five years	-	8,163		
	Over	r five years	5,398	5,978		
	Gros	ss loans and advances	394,067	336,342		
	(ii) The	loans and advances are disbursed to the following type of cu	stomers:			
	Dom	nestic non-bank financial institutions				
	- Ot	hers	30,060	-		
	Dom	nestic business enterprises				
		all and medium enterprises	60,626	60,590		
	- otł	-	77,956	90,417		
	Indiv	viduals	222,711	181,065		
	Fore	ign entities	2,714	4,270		
		ss loans and advances	394,067	336,342		
	(iii) Loar	ns and advances analysed by interest rate sensitivity are as fo	llows:			
	Vari	able rate	393,909	336,040		
		d rate		550,010		
		ff housing loans	30	37		
		er fixed rate loans	128	265		
		ss loans and advances	394,067	336,342		
	(iv) Loar	ns and advances analysed by their economic purposes are as	follows:			
	Purc	hase of securities	335,572	302,180		
	Purc	hase of transport vehicles	-	126		
	Purc	hase of landed properties	158	176		
	Wor	king capital	28,277	33,860		
	Othe	ers	30,060	-		
	Gros	ss loans and advances	394,067	336,342		

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

10 Loans and advances (continued)

				The Group and the Bank		
				30.06.2022 RM'000	30.06.2021 RM'000	
(v)	Loans and advances analysed by geographica	l distribution are as follo	ows:			
	Malaysia			394,067	336,342	
(vi)	Movement in the gross carrying amount of f losses:	inancial assets that con	tributed to ch	anges in the ex	pected credit	
	The Group and the Bank	Stage 1 RM'000	Stage 2 RM'000	Stage 3 RM'000	Total RM'000	
	At 1 July 2021 Transferred to Stage 1 Transferred to Stage 2 Transferred to Stage 3 New financial assets originated Financial assets derecognised Amount written-off At 30 June 2022	326,185 70,544 (46,865) (346) 232,057 (199,465) - - 382,110	9,892 (70,210) 46,865 - 27,028 (1,746) - 11,829	265 (334) - 346 - (87) (62) 128	336,342 - 259,085 (201,298) (62) 394,067	
	At 1 July 2020 Transferred to Stage 1	309,522 27,908	3,614 (27,700)	6,522 (208)	319,658	

I ransferred to Stage 1	27,908	(27,700)	(208)	-
Transferred to Stage 2	(23,012)	28,867	(5,855)	-
New financial assets originated	289,273	7,475	-	296,748
Financial assets derecognised	(277,506)	(2,364)	(194)	(280,064)
At 30 June 2021	326,185	9,892	265	336,342

(vii) Impaired loans and advances

Movement in the impaired loans and advances are as follows:

	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	
At 1 July	265	6,522	
Impaired during the financial year	12	-	
Amount written-back during the financial year	(87)	(6,257)	
Amount written off during the financial year	(62)	-	
At 30 June	128	265	

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

10 Loans and advances (continued)

(vii) Impaired loans and advances (continued)

	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Impaired loans and advances analysed by their economic			
purposes are as follows:			
Purchase of transport vehicles	-	126	
Purchase of landed properties	128	139	
	128	265	
Impaired loans and advances analysed by geographical distribution are as follows:			
Malaysia	128	265	

(viii) Movements in expected credit losses

The Group and the Bank	12 Months ECL (Stage 1) RM'000	Lifetime ECL not credit impaired (Stage 2) RM'000	Lifetime ECL credit impaired (Stage 3) RM'000	Total ECL RM'000
At 1 July 2021	263	194	126	583
Transferred to Stage 1	144	(29)	(115)	-
Transferred to Stage 2	(22)	22	-	-
New financial assets originated	11	10	-	21
Financial assets derecognised	(4)	-	(80)	(84)
Allowance made	188	-	115	303
Allowance written-back	(270)	(160)	-	(430)
Allowance written-off	-	-	(46)	(46)
At 30 June 2022	310	37	-	347
At 1 July 2020	656	1	2,978	3,635
Transferred to Stage 1	223	(13)	(210)	-
Transferred to Stage 2	(13)	2,342	(2,329)	-
New financial assets originated	12	1	-	13
Financial assets derecognised	(3)	-	-	(3)
Allowance made	105	79	2	186
Allowance written-back	(717)	(2,216)	(315)	(3,248)
At 30 June 2021	263	194	126	583

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

11 Other assets

The Group		The Bank	
30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
14	-	-	-
130	130	130	130
6,187	10,901	6,187	10,901
2,338	1,686	2,338	1,686
10,930	5,202	10,930	5,202
10,120	7,227	10,120	7,227
-	20,624	-	20,624
4,424	2,308	4,410	2,307
34,143	48,078	34,115	48,077
(1,970)	(1,942)	(1,970)	(1,942)
32,173	46,136	32,145	46,135
	30.06.2022 RM'000 14 130 6,187 2,338 10,930 10,120 - 4,424 34,143 (1,970)	30.06.2022 30.06.2021 RM'000 RM'000 14 - 130 130 6,187 10,901 2,338 1,686 10,930 5,202 10,120 7,227 - 20,624 4,424 2,308 34,143 48,078 (1,970) (1,942)	30.06.2022 30.06.2021 30.06.2022 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 14 - - 130 130 130 6,187 10,901 6,187 2,338 1,686 2,338 10,930 5,202 10,930 10,120 7,227 10,120 - 20,624 - 4,424 2,308 4,410 34,143 48,078 34,115 (1,970) (1,942) (1,970)

Movements of expected credit losses on other assets is as follows:

1 1	ECL M'000
At 1 July 2021 4 1,938	1,942
New financial assets originated 3 -	3
Financial assets derecognised (1) (60)	(61)
Allowance made - 86	86
At 30 June 2022 6 1,964	1,970
At 1 July 2020 5 1,423	1,428
New financial assets originated 1 -	1
Financial assets derecognised (2) -	(2)
Allowance made - 515	515
At 30 June 2021 4 1,938	1,942

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

12 Statutory deposits with Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM")

The non-interest bearing statutory deposits are maintained by the Bank with BNM in compliance with Section 26(2)(c) of the Central Bank of Malaysia Act 2009, the amount is determined at set percentages of total eligible liabilities.

As announced by BNM on 15 May 2020, effective 16 May 2020, banking institutions are allowed to use Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) and Malaysian Government Investment Issues (MGII) to fully meet the SRR compliance. This flexibility is available until 31 May 2021.

BNM has updated the Statutory Reserve Requirement Policy Document issued on 16 March 2021 to reflect the extension of the flexibility granted to banking institutions on 15 May 2020 to 31 December 2022.

13 Deferred tax assets/(liabilities)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same tax authority. The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the statements of financial position:

	The Group and the Ba				
		30.06.2022	30.06.2021		
Ν	lote	RM'000	RM'000		
Deferred tax assets		110,559	121,199		
At 1 July		121,199	85,925		
(Charged)/Credited to income statements	36	(17,885)	33,373		
Credited to equity		7,245	1,901		
At 30 June		110,559	121,199		
Deferred tax assets					
- settled more than 12 months		90,507	90,561		
- settled within 12 months		23,691	35,314		
Deferred tax liabilities		-			
- settled more than 12 months		(2,423)	(3,272)		
- settled within 12 months		(1,216)	(1,404)		
		110,559	121,199		

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

13 Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) (continued)

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the financial year comprise the following:

The Group and the Bank	Note	Property and equipment RM'000	Financial investments at FVOCI RM'000	Unutilised tax credits RM'000	Provisions RM'000	ROU assets RM'000	Lease liabilities RM'000	Total RM'000
At 1 July 2021 (Charged)/Credited to income statements Credited to equity At 30 June 2022	36	(251) (271) - (522)	(945) 7,245 6,300	110,656 (11,909) - - 98,747	11,574 (5,759) 	(3,481) 364 - (3,117)	3,646 (310) - 3,336	121,199 (17,885) 7,245 110,559
At 1 July 2020 Credited/(Charged) to income statements Credited to equity At 30 June 2021	36	(342) 91 - (251)	(2,846) - - 1,901 (945)	82,512 28,144 - 110,656	6,505 5,069 - 11,574	(4,268) 787 - (3,481)	4,364 (718) - 3,646	85,925 33,373 1,901 121,199

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Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

13 Deferred tax assets/(liabilities) (continued)

The Group's and the Bank's unutilised tax credit has no expiration date under current tax legislation.

Under the Malaysia Finance Act 2018 which was gazetted on 27 December 2018, the Group's unutilised tax losses with no expiry period amounting to RM162,000 as at 30 June 2022 will be imposed with a time limit of utilisation. Any accumulated unutilised tax losses brought forward from year of assessment 2019 can be carried forward for another 7 consecutive years of assessment (i.e. from year of assessments 2020 to 2026).

Deferred tax assets of a subsidiary have not been recognised in respect of these items as it is not probable that taxable profits will be available against which the unutilised tax losses can be utilised.

	The Group		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Unutilised tax losses for which the related tax credit has not been recognised			
in the financial statements	162	162	

14 Investment in subsidiary companies

	6.2022	30.06.2021
R	M'000	RM'000
Subsidiary companies:		
Unquoted shares, at cost	200	200

The subsidiary companies of the Bank are as follows:

	Country of	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
Name of company	incorporation	%	%	Principal activities
HLIB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Nominee and custodian services for Malaysia clients
HLIB Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Nominee and custodian services for foreign clients
SSSB Jaya (1987) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	In creditor's voluntary liquidation
Unincorporated trust for ESOS	Malaysia	-	-	Special purpose vehicle for ESOS purpose

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Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

14 Investment in subsidiary companies (continued)

Significant judgements and assumptions used to determine the scope of the consolidation

Determining whether the Group has control of an entity is generally based on if the Group has power over the investee, exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the involvment with the investee and the ability to use the power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's return. However, in certain instances this determination will involve significant judgement, particularly in the case of structured entities where voting rights are often not the determining factor in decisions over the relevant activities. This judgement may involve assessing the purpose and design of the entity. It will also often be necessary to consider whether the Group, or another involved party with power over the relevant activities, is acting as a principal in its own right or as an agent on behalf of others.

There is also often considerable judgement involved in the ongoing assessment of control over structured entities. In this regard, where market conditions have deteriorated such that the other investors' exposures to the structure's variable returns have been substantively eliminated, the Group may conclude that the Group which acts as managers of the structured entity are acting as its principal and therefore will consolidate the structured entity.

An interest in equity voting rights exceeding 50% would typically indicate that the Group has control of an entity. However certain entities are excluded from consolidation because the Group does not have exposure to their variable returns.

15 Structured entities

A structured entity ("SE") is an entity in which voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding control. SEs are generally created to achieve a narrow and well defined objective with restrictions around their ongoing activities. Depending on the Group's power over the activities of the entity and its exposure to and ability to influence its own returns, it may consolidate the entity. In other cases it may sponsor or have exposure to such an entity but not consolidate it.

Unconsolidated structured entities in which the Group has an interest

An interest in a SE is any form of contractual or non-contractual involvement which creates variability in returns arising from the performance of the entity for the Group. Such interests include holdings of debt securities, lending and derivatives.

HLIB has been involved in the setting up of the SEs to facilitate the sell down of the debt securities originated and arranged by HLIB. HLIB has power over the relevant activities but no significant exposure to these SEs.

The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities recognised in the Group's and the Bank's statements of financial position relating to the interests in unconsolidated SEs is summarised as below:

	The Group an	nd the Bank
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
	RM'000	RM'000
Liabilities		
Other liabilities	44	44

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Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

16 Property and equipment

The Group and the Bank	Freehold land RM'000	Office and computer equipment RM'000	Furniture and fittings RM'000	Office renovations RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost						
At 1 July 2021	350	8,109	398	13,042	457	22,356
Additions	-	2,049	23	540	6	2,618
Written-off	-	(3)	-	-	-	(3)
At 30 June 2022	350	10,155	421	13,582	463	24,971
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1 July 2021	-	6,147	298	7,175	318	13,938
Charge for the financial year	-	1,233	47	2,070	63	3,413
Written-off	-	(3)	-	-	-	(3)
At 30 June 2022		7,377	345	9,245	381	17,348
Net book value						
At 30 June 2022	350	2,778	76	4,337	82	7,623

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

16 Property and equipment (continued)

The Group and the Bank	Freehold land RM'000	Office and computer equipment RM'000	Furniture and fittings RM'000	Office renovations RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost						
At 1 July 2020	350	6,068	351	12,981	457	20,207
Additions	-	2,041	47	88	-	2,176
Written-off	-	-	-	(27)	-	(27)
At 30 June 2021	350	8,109	398	13,042	457	22,356
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1 July 2020	-	5,387	251	5,047	255	10,940
Charge for the financial year	-	760	47	2,133	63	3,003
Written-off	-	-	-	(5)	-	(5)
At 30 June 2021	-	6,147	298	7,175	318	13,938
Net book value						
At 30 June 2021	350	1,962	100	5,867	139	8,418

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Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

17 Right-of-use ("ROU") assets

The Group and the Bank	Leasehold Land RM'000	Leasehold Building RM'000	Properties RM'000	Equipment RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost					
At 1 July 2021	780	804	21,053	445	23,082
Additions	-	-	1,874	5	1,879
End of lease term	-	-	(1,731)	-	(1,731)
At 30 June 2022	780	804	21,196	450	23,230
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 July 2021	70	141	6,495	255	6,961
Charge for the financial year	8	16	3,257	130	3,411
End of lease term	-	-	(1,731)	-	(1,731)
At 30 June 2022	78	157	8,021	385	8,641
Net book value					
At 30 June 2022	702	647	13,175	65	14,589
Cost					
At 1 July 2020	780	804	21,041	459	23,084
Additions	-	-	35	9	44
End of lease term	-	-	(23)	(23)	(46)
At 30 June 2021	780	804	21,053	445	23,082
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 July 2020	62	125	3,265	146	3,598
Charge for the financial year	8	16	3,253	132	3,409
End of lease term	-	-	(23)	(23)	(46)
At 30 June 2021	70	141	6,495	255	6,961
Net book value					
At 30 June 2021	710	663	14,558	190	16,121

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

18 Other intangible assets

	The Group a	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021		
	RM'000	RM'000		
Computer software				
Cost				
At 1 July	16,052	14,485		
Additions	3,508	1,567		
At 30 June	19,560	16,052		
Amortisation				
At 1 July	13,293	12,091		
Charge for the financial year	1,615	1,202		
At 30 June	14,908	13,293		
Net book value				
At 30 June	4,652	2,759		

19 Goodwill

	The Group a	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021		
	RM'000	RM'000		
Cost				
At 1 July/30 June	28,986	28,986		

Allocation of goodwill to cash-generating unit

Goodwill has been allocated to the following cash-generating unit ("CGU"):

	The Group a	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021		
	RM'000	RM'000		
CGU				
Investment banking and stockbroking	28,986	28,986		

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

19 Goodwill (continued)

Impairment test on goodwill

The recoverable amount of CGU has been determined based on value in use calculation. These calculations use pretax cash flows projections based on financial budgets approved by Directors covering a three-year period. Cash flows beyond the three-year period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rates of 4.7% (2021: 3.3%), based on historical Gross Domestic Product ("GDP") growth rate of Malaysia on a perpetual basis and discounted using pre-tax discount rates which reflect the specific risks relating to CGU.

The cash flows projections are derived based on a number of key factors including the past performance and management's expectations on the market development. The following are the discount rates used in determining the recoverable amount of the CGU:

	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
Investment banking and stockbroking	10.9%	10.1%	

For the current financial year, impairment was not required for goodwill arising from investment banking and stockbroking CGU. Management believes that any reasonable possible change to the assumptions applied is not likely to cause the recoverable amount to be lower than the carrying amount.

20 Deposits from customers

	The Group a: 30.06.2022 RM'000	nd the Bank 30.06.2021 RM'000
Fixed deposits	759,636	701,538
(i) The maturity structure of fixed deposits is as follows:		
Due within: - six months - six months to one year	758,405 1,231 759,636	701,538
(ii) The deposits are sourced from the following customers:		
Government and statutory bodies Business enterprises Individuals	553,869 192,248 13,519 759,636	530,754 157,569 13,215 701,538

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Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

21 Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institutions

	The Group a	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021		
	RM'000	RM'000		
Licensed banks	264,951	209,916		
Licensed investment banks	22,067	101,016		
Other financial institutions	1,620,217	1,738,490		
	1,907,235	2,049,422		

22 Lease liabilities

	The Group a	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021		
	RM'000	RM'000		
At 1 July	15,193	18,184		
Additions	1,809	44		
Interest expense	681	808		
Lease payment	(3,782)	(3,843)		
At 30 June	13,901	15,193		

23 Other liabilities

	The Group		The Bank	
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Amount due to holding company (a)	80	203	80	203
Amounts due to related companies (a)	577	643	574	639
Remisiers' trust deposits	14,605	16,392	14,605	16,392
Treasury related payables	20,317	42,465	20,317	42,465
Advance payments received for corporate exercise	65,383	-	65,383	-
Other payables and accrued liabilities	99,986	73,693	100,064	72,055
Post employment benefits obligation:				
- defined contribution plan	221	218	221	218
	201,169	133,614	201,244	131,972

(a) The amount due to holding company and other related companies is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

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Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

24 Derivative financial assets/(liabilities)

The table below shows the Group's and the Bank's derivative financial instruments as at the reporting date. The contractual or underlying principal amounts of these derivative financial instruments and their corresponding gross positive (derivative assets) and gross negative (derivative liabilities) fair values at the reporting date are analysed below:

		The Group and the Bank			
30.06.2022	Note	Contract or underlying principal amount RM'000	Year-end positive fair value RM'000	Year-end negative fair value RM'000	
Derivatives at FVTPL:					
(i) Interest rate related contracts:					
- interest rate swaps		3,303,000	31,048	(16,729)	
- futures		149,897	236	(1,061)	
(ii) Foreign exchange related contracts:					
- foreign currency swaps		1,340,695	5,249	(8,601)	
- foreign currency forwards		175,960	931	(194)	
(iii) Equity related contracts:- call options		200	50	-	
		200	20		
Derivatives designated as fair value hedge:					
- Interest rate swap	(a)	70,000	879	(120)	
		5,039,752	38,393	(26,705)	
30.06.2021					
Derivatives at FVTPL:					
(i) Interest rate related contracts:					
- interest rate swaps		3,515,000	26,970	(38,673)	
- cross currency swaps		82,995	2,791	-	
(ii) Foreign exchange related contracts:					
- foreign currency swaps		1,048,158	2,814	(238)	
- foreign currency forwards		311,456	1,812	(501)	
- foreign currency spots		23,611	23	-	
(iii) Equity related contracts:		200	84		
- call options		200	04	-	
Derivatives designated as fair value hedge:					
- Interest rate swap		70,000	-	(1,644)	
		5,051,420	34,494	(41,056)	

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

24 Derivative financial assets/(liabilities) (continued)

(a) Fair value hedge

The Group and the Bank's fair value hedges principally consist of interest rate swaps that are used to protect against changes in the fair value of financial assets due to movement in interest rates. The Group and the Bank have undertaken fair value hedges on interest rate risk of RM70,000,000 (2021: RM70,000,000) at Group and Bank respectively on certain receivables using interest rate swaps. The total fair value gain of the said interest rate swaps related to these hedges amounted to RM879,000 (2021: fair value loss of RM1,516,000) at Group and Bank.

Included in the net non-interest income is the net losses arising from fair value hedges that were effective during the financial year as follows:

	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022 30.06.2		
	RM'000	RM'000	
Gain on hedging instruments	2,395	961	
Loss on hedged items attributable to the hedged risks	(4,561)	(3,029)	
	(2,166)	(2,068)	

IBOR Reform

As at 30 June 2022, the Group and the Bank hold the following derivative financial instruments which are referenced to the current benchmark interest rates and have yet to transition to an alternative benchmark interest rate.

The Group and the Bank

	Assets RM'000	Of which contract yet to transition to an alternative benchmark RM'000	Liabilities RM'000	Of which contract yet to transition to an alternative benchmark RM'000
Interest rate derivatives:				
Interest rate swaps				
- Kuala Lumpur Interbank Offered Rate				
('KLIBOR')	31,927	31,927	(16,849)	(16,849)

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

25 Subordinated obligations

	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022 30.06.2		
	RM'000	RM'000	
RM100.0 million Tier 2 subordinated notes, at par	100,000	100,000	
Add: Interest payable	197	197	
	100,197	100,197	
Less: Unamortised discounts	(4)	(5)	
	100,193	100,192	

On 6 November 2014, the Bank had completed the first issuance of RM50.0 million nominal value of Tier 2 Subordinated Notes ("Sub-Notes") out of its RM1.0 billion Multi-Currency Sub-Notes Programme. The RM50.0 million Sub-Notes will mature in 2024 and is callable on any coupon payment date falling on or after the 5th anniversary of the issue date. The Sub-Notes which bears interest rate of 5.30% per annum is payable semi-annually in arrears. The exercise of the call option on the Sub-Notes shall be subject to the approval of BNM.

The Sub-Notes constitute unsecured liabilities of the Bank, and is subordinated in right of payment to the deposit liabilities and all other liabilities of the Bank in accordance with the terms and conditions of the issue, except to those liabilities, which by their terms, rank equally in right of payment with or are subordinated to the Sub-Notes. The Sub-Notes qualify as Tier 2 capital for the purpose of determining the capital adequacy ratio of the Bank.

Subsequently, on 14 June 2019, the Bank issued a second tranche of RM100.0 million nominal value of 10-year noncallable 5 years Sub Notes callable on 14 June 2024 (and thereafter) and due on 14 June 2029 out of its RM1.0 billion Multi-Currency Sub Notes Programme. The coupon rate for this second tranche of the Sub Notes is 4.23% per annum, which is payable semi-annually in arrears from the date of the issue.

On 6 November 2019, HLIB had fully redeemed the first issuance of RM50.0 million nominal value of this Sub Notes.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

26 Share capital

	The Group and the Bank			
	30.06.2022		30.06.2	021
	Number of		Number of	
	ordinary		ordinary	
	shares		shares	
	'000	RM'000	'000'	RM'000
Ordinary share issued and fully paid:				
At 1 July/30 June - Ordinary shares with				
no par value	165,000	252,950	165,000	252,950

27 Redeemable preference shares ("RPS")

	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Authorised:			
Non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of RM0.01 each			
At 1 July/30 June	20,000	20,000	
Issued and fully paid capital: At 1 July/30 June			

The main features of the RPS are as follows:

- (a) The RPS have right to dividends at the discretion of the Directors of the Bank, subject to BNM's approval pursuant to Section 51 of Financial Services Act 2013.
- (b) The RPS rank pari passu in all respects among themselves.
- (c) The RPS will not be convertible into ordinary shares.
- (d) The RPS have no fixed maturity date and can be redeemed at any time by giving 7 days notice in writing.
- (e) The RPS will not be listed on any stock exchange.

On 28 May 2015, the Bank redeemed 163,076,524 RPS of RM0.01 each, representing 100% of its issued RPS capital held by HLG Securities Sdn Bhd.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

28 Reserves

	The G	roup	The B	ank
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Regulatory reserve (a)	12,148	13,149	12,148	13,149
Fair value reserve (b)	(19,792)	3,364	(19,792)	3,364
Retained profits (c)	288,171	389,554	287,881	389,376
	280,527	406,067	280,237	405,889

(a) Regulatory reserves represent the Group's and the Bank's compliance with BNM's Revised Policy Documents on Financial Reporting with effect from 27 September 2019, whereby the Bank and its domestic banking subsidiaries must maintain, in aggregate, loss allowance for non-credit impaired exposures and regulatory reserves of no less than 1% of total credit exposures, net of loss allowance for credit-impaired exposures.

However, with reference to the letter from BNM dated 24 March 2020, banking institutions are allowed to reduce their regulatory reserves held against expected losses to 0%. BNM expects that, subject to public health concerns abating and economic conditions improving thereafter, banking institutions should be in a position to restore their regulatory reserves to the minimum regulatory requirements by 30 September 2021. The Bank has not reversed the regulatory reserve as at 30 June 2022.

(b) Movement of the fair value reserve is as follows:

		nd the Bank	
	Note	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
		RM'000	RM'000
At 1 July		3,364	9,349
Net loss from change in fair value		(30,187)	(7,917)
Net changes in expected credit losses		(214)	31
Deferred taxation	13	7,245	1,901
Net change in fair value reserve		(23,156)	(5,985)
At 30 June		(19,792)	3,364

(c) The Bank can distribute dividends out of its entire retained earnings under the single-tier system.

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Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

29a Interest income

	The Group		The Bank	
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Loans and advances	16,484	14,302	16,484	14,302
Money at call and deposit placements with				
financial institutions	1,041	4,364	976	4,280
Financial investments at FVOCI	40,653	35,464	40,653	35,464
Financial investments at amortised cost	33,625	31,157	33,625	31,157
Others	16,347	17,126	16,347	17,126
	108,150	102,413	108,085	102,329
			<i>,</i>	,

29b Interest income for financial assets at FVTPL

	The Group a	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021		
	RM'000	RM'000		
Financial assets at FVTPL	23,989	37,423		

30 Interest expense

	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022 30.06.2		
	RM'000	RM'000	
Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institutions	4,836	5,120	
Deposits from customers	44,029	38,982	
Derivative financial instruments	28,578	41,500	
Subordinated obligations	4,231	4,232	
Lease liabilities	681	808	
Others	599	5	
	82,954	90,647	

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

31 Non-interest income

	The Group		The E	The Bank	
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Fee income					
Fee on loans and advances	341	494	341	494	
Arranger fees	1,503	3,856	1,503	3,856	
Placement fees	8,973	13,726	8,973	13,726	
Corporate advisory fees	9,970	6,626	9,970	6,626	
Underwriting commissions	1,343	129	1,343	129	
Brokerage income	67,241	135,265	67,241	135,265	
Commissions from future contracts	908	821	908	821	
Other fee income	4,743	8,062	4,553	7,863	
	95,022	168,979	94,832	168,780	
Net income from securities					
Net realised (loss)/gain arising from sale of:					
- Financial assets at FVTPL	(7,945)	5,006	(7,945)	5,006	
- Financial investments at FVOCI	(6,364)	12,931	(6,364)	12,931	
- Derivative financial instruments	35,400	(27,187)	35,400	(27,187)	
Net (loss)/gain on revaluation of:					
- Financial assets at FVTPL	(691)	(4,435)	(693)	(4,436)	
- Derivative financial instruments	14,023	19,532	14,023	19,532	
Dividend income from:					
- Financial assets at FVTPL	1,237	884	1,235	882	
Net unrealised loss on fair value changes arising					
from fair value hedges	(2,166)	(2,068)	(2,166)	(2,068)	
	33,494	4,663	33,490	4,660	
Other income					
Gain on disposal of property and equipment	35	-	35	-	
Foreign exchange (loss)/gain	(14,236)	23,877	(14,236)	23,877	
Other non-operating income	29	387	29	387	
	(14,172)	24,264	(14,172)	24,264	
Total non-interest income	114,344	197,906	114,150	197,704	

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

32 Overhead expenses

	The Group		The Bank	
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Personnel costs				
Salaries, allowances and bonuses	51,384	64,966	51,303	64,868
Others	7,251	5,776	7,236	5,758
	58,635	70,742	58,539	70,626
Establishment costs			-	
Depreciation of property and equipment	3,413	3,003	3,413	3,003
Depreciation of ROU assets	3,411	3,409	3,411	3,409
Amortisation of intangible assets	1,615	1,202	1,615	1,202
Rental expenses	102	84	94	68
Information technology expenses	6,549	7,141	6,549	7,141
Others	1,543	1,634	1,533	1,624
	16,633	16,473	16,615	16,447
Marketing expenses			-	
Advertisement and publicity	20	20	20	20
Entertainment and business improvement	971	483	971	483
Others	21	38	21	38
	1,012	541	1,012	541
Administration and general expenses				
Management fees	3,435	5,364	3,432	5,360
Teletransmission expenses	6,989	6,600	6,989	6,600
Auditors' remuneration				
- Statutory audit fees	262	290	255	283
- Regulatory related fees	23	23	23	23
- Tax compliance fee	16	15	16	15
- Other fees	-	120	-	120
Legal and professional fees	1,159	2,773	1,140	2,767
Property and equipment written off	-	22	-	22
Others	3,767	4,082	3,763	4,079
	15,651	19,289	15,618	19,269
			91,784	

Included in the overhead expenses of the Group and the Bank are Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Directors' remuneration totalling RM7,316,000 (2021: RM5,338,000).

There was no indemnity given or insurance effected for any auditor of the Group and the Bank during the annual financial year and its comparative financial year.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

33 Write-back of allowance for impairment losses on loans and advances

	The Group a	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021		
	RM'000	RM'000		
Expected credit losses on:				
- Loans and advances	190	3,052		
Impaired loans and advances written-off	(16)	(26)		
	174	3,026		

34 Write-back of allowance for impairment losses on financial investments and other financial assets

	The Group and the Bank	
	30.06.2022 RM'000	30.06.2021 RM'000
Expected credit losses on:		
(a) Financial investments:		
- Financial investments at FVOCI	214	(31)
- Financial investments at amortised cost	12	3
	226	(28)
(b) Other financial assets:		
(i) Clients' and brokers' balances:		
- Expected credit loss	190	838
- Impaired clients' and brokers' balances recovered	91	-
(ii) Other assets	(28)	(514)
	253	324
	479	296

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Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

35 Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Directors' remuneration

Forms of remuneration in aggregate for CEO and all Directors for the financial year as follows:

			The Group	and the Bank		
	3	0.06.2022			30.06.2021	
	Salaries, bonuses, allowances and defined contribution retirement plan RM'000	Director fees RM'000	Total RM'000	Salaries, bonuses, allowances and defined contribution retirement plan RM'000	Director fees RM'000	Total RM'000
Group Managing Director/				1000		1000
Chief Executive Officer:						
Lee Jim Leng	6,592	-	6,592	4,634	-	4,634
Executive Directors:						
Tan Kong Khoon	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Executive Directors:						
Yong Yoong Fa (Appointed as Board Chairma on 23 November 2020)	32 In	175	207	23	171	194
Dato' Mohzani bin						
Abdul Wahab	-	-	-	7	62	69
(Retired on 23 November 202)		105	1	22	105	150
Musa bin Mahmood Raja Noorma binti	20	135	155	23	135	158
Raja Othman	32	165	197	23	164	187
Datuk Manharlal a/l		200			101	107
Ratilal	20	145	165	14	82	96
(Appointed on 23 November 2	020)					
-	6,696	620	7,316	4,724	614	5,338
Directors of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total directors' remuneration	6,696	620	7,316	4,724	614	5,338

The movement and details of the Directors of the Bank in office and interests in shares and share options are reported in the Directors' Report.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

35 Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Directors' remuneration (continued)

The Directors' Remuneration in the current financial year represents remuneration for Directors of the Group, the Bank and its subsidiaries to comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2016. The names of directors of subsidiaries and their remuneration details are set out in the respective subsidiary's statutory accounts and the said information is deemed incorporated herein by such reference and made a part thereof.

During the financial year, Directors and Officers of the Group are covered under the Directors' & Officers' Liability Insurance in respect of liabilities arising from acts committed in their respective capacity as, inter alia, Directors and Officers of the Group subject to the terms of the policy. The total amount of Directors' & Officers' Liability Insurance effected for the Directors and Officers of the penultimate holding company and its subsidiaries was RM10 million. The total amount of premium paid for the Directors' & Officers' Liability Insurance by the penultimate holding company and its subsidiaries was RM84,550 (2021: RM71,250) and the apportioned amount of the said premium paid by the Bank was RM3,012 (2021: RM665).

36 Taxation

	The Group The Bank		The Group		Bank
	Note	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Malaysian income tax:					
- current financial year's charge		-	21	-	-
		-	21	-	_
Deferred taxation					
- relating to origination and reversal of					
temporary differences	13	17,885	(33,373)	17,885	(33,373)
		17,885	(33,373)	17,885	(33,373)
		17,885	(33,352)	17,885	(33,373)

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

36 Taxation (continued)

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to profit before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to tax income at the effective income tax rate of the Group and the Bank is as follows:

	The Group		The B	ank
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Profit before taxation	72,251	143,372	72,139	143,248
Tax calculated at a rate of 24%	17,340	34,409	17,313	34,380
Tax effects of:				
- Income not subject to tax	(335)	(437)	(272)	(393)
- Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,246	1,002	1,210	966
- Recognition of unutilised tax credit previously				
not recognised	(6)	(68,021)	(6)	(68,021)
- Origination of temporary differences previously				
not recognised	(360)	(305)	(360)	(305)
Tax expense for the financial year	17,885	(33,352)	17,885	(33,373)

37 Earnings per share

		The Group		The Bank	
		30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
(a)	Basic earnings per share	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
	Weighted average number of number of ordinary shares in issue	165,000	165,000	165,000	165,000
	Net profit attributable to equity holder of the Bank	54,366	176,724	54,254	176,621
	Basic earnings per share (sen)	32.95	107.11	32.88	107.04

(b) Diluted earnings per share

There is no diluted earnings per share as the Group and the Bank have no category of dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding as at 30 June 2022 and 30 June 2021.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

38 Significant related party transactions

(a) Related parties and relationships

The related parties and their relationships with the Bank are as follows:

Related parties	Relationship
Hong Leong Company (Malaysia) Berhad ("HLCM")	Ultimate holding company
Hong Leong Financial Group Berhad ("HLFG")	Penultimate holding company
Hong Leong Capital Berhad ("HLCB")	Immediate holding company
Subsidiary companies of the Bank as disclosed in Note 14	Subsidiaries
Subsidiary companies of HLCM	Subsidiaries of ultimate holding company
Subsidiary companies of HLFG	Subsidiaries of penultimate holding company
Subsidiary companies of HLCB	Subsidiaries of immediate holding company
Key management personnel	The key management personnel of the Group and the Bank consists of:
	- All Directors of the Group and the Bank
	- Key management personnel of the Group and the Bank who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group and the Bank either directly or indirectly
Related parties of key management personnel (deemed as related to the Bank)	(i) Close family members and dependents of key management personnel
	(ii) Entities that are controlled, jointly controlled or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly by key management personnel or its close family members

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

38 Significant related party transactions (continued)

(b) Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are as follows:

The Group 30.06.2022	Penultimate holding and immediate holding companies RM'000	Other [^] related companies RM'000	Key management personnel RM'000
Income			
Interest income	-	12,739	-
Brokerage income	-	812	46
Corporate advisory fee	-	300	-
Arranger fee	-	20	-
Placement fee	114	900	-
Other fee	60	282	-
Gain on securities and derivatives	-	8,418	-
	174	23,471	46
Expenditure *		1())(210
Interest expense Management fees	1,035	16,236	310
Depreciation of ROU assets	1,055	2,399 3,193	-
Interest on lease liabilities	-	5,195 676	-
Other miscellaneuos	- 55	3,836	_
ouler miscenalieuos	1,090	26,340	310
	1,070	20,540	510
Amounts due from:			
Cash and short-term funds	-	15,345	-
Financial assets at FVTPL	588	2,620	-
Derivative financial assets	-	10,602	-
Clients' and brokers' balances	-	284	-
ROU assets	-	12,925	-
Other assets	130	1,865	-
	718	43,641	-
Amounts due to:			
Deposits from customers	-	802	13,520
Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institution	- IS	123,174	-
Derivative financial liabilities	-	461	-
Clients' and brokers' balances	-	508	-
Lease liabilities	-	13,821	-
Other liabilities	80	577	-
	80	139,343	13,520

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Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

38 Significant related party transactions (continued)

(b) Related party transactions (continued)

Transactions with related parties are as follows: (continued)

The Group 30.06.2022	ho immedia	enultimate olding and te holding companies RM'000	^ Other related companies RM'000	Key management personnel RM'000
Commitments and contingencies				
Derivative financial instruments		-	610,000	-
The Group 30.06.2021				
Income				
Interest income		-	9,011	-
Brokerage income		-	2,594	267
Arranger fee		-	200	-
Placement fee		1,598	600	-
Other fee		60	274	-
Gain on securities and derivatives		-	3,055	-
		1,658	15,734	267
Expenditure *				
Interest expense		-	9,109	312
Management fees		830	4,534	-
Depreciation of ROU assets		-	3,190	-
Interest on lease liabilities		-	797	-
Other miscellaneuos		59	3,276	-
		889	20,906	312
Amounts due from:				
Cash and short-term funds		-	29,527	-
Financial assets at FVTPL		635	3,444	-
Derivative financial assets		-	2,859	-
Clients' and brokers' balances		-	4,754	-
ROU assets		-	14,315	-
Other assets		130	1,366	-
		765	56,265	-

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

38 Significant related party transactions (continued)

(b) Related party transactions (continued)

Transactions with related parties are as follows: (continued)

The Group 30.06.2021	imme	Penultimate holding and ediate holding companies RM'000	^ Other related companies RM'000	Key management personnel RM'000
Amounts due to:				
Deposits from customers		-	-	13,216
Deposits and placements of banks and other financial in	nstitutions	-	170,250	-
Derivative financial liabilities		-	1,554	-
Clients' and brokers' balances		-	1,201	-
Lease liabilities		-	14,971	-
Other liabilities	-	203	643	-
		203	188,619	13,216
Commitments and contingencies Derivative financial instruments		-	285,350	-
imm	Penultimate holding and ediate holding		Other [^] related	Key management
The Bank	companies	Subsidiaries	companies	personnel
	0	Subsidiaries RM'000		-
The Bank 30.06.2022	companies		companies	personnel
The Bank 30.06.2022 Income	companies		companies RM'000	personnel
The Bank 30.06.2022 Income Interest income	companies		companies RM'000 12,675	personnel
The Bank 30.06.2022 Income Interest income Brokerage income	companies		companies RM'000	personnel RM'000
The Bank 30.06.2022 Income Interest income	companies		companies RM'000 12,675 812	personnel RM'000
The Bank 30.06.2022 Income Interest income Brokerage income Corporate advisory fee	companies		companies RM'000 12,675 812 300	personnel RM'000
The Bank 30.06.2022 Income Interest income Brokerage income Corporate advisory fee Arranger fee	companies RM'000 - - -		companies RM'000 12,675 812 300 20	personnel RM'000
The Bank 30.06.2022 Income Interest income Brokerage income Corporate advisory fee Arranger fee Placement fee	companies RM'000 - - - 114 60 -		companies RM'000 12,675 812 300 20 900	personnel RM'000
The Bank 30.06.2022 Income Interest income Brokerage income Corporate advisory fee Arranger fee Placement fee Other fee	companies RM'000 - - - 114		companies RM'000 12,675 812 300 20 900 250	personnel RM'000
The Bank 30.06.2022 Income Interest income Brokerage income Corporate advisory fee Arranger fee Placement fee Other fee Gain on securities and derivatives	companies RM'000 - - - 114 60 -		companies RM'000 12,675 812 300 20 900 250 8,418 23,375	personnel RM'000 - 46 - - - - 46
The Bank 30.06.2022 Income Interest income Brokerage income Corporate advisory fee Arranger fee Placement fee Other fee Gain on securities and derivatives Expenditure * Interest expense	companies RM'000 - - - - 114 60 - 174		companies RM'000 12,675 812 300 20 900 250 8,418 23,375 16,236	personnel RM'000 - 46 - - - - -
The Bank 30.06.2022 Income Interest income Brokerage income Corporate advisory fee Arranger fee Placement fee Other fee Gain on securities and derivatives Expenditure * Interest expense Management fees	companies RM'000 - - - 114 60 -		companies RM'000 12,675 812 300 20 900 250 8,418 23,375 16,236 2,396	personnel RM'000 - 46 - - - - 46
The Bank 30.06.2022 Income Interest income Brokerage income Corporate advisory fee Arranger fee Placement fee Other fee Gain on securities and derivatives Expenditure * Interest expense Management fees Depreciation of ROU assets	companies RM'000 - - - - 114 60 - 174		companies RM'000 12,675 812 300 20 900 250 8,418 23,375 16,236 2,396 3,193	personnel RM'000 - 46 - - - - 46
The Bank 30.06.2022 Income Interest income Brokerage income Corporate advisory fee Arranger fee Placement fee Other fee Gain on securities and derivatives Expenditure * Interest expense Management fees Depreciation of ROU assets Interest on lease liabilities	companies RM'000 - - - - - - - - - - 114 60 - - - 174 - - 1,035 - - -		companies RM'000 12,675 812 300 20 900 250 8,418 23,375 16,236 2,396 3,193 676	personnel RM'000 - 46 - - - - 46
The Bank 30.06.2022 Income Interest income Brokerage income Corporate advisory fee Arranger fee Placement fee Other fee Gain on securities and derivatives Expenditure * Interest expense Management fees Depreciation of ROU assets	companies RM'000 - - - - 114 60 - 174		companies RM'000 12,675 812 300 20 900 250 8,418 23,375 16,236 2,396 3,193	personnel RM'000 - 46 - - - - 46

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

38 Significant related party transactions (continued)

(b) Related party transactions (continued)

Transactions with related parties are as follows: (continued)

The Bank 30.06.2022	Penultimate holding and immediate holding companies RM'000	Subsidiaries RM'000	^ Other related companies RM'000	Key management personnel RM'000
Amounts due from:				
Cash and short-term funds	-	-	15,157	-
Financial assets at FVTPL	588	-	2,620	-
Derivative financial assets	-	-	10,602	-
Clients' and brokers' balances	-	-	284	-
ROU assets	-	-	12,925	-
Other assets	130	-	1,865	-
	718	-	43,453	-
Amounts due to:				
Deposits from customers	-	-	802	13,520
Deposits and placements of banks and				,
other financial institutions	-	-	123,174	-
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	461	-
Clients' and brokers' balances	-	-	508	-
Lease liabilities	-	-	13,821	-
Other liabilities	80	-	574	-
	80	-	139,340	13,520
Commitments and contingencies				
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	610,000	-
The Bank 30.06.2021				
Income				
Interest income	-	-	8,927	-
Brokerage income	-	-	2,594	267
Arranger fee	-	-	200	-
Placement fee	1,598	-	600	-
Other fee	60	-	250	-
Gain on securities and derivatives	-	-	3,055	-
	1,658	-	15,626	267

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Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

38 Significant related party transactions (continued)

(b) Related party transactions (continued)

Transactions with related parties are as follows: (continued)

Expenditure * Interest expense - - 9,109 312 Management fees 830 - 4,530 - Depreciation of ROU assets - - 797 - Interest on lease liabilities - - 797 - Other miscellaneuos 59 - 3,265 - Rand short-term funds - - 27,695 - Cash and short-term funds - - 2,859 - Clients' and brokers' balances - - 2,859 - Clients' and brokers' balances - - 4,754 - ROU assets - - 14,315 - Other assets 130 - 1,366 - Totase ta placements of banks and other financial institutions - - 13,216 Deposits from customers - - 1,201 - Lease liabilities - - 1,201 - Lease liabilities - - 1,201 - Derivative financial	The Bank 30.06.2021	Penultimate holding and immediate holding companies RM'000	Subsidiaries RM'000	^ Other related companies RM'000	Key management personnel RM'000
Interest expense - - 9,109 312 Management fees 830 - 4,530 - Depreciation of ROU assets - - 3,190 - Interest on lease liabilities - - 797 - Other miscellaneuos 59 - 3,265 - Management fees 889 - 20,891 312 Amounts due from: - - 797 - Cash and short-term funds - - 27,695 - Financial assets at FVTPL 635 - 3,444 - Derivative financial assets - - 2,859 - Clients' and brokers' balances - - 14,315 - Other assets - - 14,315 - Deposits from customers - - - 13,216 Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institutions - - 170,250 - Derivative financial liabilities - - 1,554 - - - 1,20					
Management fees 830 - $4,530$ -Depreciation of ROU assets $3,190$ -Interest on lease liabilities 797 -Other miscellaneuos 59 - $3,265$ -B89- $20,891$ 312 Amounts due from: $27,695$ -Cash and short-term funds $27,695$ -Financial assets at FVTPL 635 - $3,444$ -Derivative financial assets $4,754$ -Clients' and brokers' balances $14,315$ -Other assets $14,315$ -Other assets $14,315$ -Deposits from customers $13,216$ Deposits from customers170,250-Derivative financial institutions $12,011$ -Lease liabilities $14,971$ -Other liabilities $14,971$ -Other liabilities $14,971$ -Other liabilities $148,615$ $13,216$ Commitments and contingencies $188,615$ $13,216$	Expenditure *				
Depreciation of ROU assets3,190-Interest on lease liabilities797-Other miscellaneuos 59 - $3,265$ - Amounts due from: 59 - $20,891$ 312 Amounts due from: 635 - $3,444$ -Cash and short-term funds $2,695$ -Financial assets at FVTPL 635 - $3,444$ -Derivative financial assets $2,859$ -Clients' and brokers' balances $4,754$ -ROU assets14,315-Other assets13,216-Deposits from customers13,216Deposits and placements of banks and other financial liabilities13,216Derivative financial liabilities1,201-Lease liabilities14,971-Other liabilities14,971-Other liabilities12,03-203-639203-188,61513,216Commitments and contingencies		-	-	9,109	312
Interest on lease liabilities - - 797 - Other miscellaneuos 59 - $3,265$ - Manunts due from: 889 - $20,891$ 312 Amounts due from: - - $27,695$ - Cash and short-term funds - - $27,695$ - Derivative financial assets - - $2,859$ - Clients' and brokers' balances - - $4,754$ - ROU assets - - $14,315$ - Other assets 130 - $1,366$ - Tobe assets - - 13,216 - Deposits from customers - - 13,216 - Deposits and placements of banks and other financial liabilities - - 13,216 - Derivative financial liabilities - - 1,201 - - - Lease liabilities - - 1,201 - - 203 - 203 - 203 - 203		830	-	4,530	-
Other miscellaneuos 59 $3,265$ $-$ Amounts due from: 889 $ 20,891$ 312 Amounts due from: 635 $ 20,891$ 312 Cash and short-term funds $ 20,891$ 312 Derivative financial assets at FVTPL 635 $ 3,444$ $-$ Derivative financial assets $ 2,859$ $-$ Clients' and brokers' balances $ 4,754$ $-$ ROU assets $ 14,315$ $-$ Other assets $ 13,266$ $-$ Deposits from customers $ 13,216$ Derivative financial institutions $ 13,216$ Derivative financial liabilities $ 1,201$ $-$ Lease liabilities $ 14,971$ $-$ Q03 $ 639$ $ 203$ $ 203$ $ 188,615$ $13,216$	•	-	-		-
Amounts due from: Cash and short-term funds $ 20,891$ 312 Amounts due from: Cash and short-term funds $ 27,695$ $-$ Financial assets at FVTPL 635 $ 3,444$ $-$ Derivative financial assets $ 2,859$ $-$ Clients' and brokers' balances $ 4,754$ $-$ ROU assets $ 14,315$ $-$ Other assets 130 $ 1,366$ $-$ Deposits from customers $ 13,216$ Deposits from customers $ 1,554$ $-$ Derivative financial liabilities $ 1,201$ $-$ Lease liabilities $ 14,971$ $-$ Other liabilities $ 188,615$ $13,216$	Interest on lease liabilities	-	-	797	-
Amounts due from: Cash and short-term funds27,695-Financial assets at FVTPL 635 - $3,444$ -Derivative financial assets $2,859$ -Clients' and brokers' balances $4,754$ -ROU assets $14,315$ -Other assets130- $1,366$ -Deposits from customers $13,216$ Deposits from customers $13,216$ Deposits and placements of banks and other financial liabilities $12,010$ Clients' and brokers' balances $12,011$ -Lease liabilities $14,9711$ -Other liabilities $14,971$ -203- $188,615$ $13,216$ -	Other miscellaneuos		-		-
Cash and short-term funds $27,695$ -Financial assets at FVTPL635- $3,444$ -Derivative financial assets $2,859$ -Clients' and brokers' balances $4,754$ -ROU assets $14,315$ -Other assets $14,315$ -Other assets $13,266$ -Deposits from customersDeposits from customers170,250Derivative financial liabilities1,554Clients' and brokers' balances1,201Lease liabilities14,971Other liabilities14,971Other liabilities13,216Commitments and contingencies		889	-	20,891	312
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Clients' and brokers' balances $4,754$ -ROU assets $14,315$ -Other assets 130 - $1,366$ - 130 - $1,366$ 765 - $54,433$ -Amounts due to:Deposits from customersDeposits and placements of banks and other financial institutions13,216Derivative financial liabilities1,254-Clients' and brokers' balances14,971-Lease liabilities14,971-Other liabilities203-639-203-188,61513,216		055	-		-
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Amounts due to:Deposits from customers13,216Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institutions170,250-Derivative financial liabilities1,554-Clients' and brokers' balances1,201-Lease liabilities14,971-Other liabilities203-639-Z03-188,61513,216		- 120	-		-
Amounts due to:Deposits from customers13,216Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institutions13,216Derivative financial liabilities170,250-Derivative financial liabilities1,554-Clients' and brokers' balances1,201-Lease liabilities14,971-Other liabilities203-639-203-188,61513,216	Other assets				
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other financial institutions170,250-Derivative financial liabilities1,554-Clients' and brokers' balances1,201-Lease liabilities14,971-Other liabilities203-639-203-188,61513,216	Deposits from customers	-	-	-	13,216
Derivative financial liabilities1,554-Clients' and brokers' balances1,201-Lease liabilities14,971-Other liabilities203-639-203-188,61513,216	Deposits and placements of banks and				
Clients' and brokers' balances - - 1,201 - Lease liabilities - - 14,971 - Other liabilities 203 - 639 - 203 - 188,615 13,216	other financial institutions	-	-	170,250	-
Lease liabilities - - 14,971 - Other liabilities 203 - 639 - 203 - 188,615 13,216	Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	1,554	-
Other liabilities 203 - 639 - 203 - 188,615 13,216		-	-	1,201	-
203 - 188,615 13,216 Commitments and contingencies		-	-		-
Commitments and contingencies	Other liabilities		-		-
		203	-	188,615	13,216
	Commitments and contingencies				
	0	-	-	285,350	-

* Pursuant to requirements as set out in Bank Negara Malaysia's ("BNM") circular dated 31 January 2019 on Standards on Intercompany Charges Paid/Payable to Foreign Shareholders/Related Entities, the intercompany payments by the Bank are primarily transacted with related parties domiciled in Malaysia.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

38 Significant related party transactions (continued)

(b) Related party transactions (continued)

Transactions with related parties are as follows: (continued)

^ Other related companies refers to related parties stated in page 98, excluding the penultimate holding company, immediate holding company and subsidiaries of the Bank.

The significant related party transactions above are primarily transacted with related parties domiciled in Malaysia.

(c) Key management personnel

	The Group and the Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Salaries, allowances and other short-term employee benefits	11,328	8,661	
Fees	620	614	
	11,948	9,275	

Included in the above is the Directors' remuneration which is disclosed in Note 35.

(d) Credit transactions and exposure with connected parties

Credit exposures with connected parties as per Bank Negara Malaysia's revised Guidelines on Credit Transactions and Exposures with Connected Parties are as follows:

	The Group a	The Group and the Bank	
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Outstanding credit exposures with connected parties	17,377	2,226	
Percentage of outstanding credit exposures with connected			
parties as a proportion of total credit exposures	3.13%	3.17%	
Percentage of outstanding credit exposures with connected			
parties which is non-performing or in default	0.00%	0.00%	

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

39 Dividends

Dividends declared and proposed as follows:-

	The Group and the Bank			
	30.06.2022		30.06.2021	
	Single-tier		Single-tier	
	dividend per	Amount of	dividend per	Amount of
	share	dividend	share	dividend
	Sen	RM'000	Sen	RM'000
Ordinary shares	23.60	38,940	95.00	156,750

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, the Directors of the Bank propose a final single-tier dividend of 23.6 sen per share on the Bank's issued and paid-up share capital amounting to RM38,940,000 for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

Dividends recognised as distribution to ordinary equity holders of the Bank:

	The Group and the Bank			
	30.06.2022		30.06.2021	
	Single-tier		Single-tier	
	dividend per	Amount of	dividend per	Amount of
	share	dividend	share	dividend
	Sen	RM'000	Sen	RM'000
Ordinary shares	95.00	156,750	40.00	66,000

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Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

40 Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Bank makes various commitments and incur certain contingent liabilities with legal recourse to their customers. No material losses are anticipated as a result of these transactions. These commitments and contingencies are also not secured over the assets of the Group.

The Group and the Bank	30.06.2022 Principal amount RM'000	30.06.2021 Principal amount RM'000
Commitments and contingencies		
Direct credit substitutes	1,000	1,000
Obligations under underwriting agreement	7,140	-
Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines, with an original maturity:		
- over one year	-	30,000
Any commitments that are unconditionally cancelled at any time by the Bank without prior notice		
- maturity less than one year	919,747	911,550
	927,887	942,550
Derivative financial instruments Interest rate related contracts [^] :		
- One year or less	1,019,897	1,592,995
- Over one year to five years	2,503,000	2,075,000
Foreign exchange related contracts [^] :		
- One year or less	1,516,655	1,383,225
Equity related contracts [^] :		
- Over one year to five years	200	200
	5,039,752	5,051,420
	5,967,639	5,993,970

^ These derivatives are revalued at gross position basis and the fair value have been reflected in Note 24 to the financial statements as derivative financial assets or derivatives financial liabilities.

The Group and the Bank do not have commitments and contingent liabilities other than as disclosed above.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

41 Capital commitments

	The Group an	d the Bank
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
	RM'000	RM'000
Property and equipment		
- approved and contracted but not provided for	3,115	4,602

42 Capital Management

The Bank's capital is in relation to its risk profile and strategic objectives set by the Board to meet shareholder's requirements and expectations. The Bank's Capital Management Framework for maintaining appropriate capital levels has complied with the requirements of Bank Negara Malaysia's Revised Risk Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework. The components of the total capital and capital adequacy ratios are disclosed in Note 43.

43 Capital adequacy

The Group's and the Bank's regulatory capital is governed by BNM's Capital Adequacy Framework guidelines. The capital adequacy ratios of the Group and the Bank are computed in accordance with BNM's Capital Adequacy Framework (Capital Components) (the "Framework"). The Framework sets out the approach for computing the regulatory capital adequacy ratios, the minimum levels of the ratios at which banking institutions are required to operate as well as requirement on Capital Conservation Buffer ("CCB") and Counter Cyclical Buffer ("CCyB"). The Group and the Bank are also required to maintain CCB of up to 2.500% of total risk weighted assets ("RWA"), which is phased in starting with 0.625% in year 2016, 1.250% in year 2017, 1.875% in year 2018 and 2.500% in year 2019. The CCyB which ranges from 0% up to 2.500% is determined as the weighted average of prevailing CCyB rates applied in the jurisdictions in which a financial institution has credit exposures.

The minimum capital adequacy including CCB for Common Equity Tier I (CETI) capital ratio, Tier I capital ratio and Total capital ratio are 7.000%, 8.500% and 10.500% respectively.

The Group and the Bank have adopted the Standardised Approach for Credit Risk and Market Risk, and the Basic Indicator Approach for Operational Risk computation in deriving the RWA.

(i) The capital adequacy ratios of the Group and the Bank are as follows:

	The G	roup	The Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
Before deducting proposed dividends:					
Common equity tier 1 ("CET1") capital ratio	39.464%	50.556%	39.445%	50.575%	
Tier I capital ratio	39.464%	50.556%	39.445%	50.575%	
Total capital ratio	50.447%	61.379%	50.437%	61.409%	

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

43 Capital adequacy (continued)

(i) The capital adequacy ratios of the Group and the Bank are as follows: (continued)

	The G	roup	The Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
After deducting proposed dividends: ⁽¹⁾ CET I capital ratio Tier I capital ratio Total capital ratio	35.389% 35.389% 46.372%	34.419% 34.419% 45.241%	35.367% 35.367% 46.359%	34.419% 34.419% 45.253%	

Note:

⁽¹⁾ Proposed dividends of RM38,940,000 (2021: RM156,750,000).

(ii) The components of CET1, Tier 1 and total capital of the Group and the Bank are as follows:

The G	roup	The Bank		
30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
252,950	252,950	252,950	252,950	
288,171	389,554	287,881	389,376	
(19,792)	3,364	(19,792)	3,364	
(33,638)	(31,745)	(33,638)	(31,745)	
(110,559)	(121,199)	(110,559)	(121,199)	
-	-	(200)	(200)	
-	(1,850)	-	(1,850)	
377,132	491,074	376,642	490,696	
377,132	491,074	376,642	490,696	
4,952	5,120	4,952	5,115	
100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	
104,952	105,120	104,952	105,115	
482,084	596,194	481,594	595,811	
	30.06.2022 RM'000 252,950 288,171 (19,792) (33,638) (110,559) - - - - - - - - - - - - -	RM'000 RM'000 252,950 252,950 288,171 389,554 (19,792) 3,364 (33,638) (31,745) (110,559) (121,199) - - - (1,850) 377,132 491,074 377,132 491,074 100,000 100,000 104,952 105,120	30.06.2022 RM'000 30.06.2021 RM'000 30.06.2022 RM'000 252,950 252,950 252,950 288,171 389,554 287,881 (19,792) 3,364 (19,792) (33,638) (31,745) (33,638) (110,559) (121,199) (110,559) - (200) - - (1,850) - - (200) - - (1,850) - - (200) - - (200) - - (1,850) - - (200) - - (1,850) - - (200) - - (200) - - (200) - - (200) - - (200) - - - (200) - - - - - - - - - <	

Note:

⁽²⁾ Includes the qualifying regulatory reserve for non-impaired loans and advances.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

43 Capital adequacy (continued)

(iii) Breakdown of risk-weighted assets in the various risk weights:

	The G	roup	The Bank		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Credit risk	396,174	409,572	396,120	409,205	
Market risk	217,522	248,500	217,123	248,108	
Operational risk	341,935	313,267	341,603	312,925	
	955,631	971,339	954,846	970,238	

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments

(a) Risk management objectives and policies

Risk Management is one of the core activities of the Bank to strike a balance between sound practices and riskreturn. An effective risk management is therefore vital to ensure that the Bank conducts its business in a prudent manner to ensure that the risk of potential losses is reduced.

Credit Risk

Credit risk, or the risk of counterparties defaulting, is controlled by the application of credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures. Credit risk include settlement risk, default risk and concentration risk. Exposure to credit risk arises mainly from financing, underwriting, securities and derivative exposures of the Bank.

The Bank has set out Board approved policies and guidelines for the management of credit risk. The Management Credit and Underwriting Committee ("MCUC") shall oversee all credit related matters of the Bank, in addition to an independent Credit Department.

The Board has delegated appropriate Delegation of Authority to the MCUC and senior management for the approval of credit facilities.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from adverse fluctuation in market prices, such as interest rates, equity prices and foreign currency. The Bank monitors all such exposures arising from trading activities of the treasury and stockbroking business activities on a daily basis and management is alerted on the financial impact of these risks.

The Bank has in place a set of policies, guidelines for the management of market risk. Stress testing is also employed to capture the potential market risk exposures from unexpected market movements. Concerns and significant findings are communicated to the senior management at the Assets and Liabilities Management Committee ("ALMCO") and to the Board.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of financial loss arising from the inability to fund increases in assets and/or meet obligations as they fall due. Financial obligations arises from the withdrawal of deposits, funding of loans committed and repayment of borrowed funds. It is the Bank's policy to ensure that there is adequate liquidity across all business units to sustain ongoing operations, as well as sufficient liquidity to fund asset growth and strategic opportunities.

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(a) Risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct and indirect loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes and controls due to error, inefficiencies, omission and unauthorised access, including external events beyond the control of the Bank. In order to reduce or mitigate these risks, the Bank has established internal control mechanisms within the various levels of the organisation, which include the setting up of procedural and control systems by the various units to manage the day-to-day operational risk inherent in their respective business and functional areas.

The Operational Risk Management ("ORM") Policy is in place to ensure that controls and segregation of duties exists to mitigate operational risks. The Bank has taken an initiative to promote operational risk awareness among its staff and an in-house awareness programme was completed in 2011. The Bank has begun presenting loss data reports on monthly basis to the senior management and the Board. This will also provide the foundation for mapping and collecting data on loss events and self-assessment models in subsequent phases of the ORM initiatives.

Interest rate benchmark reform

Interest rate benchmarks such as interbank offered rates (IBORs) has play an important role in global financial markets. These benchmarks index trillions of dollars in a wide variety of financial products, ranging from mortgages to derivatives. With recent market developments, question has been brought in on the long-term reliability of such benchmarks. In some jurisdictions, it is now a clear steer towards replacing existing benchmarks with alternative, nearly risk-free rates (referred to as 'IBOR reform'). The introduction of new alternative reference rate ('ARR') or IBOR reform aims to facilitate usage of benchmarks rates that are more robust and based upon transaction in active, liquid markets. As at 30 June 2022, the Group and the Bank has exposure to Kuala Lumpur Interbank Offered Rate ('KLIBOR').

On 27 September 2021, in line with the London Interbank Offered Rate ('LIBOR') reforms after the Global Financial Crisis, BNM has announced the launch of the MYOR as the new ARR for Malaysia. Globally, ARRs are being introduced to improve the integrity of financial benchmark rates as part of a transition to transaction-based rates. The MYOR will run in parallel to the existing KLIBOR with periodic reviews to ensure that the financial benchmark rates remain robust and reflective of an active underlying market. The availability of two financial benchmark rates provides market participants with the flexibility to choose the rate that best suits their needs and facilitates the development of MYOR-based products.

The BNM will also discontinue the publication of the 2- and 12-month KLIBOR tenors, which are the least referenced rates in the market for financial contracts, on 1 January 2023. The remaining 1-, 3- and 6-month KLIBOR tenors, which continue to reflect an active underlying market, will be reviewed in the second half of 2022. The BNM has also indicated that it is in the midst of developing a new Islamic benchmark rate to replace the Kuala Lumpur Islamic Reference Rate ('KLIRR'), by the first half of 2022.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(a) Risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Interest rate benchmark reform (continued)

There remain key differences between KLIBOR and MYOR. KLIBOR is a 'term rate', which means it is published for a borrowing period (i.e. 3- or 6-month tenor) and is 'forward looking', because it is published at the beginning of the borrowing period. MYOR likewise, is a 'backward-looking' rate, based on unsecured overnight Malaysian Ringgit interbank transactions in the Malaysian financial market, and it is published on the next business day (i.e. at the end of the overnight borrowing period). Furthermore, KLIBOR includes a credit spread over the risk-free rate, while MYOR currently does not. On transition existing contracts and agreements that reference KLIBOR to MYOR, adjustments for term and credit differences might need to be applied to MYOR, to enable the two benchmark rates to be economically equivalent on transition.

The Group and the Bank has set up an internal working group and the key objectives of the internal working group include the followings:

- identifying contracts in scope of benchmark reform;
- considering changes to internal systems, processes, risk management and valuation models;
- allocation of roles and responsibilities and identification of relevant responsible parties to execute and implement the transition; and
- managing any related tax and accounting implications.

The main risks to which the Group and the Bank has been exposed as a result of IBOR reform are operational. The operational risks will arise during the renegotiation of financial contracts through bilateral negotiation with customers, updating of contractual terms, updating of systems that use IBOR curves and revision of operational controls related to the reform and regulatory risks. Financial risk is predominantly limited to interest rate risk.

As at 30 June 2022, changes required to systems, processes and models have been identified and have been partially implemented. The Bank has identified all KLIBOR-linked contracts as at 30 June 2022 and all contracts was referenced to 3-month KLIBOR. The Group and the Bank will closely monitor the regulators' announcements on MYOR or discontinuation of publication of the KLIBOR for the relevant tenors and continues to engage with industry participants, to ensure an orderly transition to MYOR and to minimise the risks arising from transition, and it will continue to identify and assess risks associated with KLIBOR replacement.

For the financial instruments that the Group and the Bank hold as at 30 June 2022 which referenced to KLIBOR, kindly refer to Note 7 and Note 24 of the financial statements.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Market risk

Market risk sensitivity assessment is based on the changes in key variables, such as interest rates and foreign currency rates, while all other variables remain unchanged. The sensitivity factors used are assumptions based on parallel shifts in the key variables to project the impact on the assets and liabilities position of the Group and the Bank as at the reporting date.

The scenarios used are simplified whereby it is assumed that all key variables for all maturities move at the same time and by the same magnitude and do not incorporate actions that would be otherwise taken by the business unit and risk management to mitigate the effect of this movement in key variables. In reality, the Group and the Bank proactively seek to ensure that the interest rate risk profile is managed to minimise losses and optimise net revenues.

(i) Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The following table shows the sensitivity of the Group's and the Bank's profit after tax and its equity with an immediate up and down \pm -100 basis points ('bps') parallel shift in the interest rate.

	30.06.	2022	30.06.2021			
The Group and the Bank	Impact on profit after tax RM'000	Impact on equity RM'000	Impact on profit after tax RM'000	Impact on equity RM'000		
30.06.2022						
+100 bps	10,239	(28,236)	7,139	(34,406)		
-100 bps	(10,239)	28,236	(7,139)	34,406		

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The foreign currency sensitivity represents the affect of the appreciation or depreciation of the foreign currency rates against Ringgit Malaysia on the consolidated currency position, while other variables remain constant.

Impact on profit after tax

	30.06.2	022	30.06.2021		
	+1%	-1%	+1%	-1%	
The Group and the Bank	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
USD	(11)	11	158	(158)	
SGD	(11)	11	17	(17)	
Others	26	(26)	34	(34)	
	4	(4)	209	(209)	

(iii) Equity prices sensitivity analysis

The Group and the Bank's exposure to equity securites price risk arises from investments held by the Group and classified in the statements of financial position as financial assets àt FVTPL and financial investments at FVOCI.

The Group and the Bank do not have significant exposure to equity price risks.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

Interest rate risk

The tables below summarise the Group's and the Bank's exposure to interest rate risks. Included in the tables are the Group's and the Bank's financial assets and financial liabilities at their carrying amounts, categorised by the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity dates. As interest rates and yield curves change over time, the Group and the Bank may be exposed to loss in earnings due to the effects of interest rates on the structure of the statements of financial position. Sensitivity to interest rates arises from mismatches in the repricing dates, cash flows and other characteristics of the assets and their corresponding liabilities funding.

	•		- Non–tradi	ing book ——				
					Ν	Non-interest		
The Group	Up to	1 – 3	3 to 12	1 – 5	Over 5	rate	Trading	
30.06.2022	1 month	months	months	years	years	sensitive	book	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Assets								
Cash and short-term funds	211,123	-	-	-	-	40,324	-	251,447
Clients' and brokers' balances	-	-	-	-	-	103,077	-	103,077
Deposits and placements with banks and								
other financial institutions	-	100,021	-	-	-	-	-	100,021
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,496	26,496
Financial investments at FVOCI	10,012	49,973	51,934	898,855	231,513	14,353	-	1,256,640
Financial investments at amortised cost	200,014	30,128	135,572	868,735	-	15,993	-	1,250,442
Loans and advances	329,300	-	22,960	36,045	5,238	177	-	393,720
Derivative financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,393	38,393
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	29,821	-	29,821
Total assets	750,449	180,122	210,466	1,803,635	236,751	203,745	64,889	3,450,057

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

	•		Non-trad	ing book 🛛 —				
					N	Non-interest		
The Group	Up to	1 – 3	3 to 12	1 – 5	Over 5	rate	Trading	
30.06.2022	1 month	months	months	years	years	sensitive	book	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Liabilities								
Clients' and brokers' balances	-	-	-	-	-	76,502	-	76,502
Deposits from customers	716,995	16,341	24,954	-	-	1,346	-	759,636
Deposits and placements of banks and other								
financial institutions	1,802,886	103,266	-	-	-	1,083	-	1,907,235
Lease liabilities	361	539	2,404	10,597	-	-	-	13,901
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	201,169	-	201,169
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,705	26,705
Subordinated obligations	-	-	-	-	99,996	197	-	100,193
Total liabilities	2,520,242	120,146	27,358	10,597	99,996	280,297	26,705	3,085,341
Net interest sensitivity gap	(1,769,793)	59,976	183,108	1,793,038	136,755			
Direct credit substitutes	-	-	-	-	-	1,000		
Credit related commitments and contingencies	-	-	-	-	-	926,887		
Net interest sensitivity gap	-	-	-	-	-	927,887		

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

	•		- Non-tradi	ng book 🛛 —				
The Group 30.06.2021	Up to 1 month RM'000	1 – 3 months RM'000	3 to 12 months RM'000	1 – 5 years RM'000	N Over 5 years RM'000	Non-interest rate sensitive RM'000	Trading book RM'000	Total RM'000
Assets								
Cash and short-term funds	13,874	-	-	-	-	104,477	-	118,351
Clients' and brokers' balances	-	-	-	-	-	199,794	-	199,794
Deposits and placements with banks and								
other financial institutions	-	31,136	-	-	-	3	-	31,139
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	-	-	-	-	-	523,419	523,419
Financial investments at FVOCI	20,004	40,077	199,575	721,874	354,673	14,617	-	1,350,820
Financial investments at amortised cost	30,013	40,055	41,623	745,249	188,997	13,349	-	1,059,286
Loans and advances	294,005	-	27,944	8,017	5,656	137	-	335,759
Derivative financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,494	34,494
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	44,450	-	44,450
Total assets	357,896	111,268	269,142	1,475,140	549,326	376,827	557,913	3,697,512

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

	•		Non–trad	ing book 🛛 —				
					Ν	Non-interest		
The Group	Up to	1 – 3	3 to 12	1 – 5	Over 5	rate	Trading	
30.06.2021	1 month	months	months	years	years	sensitive	book	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Liabilities								
Clients' and brokers' balances	-	-	-	-	-	176,640	-	176,640
Deposits from customers	593,632	107,146	-	-	-	760	-	701,538
Deposits and placements of banks and other								
financial institutions	1,925,251	111,052	12,484	-	-	635	-	2,049,422
Lease liabilities	300	517	2,218	10,941	1,217	-	-	15,193
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	133,614	-	133,614
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	1,643	-	-	39,413	41,056
Subordinated obligations	-	-	-	-	99,995	197	-	100,192
Total liabilities	2,519,183	218,715	14,702	12,584	101,212	311,846	39,413	3,217,655
Net interest sensitivity gap	(2,161,287)	(107,447)	254,440	1,462,556	448,114			
Direct credit substitutes	-	-	-	-	-	1,000		
Credit related commitments and contingencies	_	-	-	-	-	941,550		
Net interest sensitivity gap	-	-	-	-	-	942,550		

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

	•		Non-tradi	ing book ——				
					N	Non-interest		
	Up to	1 – 3	3 to 12	1 – 5	Over 5	rate	Trading	
The Bank	1 month	months	months	years	years	sensitive	book	Total
30.06.2022	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Assets								
Cash and short-term funds	211,123	-	-	-	-	40,136	-	251,259
Clients' and brokers' balances	-	-	-	-	-	103,077	-	103,077
Deposits and placements with banks and								
other financial institutions	-	100,021	-	-	-	-	-	100,021
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,297	26,297
Financial investments at FVOCI	10,012	49,973	51,934	898,855	231,513	14,353	-	1,256,640
Financial investments at amortised cost	200,014	30,128	135,572	868,735	-	15,993	-	1,250,442
Loans and advances	329,300	-	22,960	36,045	5,238	177	-	393,720
Derivative financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,393	38,393
Other financial assets	-	-		-	-	29,807	-	29,807
Total assets	750,449	180,122	210,466	1,803,635	236,751	203,543	64,690	3,449,656

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

	4		Non–tradi	ng book ——				
					N	Non-interest		
The Bank	Up to	1 – 3	3 to 12	1 – 5	Over 5	rate	Trading	
30.06.2022	1 month	months	months	years	years	sensitive	book	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Liabilities								
Clients' and brokers' balances	-	-	-	-	-	76,502	-	76,502
Deposits from customers	716,995	16,341	24,954	-	-	1,346	-	759,636
Deposits and placements of banks and other								
financial institutions	1,802,886	103,266	-	-	-	1,083	-	1,907,235
Lease liabilities	361	539	2,404	10,597	-	-	-	13,901
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	201,244	-	201,244
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,705	26,705
Subordinated obligations	-	-	-	-	99,996	197	-	100,193
Total liabilities	2,520,242	120,146	27,358	10,597	99,996	280,372	26,705	3,085,416
Net interest sensitivity gap	(1,769,793)	59,976	183,108	1,793,038	136,755			
Direct credit substitutes	-	-	-	-	-	1,000		
Credit related commitments and contingencies	-	-	-	-	-	926,887		
Net interest sensitivity gap	-	-	-	-	-	927,887		

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

	•	Non–tradi	ng book –					
					Ν	Non-interest		
	Up to	1 – 3	3 to 12	1 – 5	Over 5	rate	Trading	
The Bank	1 month	months	months	years	years	sensitive	book	Total
30.06.2021	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Assets								
Cash and short-term funds	13,874	-	-	-	-	102,645	-	116,519
Clients' and brokers' balances	-	-	-	-	-	199,794	-	199,794
Deposits and placements with banks and								
other financial institutions	-	31,136	-	-	-	3	-	31,139
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	-	-	-	-	-	523,223	523,223
Financial investments at FVOCI	20,004	40,077	199,575	721,874	354,673	14,617	-	1,350,820
Financial investments at amortised cost	30,013	40,055	41,623	745,249	188,997	13,349	-	1,059,286
Loans and advances	294,005	-	27,944	8,017	5,656	137	-	335,759
Derivative financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,494	34,494
Other financial assets		-	-	-	-	44,449	-	44,449
Total assets	357,896	111,268	269,142	1,475,140	549,326	374,994	557,717	3,695,483

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

	← Non-trading book			ing book 🛛 —				
					ľ	Non-interest		
The Bank	Up to	1 – 3	3 to 12	1 – 5	Over 5	rate	Trading	
30.06.2021	1 month	months	months	years	years	sensitive	book	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Liabilities								
Clients' and brokers' balances	-	-	-	-	-	176,640	-	176,640
Deposits from customers	593,632	107,146	-	-	-	760	-	701,538
Deposits and placements of banks and other								
financial institutions	1,925,251	111,052	12,484	-	-	635	-	2,049,422
Lease liabilities	300	517	2,218	10,941	1,217	-	-	15,193
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	131,972	-	131,972
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	1,643	-	-	39,413	41,056
Subordinated obligations	-	-	-	-	99,995	197	-	100,192
Total liabilities	2,519,183	218,715	14,702	12,584	101,212	310,204	39,413	3,216,013
Net interest sensitivity gap	(2,161,287)	(107,447)	254,440	1,462,556	448,114			
Direct credit substitutes	-	-	-	-	-	1,000		
Credit related commitments and contingencies		-	-	-	-	941,550		
Net interest sensitivity gap		-	-	-	-	942,550		

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the current and prospective risk arising from the inability of the Group and the Bank to meet its contractual or regulatory obligations when they fall due without incurring substantial losses. Liquidity obligations arise from withdrawals of deposits, repayments of purchased funds at maturity, extensions of credit and working capital needs. The Group and the Bank seek to project, monitor and manage its liquidity needs under normal as well as adverse circumstances.

The table below analyses the carrying amount of assets and liabilities (include non-financial instruments) as at reporting date based on the remaining contractual maturity and is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of BNM Guideline:

The Group 30.06.2022	Up to 1 week RM'000	1 week to 1 month RM'000	1 to 3 months RM'000	3 to 6 months RM'000	6 to 12 months RM'000	Over 1 year RM'000	No specific maturity RM'000	Total RM'000
Assets								
Cash and short-term funds	251,447	-	-	-	-	-	-	251,447
Clients' and brokers' balances	103,077	-	-	-	-	-	-	103,077
Deposits and placements with banks and								
other financial institutions	-	100,021	-	-	-	-	-	100,021
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	-	-	19,743	-	-	6,753	26,496
Financial investments at FVOCI	-	10,194	50,460	15,100	37,262	1,143,624	-	1,256,640
Financial investments at amortised cost	-	203,783	30,414	-	136,647	879,598	-	1,250,442
Loans and advances	329,477	-	-	-	22,960	41,283	-	393,720
Derivative financial assets	404	1,882	2,259	2,071	2,509	29,268	-	38,393
Other assets *	130	-	-	-	32,043	-	166,409	198,582
Total assets	684,535	315,880	83,133	36,914	231,421	2,093,773	173,162	3,618,818

* Includes deferred tax assets, property and equipment, ROU assets, other intangible assets and goodwill.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the carrying amount of assets and liabilities (include non-financial instruments) as at reporting date based on the remaining contractual maturity and is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of BNM Guideline: (continued)

The Group 30.06.2022	Up to 1 week RM'000	1 week to 1 month RM'000	1 to 3 months RM'000	3 to 6 months RM'000	6 to 12 months RM'000	Over 1 year RM'000	No specific maturity RM'000	Total RM'000
Liabilities								
Clients' and brokers' balances	76,502	-	-	-	-	-	-	76,502
Deposits from customers	185,447	532,769	16,383	25,037	-	-	-	759,636
Deposits and placements of banks and other								
financial institutions	1,285,521	518,237	103,477	-	-	-	-	1,907,235
Lease liabilities	-	361	539	797	1,607	10,597	-	13,901
Other liabilities and provision for tax	-	14,799	-	-	186,149	221	-	201,169
Derivative financial liabilities	6,781	618	1,185	6,144	1,426	10,551	-	26,705
Subordinated obligations	-	-	-	197	-	99,996	-	100,193
Total liabilities	1,554,251	1,066,784	121,584	32,175	189,182	121,365	-	3,085,341
Total equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	533,477	533,477
Total liabilities and equity	1,554,251	1,066,784	121,584	32,175	189,182	121,365	533,477	3,618,818

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the carrying amount of assets and liabilities (include non-financial instruments) as at reporting date based on the remaining contractual maturity and is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of BNM Guideline: (continued)

The Group	Up to	1 week to	1 to 3	3 to 6	6 to 12	Over 1	No specific	
30.06.2021	1 week	1 month	months	months	months	year	maturity	Total DM2000
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Assets								
Cash and short-term funds	118,351	-	-	-	-	-	-	118,351
Clients' and brokers' balances	199,794	-	-	-	-	-	-	199,794
Deposits and placements with banks and								
other financial institutions	-	-	31,139	-	-	-	-	31,139
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	99,929	334,022	24,745	-	57,143	7,580	523,419
Financial investments at FVOCI	20,453	-	40,565	53,330	136,980	1,099,492	-	1,350,820
Financial investments at amortised cost	-	30,589	40,511	21,639	20,337	946,210	-	1,059,286
Loans and advances	294,142	-	-	-	27,944	13,673	-	335,759
Derivative financial assets	516	285	3,589	2,118	3,704	24,282	-	34,494
Other assets *	130	-	-	-	46,006	-	177,483	223,619
Total assets	633,386	130,803	449,826	101,832	234,971	2,140,800	185,063	3,876,681

* Includes deferred tax assets, property and equipment, ROU assets, other intangible assets and goodwill.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the carrying amount of assets and liabilities (include non-financial instruments) as at reporting date based on the remaining contractual maturity and is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of BNM Guideline: (continued)

The Group 30.06.2021	Up to 1 week RM'000	1 week to 1 month RM'000	1 to 3 months RM'000	3 to 6 months RM'000	6 to 12 months RM'000	Over 1 year RM'000	No specific maturity RM'000	Total RM'000
Liabilities								
Clients' and brokers' balances	176,640	-	-	-	-	-	-	176,640
Deposits from customers	341,180	252,856	107,502	-	-	-	-	701,538
Deposits and placements of banks and other								
financial institutions	1,587,371	338,478	111,085	8,330	4,158	-	-	2,049,422
Lease liabilities	-	300	517	783	1,435	12,158	-	15,193
Other liabilities and provision for tax	-	16,587	-	-	116,818	218	-	133,623
Derivative financial liabilities	135	59	637	7,418	4,419	28,388	-	41,056
Subordinated obligations	-	-	-	197	-	99,995	-	100,192
Total liabilities	2,105,326	608,280	219,741	16,728	126,830	140,759	-	3,217,664
Total equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	659,017	659,017
Total liabilities and equity	2,105,326	608,280	219,741	16,728	126,830	140,759	659,017	3,876,681

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the carrying amount of assets and liabilities (include non-financial instruments) as at reporting date based on the remaining contractual maturity and is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of BNM Guideline: (continued)

The Bank 30.06.2022	Up to 1 week RM'000	1 week to 1 month RM'000	1 to 3 months RM'000	3 to 6 months RM'000	6 to 12 months RM'000	Over 1 year RM'000	No specific maturity RM'000	Total RM'000
Assets								
Cash and short-term funds	251,259	-	-	-	-	-	-	251,259
Clients' and brokers' balances	103,077	-	-	-	-	-	-	103,077
Deposits and placements with banks and								
other financial institutions	-	100,021	-	-	-	-	-	100,021
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	-	-	19,743	-	-	6,554	26,297
Financial investments at FVOCI	-	10,194	50,460	15,100	37,262	1,143,624	-	1,256,640
Financial investments at amortised cost	-	203,783	30,414	-	136,647	879,598	-	1,250,442
Loans and advances	329,477	-	-	-	22,960	41,283	-	393,720
Derivative financial assets	404	1,882	2,259	2,071	2,509	29,268	-	38,393
Other assets *	130	-	-	-	32,016	-	166,608	198,754
Total assets	684,347	315,880	83,133	36,914	231,394	2,093,773	173,162	3,618,603

* Includes statutory deposits with Bank Negara Malaysia, deferred tax assets, investment in subsidiary companies, property and equipment, ROU assets, other intangible assets and goodwill.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the carrying amount of assets and liabilities (include non-financial instruments) as at reporting date based on the remaining contractual maturity and is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of BNM Guideline: (continued)

The Bank 30.06.2022	Up to 1 week RM'000	1 week to 1 month RM'000	1 to 3 months RM'000	3 to 6 months RM'000	6 to 12 months RM'000	Over 1 year RM'000	No specific maturity RM'000	Total RM'000
Liabilities								
Clients' and brokers' balances	76,502	-	-	-	-	-	-	76,502
Deposits from customers	185,447	532,769	16,383	25,037	-	-	-	759,636
Deposits and placements of banks and other								
financial institutions	1,285,521	518,237	103,477	-	-	-	-	1,907,235
Lease liabilities	-	361	539	797	1,607	10,597	-	13,901
Other liabilities	-	14,799	-	-	186,224	221	-	201,244
Derivative financial liabilities	6,781	618	1,185	6,144	1,426	10,551	-	26,705
Subordinated obligations	-	-	-	197	-	99,996	-	100,193
Total liabilities	1,554,251	1,066,784	121,584	32,175	189,257	121,365	-	3,085,416
Total equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	533,187	533,187
Total liabilities and equity	1,554,251	1,066,784	121,584	32,175	189,257	121,365	533,187	3,618,603

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the carrying amount of assets and liabilities (include non-financial instruments) as at reporting date based on the remaining contractual maturity and is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of BNM Guideline: (continued)

The Bank 30.06.2021	Up to 1 week	1 week to 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 to 6 months	6 to 12 months	Over 1 year	No specific maturity	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Assets								
Cash and short-term funds	116,519	-	-	-	-	-	-	116,519
Clients' and brokers' balances	199,794	-	-	-	-	-	-	199,794
Deposits and placements with banks and								
other financial institutions	-	-	31,139	-	-	-	-	31,139
Financial assets at FVTPL	-	99,929	334,022	24,745	-	57,143	7,384	523,223
Financial investments at FVOCI	20,453	-	40,565	53,330	136,980	1,099,492	-	1,350,820
Financial investments at amortised cost	-	30,589	40,511	21,639	20,337	946,210	-	1,059,286
Loans and advances	294,142	-	-	-	27,944	13,673	-	335,759
Derivative financial assets	516	285	3,589	2,118	3,704	24,282	-	34,494
Other assets *	130	-	-	-	46,006	-	177,682	223,818
Total assets	631,554	130,803	449,826	101,832	234,971	2,140,800	185,066	3,874,852

* Includes deferred tax assets, investment in subsidiary companies, property and equipment, ROU assets, other intangible assets and goodwill.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the carrying amount of assets and liabilities (include non-financial instruments) as at reporting date based on the remaining contractual maturity and is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of BNM Guideline: (continued)

The Bank 30.06.2021	Up to 1 week RM'000	1 week to 1 month RM'000	1 to 3 months RM'000	3 to 6 months RM'000	6 to 12 months RM'000	Over 1 year RM'000	No specific maturity RM'000	Total RM'000
Liabilities								
Clients' and brokers' balances	176,640	-	-	-	-	-	-	176,640
Deposits from customers	341,180	252,856	107,502	-	-	-	-	701,538
Deposits and placements of banks and other								
financial institutions	1,587,371	338,478	111,085	8,330	4,158	-	-	2,049,422
Lease liabilities	-	300	517	783	1,435	12,158	-	15,193
Other liabilities	-	16,587	-	-	115,167	218	-	131,972
Derivative financial liabilities	135	59	637	7,418	4,419	28,388	-	41,056
Subordinated obligations	-	-	-	197	-	99,995	-	100,192
Total liabilities	2,105,326	608,280	219,741	16,728	125,179	140,759	-	3,216,013
Total equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	658,839	658,839
Total liabilities and equity	2,105,326	608,280	219,741	16,728	125,179	140,759	658,839	3,874,852

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following table shows the contractual undiscounted cash flows payable for financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities. The balances in the table below will not agree to the balances reported in the statements of financial position as the table incorporates all contractual cash flows, on an undiscounted basis, relating to both principal and interest payments. The contractual maturity profile does not necessarily reflect the behavioural cash flows.

The Group 30.06.2022	Up to 1 month RM'000	1 to 6 months RM'000	6 to 12 months RM'000	1 to 3 years RM'000	3 to 5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000	Total RM'000
Liabilities							
Clients' and brokers' balances	76,502	-	-	-	-	-	76,502
Deposits from customers	718,801	41,742	-	-	-	-	760,543
Deposits and placements of banks and other							
financial institutions	1,804,407	103,669	-	-	-	-	1,908,076
Lease liabilities	416	1,594	1,881	7,161	4,282	-	15,334
Other liabilities	14,799	-	186,149	-	-	221	201,169
Derivative financial liabilities - gross settled derivatives							
- inflow	(1,030,359)	(488,620)	(148,988)	-	-	-	(1,667,967)
- outflow	1,032,251	484,433	154,306	-	-	-	1,670,990
- net settled derivatives	(762)	1,739	(2,903)	(11,574)	(1,173)	-	(14,673)
Subordinated obligations	-	2,132	2,109	8,472	8,460	108,471	129,644
Total financial liabilities	2,616,055	146,689	192,554	4,059	11,569	108,692	3,079,618

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following table shows the contractual undiscounted cash flows payable for financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities. The balances in the table below will not agree to the balances reported in the statements of financial position as the table incorporates all contractual cash flows, on an undiscounted basis, relating to both principal and interest payments. The contractual maturity profile does not necessarily reflect the behavioural cash flows. (continued)

The Group 30.06.2021	Up to 1 month RM'000	1 to 6 months RM'000	6 to 12 months RM'000	1 to 3 years RM'000	3 to 5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000	Total RM'000
Liabilities							
Clients' and brokers' balances	176,640	-	-	-	-	-	176,640
Deposits from customers	594,123	107,770	-	-	-	-	701,893
Deposits and placements of banks and other							
financial institutions	1,926,241	119,472	4,176	-	-	-	2,049,889
Lease liabilities	319	1,595	1,756	6,175	6,091	1,236	17,172
Other liabilities	16,587	-	116,809	-	-	218	133,614
Derivative financial liabilities							
- gross settled derivatives							
- inflow	(758,157)	(626,074)	-	-	-	-	(1,384,231)
- outflow	758,004	623,459	-	-	-	-	1,381,463
- net settled derivatives	(770)	(8,207)	(3,554)	(932)	746	-	(12,717)
Subordinated obligations	-	2,132	2,109	8,472	8,460	112,702	133,875
Total financial liabilities	2,712,987	220,147	121,296	13,715	15,297	114,156	3,197,598

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following table shows the contractual undiscounted cash flows payable for financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities. The balances in the table below will not agree to the balances reported in the statements of financial position as the table incorporates all contractual cash flows, on an undiscounted basis, relating to both principal and interest payments. The contractual maturity profile does not necessarily reflect the behavioural cash flows. (continued)

The Bank 30.06.2022	Up to 1 month RM'000	1 to 6 months RM'000	6 to 12 months RM'000	1 to 3 years RM'000	3 to 5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000	Total RM'000
Liabilities							
Clients' and brokers' balances	76,502	-	-	-	-	-	76,502
Deposits from customers	718,801	41,742	-	-	-	-	760,543
Deposits and placements of banks and other							
financial institutions	1,804,407	103,669	-	-	-	-	1,908,076
Lease liabilities	416	1,594	1,881	7,161	4,282	-	15,334
Other liabilities	14,799	-	186,224	-	-	221	201,244
Derivative financial liabilities - gross settled derivatives							
- inflow	(1,030,359)	(488,620)	(148,988)				(1,667,967)
	., , ,	. , ,		-	-	-	.,,,,,
- outflow	1,032,251	484,433	154,306	-	-	-	1,670,990
- net settled derivatives	(762)	1,739	(2,903)	(11,574)	(1,173)	-	(14,673)
Subordinated obligations	-	2,132	2,109	8,472	8,460	108,471	129,644
Total financial liabilities	2,616,055	146,689	192,629	4,059	11,569	108,692	3,079,693

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following table shows the contractual undiscounted cash flows payable for financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities. The balances in the table below will not agree to the balances reported in the statements of financial position as the table incorporates all contractual cash flows, on an undiscounted basis, relating to both principal and interest payments. The contractual maturity profile does not necessarily reflect the behavioural cash flows. (continued)

The Bank 30.06.2021	Up to 1 month RM'000	1 to 6 months RM'000	6 to 12 months RM'000	1 to 3 years RM'000	3 to 5 years RM'000	Over 5 years RM'000	Total RM'000
Liabilities							
Clients' and brokers' balances	176,640	-	-	-	-	-	176,640
Deposits from customers	594,123	107,770	-	-	-	-	701,893
Deposits and placements of banks and other							
financial institutions	1,926,241	119,472	4,176	-	-	-	2,049,889
Lease liabilities	319	1,595	1,756	6,175	6,091	1,236	17,172
Other liabilities	16,587	-	115,167	-	-	218	131,972
Derivative financial liabilities - gross settled derivatives							
- inflow	(758,157)	(626,074)	-	_	_	-	(1,384,231)
- outflow	758,004	623,459	-	-	-	-	1,381,463
- net settled derivatives	(770)	(8,207)	(3,554)	(932)	746	-	(12,717)
Subordinated obligations	-	2,132	2,109	8,472	8,460	112,702	133,875
Total financial liabilities	2,712,987	220,147	119,654	13,715	15,297	114,156	3,195,956

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following table presents the contractual expiry by maturity of the Group's and the Bank's commitments and contingencies:

The Group and the Bank	Less than	Over	
30.06.2022	1 year RM'000	1 year RM'000	Total RM'000
Direct credit substitutes	1,000	-	1,000
Obligations under underwriting agreement	7,140	-	7,140
Any commitment that are unconditionally cancelled at anytime by the bank without prior notice	919,747	-	919,747
	927,887	-	927,887
30.06.2021			
Direct credit substitutes	1,000	-	1,000
Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines	-	30,000	30,000
Any commitment that are unconditionally cancelled at anytime by the bank without prior notice	911,550	-	911,550
	912,550	30,000	942,550

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk

(i) Maximum exposure to credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the statements of financial position is the amounts on the statements of financial position as well as off-balance sheet financial instruments, without taking into account of any collateral held or other credit enhancements. For contingent liabilities, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the maximum amount that the Group and the Bank would have to pay if the obligations of the instruments issued are called upon. For credit commitments, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the full amount of the undrawn credit facilities granted to customers. The table below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk for the Group and the Bank:

	The G	The Group		Bank
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Credit risk exposure relating to on-balance sheet assets:				
Short-term funds (exclude cash in hand)	251,435	118,339	251,247	116,507
Clients' and brokers' balances	103,077	199,794	103,077	199,794
Deposits and placements with banks				
and other financial institutions	100,021	31,139	100,021	31,139
Financial assets and investments portfolios				
(exclude shares and unit trust investment)				
- financial assets at FVTPL	19,743	515,839	19,743	515,839
- financial investments at FVOCI	1,256,640	1,350,820	1,256,640	1,350,820
- financial investments at amortised cost	1,250,442	1,059,286	1,250,442	1,059,286
Loans and advances	393,720	335,759	393,720	335,759
Other assets	29,821	44,450	29,807	44,449
Derivative financial assets	38,393	34,494	38,393	34,494
	3,443,292	3,689,920	3,443,090	3,688,087
Credit risk exposure relating to off-balance sheet assets:				
Commitments and contingencies	927,887	942,550	927,887	942,550
Total maximum credit risk exposure	4,371,179	4,632,470	4,370,977	4,630,637

The Group and the Bank also accept non-tangible securities such as support, guarantees from individuals, corporates and institutions, bank guarantees, debentures, assignment of contract payments, which are subject to internal guidelines on eligibility.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) Collaterals

The main type of collaterals obtained by the Group and the Bank are as follows:

- (a) Fixed deposits, Mudharabah General Investment Account, negotiable instrument of deposits, foreign currency deposits and cash deposits/margins
- (b) Land and buildings
- (c) Aircrafts, vessels and automobiles
- (d) Quoted shares, unit trust, Malaysian Governments Bonds and securities and private debt securities
- (e) Other tangible business assets, such as inventory and equipment

The Group and the Bank also accept non-tangible securities such as support, guarantees from individuals, corporates and institutions, bank guarantees, debentures, assignment of contract payments, which are subject to internal guidelines on eligibility.

The outstanding balance for loans and advances for which no allowances is recognised because of collaterals as at 30 June 2022 amounted to RM0.1 million (30 June 2021: RM0.1 million) for the Group and the Bank.

The financial effect of collateral (quantification to the extent to which collateral and other credit enhancements mitigate credit risk) held for loans and advances as at 30 June 2022 for the Group and the Bank is 99.5% (30 June 2021: 99.2%). The financial effect of collateral held for the other financial assets is not significant.

The financial effect of collateral (quantification to the extent to which collateral and other credit enhancements mitigate credit risk) held for net loans and advances that are credit impaired as at 30 June 2022 for the Group and the Bank is 99.5% (30 June 2021: 99.3%).

(iii) Credit exposure by stage

Financial assets of the Group and the Bank are classified into three stages as below:

<u>Stages</u>	Description
Stage 1: 12 months ECL – not credit impaired	Stage 1 includes financial assets which have not had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or which have low credit risk at reporting date. 12-months ECL is recognised and interest income is calculated on the gross carrying amount of the financial assets.
Stage 2: Lifetime ECL – not credit impaired	Stage 2 includes financial assets which have had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition (unless they have low credit risk at the reporting date) but do not have objective evidence of impairment. Lifetime ECL is recognised and interest income is calculated on the gross carrying amount of the financial assets.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

(iii) Credit exposure by stage (continued)

Financial assets of the Group and the Bank are classified into three stages as below: (continued)

<u>Stages</u>	Description
Stage 3: Lifetime ECL – credit impaired	Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. Lifetime ECL is recognised and interest income is calculated on the net carrying amount of the financial assets.

For further details on the stages, refer to accounting policy Note F.

(iv) Credit quality

The Group and the Bank assess credit quality of loans and advances using internal rating techniques tailored to the various categories of products and counterparties. These techniques have been developed internally and combine statistical analysis with credit officers judgement.

Credit quality description is summarised as follows:

Credit Quality	Description
Good	Exposures demonstrate a strong capacity to meet financial commitments, with negligible or low probability of default and/or levels of expected loss to the Group and the Bank
Fair	Exposures demonstrate fairly acceptable capacity to meet financial commitments and may require varying degrees of concern to the Group and the Bank
Un-graded	Counterparties which do not satisfy the criteria to be graded based on internal credit rating system
Credit impaired	Exposures that have been assessed as credit-impaired

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

- 44 Financial instruments (continued)
- (d) Credit risk (continued)
 - (iv) Credit quality (continued)

The credit quality of financial assets other than loans and advances are determined based on the ratings of counterparties as defined by Moody's or equivalent ratings of other internationals rating agencies as defined below:

Credit Quality	Rating
Good	AAA to AA3
Good	A1 to A3
Fair	Baa1 to Baa3
Fair	P1 to P3
Un-graded	Non-rated
Credit impaired	Default

The following table shows an analysis of the credit exposure by stages, together with the ECL allowance provision:

The Group 30.06.2022	(Stage 1) 12 Months ECL RM'000	(Stage 2) Lifetime ECL not credit impaired RM'000	(Stage 3) Lifetime ECL credit impaired RM'000	Total RM'000
Short-term funds and placements with banks				
Good	228,945	-	-	228,945
Fair	122,489	-	-	122,489
Un-graded	22	-	-	22
Gross carrying amount	351,456	-	-	351,456
Expected credit losses	-	-	-	-
Net carrying amount	351,456	-	-	351,456
Financial investments at FVOCI				
Good	578,920	-	-	578,920
Fair	23,281	-	-	23,281
Un-graded	654,439	-	-	654,439
Gross carrying amount	1,256,640	-	-	1,256,640
Expected credit losses	-	-	-	-
Net carrying amount	1,256,640	-	-	1,256,640

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

(iv) Credit quality (continued)

The following table shows an analysis of the credit exposure by stages, together with the ECL allowance provision: (continued)

	(Stage 1) 12 Months	(Stage 2) Lifetime ECL not credit	(Stage 3) Lifetime ECL credit	
The Group	ECL	impaired	impaired	Total
30.06.2022	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Financial investments at amortised cost				
Un-graded	1,250,442	-	-	1,250,442
Gross carrying amount	1,250,442	-	-	1,250,442
Expected credit losses	_,,			_, ,
Net carrying amount	1,250,442		-	1,250,442
Loans and advances				
Good	36,259	5,274		41,533
Fair	23,003	3,274	-	23,003
Un-graded	322,848	- 6,555	-	23,003 329,403
Credit impaired	322,040	0,555	128	329,403 128
Gross carrying amount	382,110		128	394,067
Expected credit losses	(310)	(37)	120	(347)
Net carrying amount	381,800	11,792	128	393,720
Net carrying amount	561,000	11,772	120	575,120
The Group				
30.06.2021				
Short-term funds and placements with banks				
Good	43,588	-	-	43,588
Fair	105,766	-	-	105,766
Un-graded	124	-	-	124
Gross carrying amount	149,478	-	-	149,478
Expected credit losses	-	-	-	-
Net carrying amount	149,478		-	149,478

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

(iv) Credit quality (continued)

The following table shows an analysis of the credit exposure by stages, together with the ECL allowance provision: (continued)

	(Stage 1)	(Stage 2) Lifetime ECL	(Stage 3) Lifetime ECL	
The Group 30.06.2021	12 Months ECL RM'000	not credit impaired RM'000	credit impaired RM'000	Total RM'000
Financial investments at FVOCI				
Good	666,268	-	-	666,268
Fair	45,712	-	-	45,712
Un-graded	638,840	-	-	638,840
Gross carrying amount	1,350,820	-	-	1,350,820
Expected credit losses	-	-	-	-
Net carrying amount	1,350,820	-	-	1,350,820
Financial investments at amortised cost				
Good	5,011	-	-	5,011
Fair	16,640	-	-	16,640
Un-graded	1,037,647	-	-	1,037,647
Gross carrying amount	1,059,298	-	-	1,059,298
Expected credit losses	(12)			(12)
Net carrying amount	1,059,286	-	-	1,059,286
Loans and advances				
Fair	41,986	-	-	41,986
Un-graded	284,199	9,892	-	294,091
Credit impaired	-	-	265	265
Gross carrying amount	326,185	9,892	265	336,342
Expected credit losses	(263)	(194)	(126)	(583)
Net carrying amount	325,922	9,698	139	335,759

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

(iv) Credit quality (continued)

The following table shows an analysis of the credit exposure by stages, together with the ECL allowance provision: (continued)

	(Stage 1) 12 Months	(Stage 2) Lifetime ECL not credit	(Stage 3) Lifetime ECL credit	
The Deals	12 Months ECL			Tatal
The Bank 30.06.2022	ECL RM'000	impaired RM'000	impaired RM'000	Total RM'000
30.00.2022	KIVI UUU	KIM UUU	KIVI UUU	KIVI UUU
Short-term funds and placements with banks				
Good	228,945	-	-	228,945
Fair	122,301	-	-	122,301
Un-graded	22	-	-	22
Gross carrying amount	351,268	-	-	351,268
Expected credit losses	-	-	-	-
Net carrying amount	351,268	-	-	351,268
Financial investments at FVOCI				
Good	578,920	-	-	578,920
Fair	23,281	-	-	23,281
Un-graded	654,439		-	654,439
Gross carrying amount	1,256,640	-	-	1,256,640
Expected credit losses		-	-	-
Net carrying amount	1,256,640	<u> </u>	-	1,256,640
Financial investments at amortised cost				
Un-graded	1,250,442	-	-	1,250,442
Gross carrying amount	1,250,442	_	-	1,250,442
Expected credit losses	_,			_,,
Net carrying amount	1,250,442	-	-	1,250,442
Loans and advances				
Good	36,259	5,274	-	41,533
Fair	23,003	-	-	23,003
Un-graded	322,848	6,555	-	329,403
Credit impaired			128	128
Gross carrying amount	382,110	11,829	128	394,067
Expected credit losses	(310)	(37)	-	(347)
Net carrying amount	381,800	11,792	128	393,720

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

(iv) Credit quality (continued)

The following table shows an analysis of the credit exposure by stages, together with the ECL allowance provision: (continued)

The Bank 30.06.2021	(Stage 1) 12 Months ECL RM'000	(Stage 2) Lifetime ECL not credit impaired RM'000	(Stage 3) Lifetime ECL credit impaired RM'000	Total RM'000
Short-term funds and placements with banks				
Good	43,588	-	_	43,588
Fair	103,934	-	_	103,934
Un-graded	124	-	-	103,931
Gross carrying amount	147,646			147,646
Expected credit losses	-	-	-	-
Net carrying amount	147,646	-	-	147,646
Financial investments at FVOCI				
Good	666,268	_	-	666,268
Fair	45,712	-	_	45,712
Un-graded	638,840	-	-	638,840
Gross carrying amount	1,350,820			1,350,820
Expected credit losses		-	-	
Net carrying amount	1,350,820	-	-	1,350,820
Financial investments at amortised cost				
Good	5,011	-	-	5,011
Fair	16,640	-	-	16,640
Un-graded	1,037,647	-	-	1,037,647
Gross carrying amount	1,059,298	-	-	1,059,298
Expected credit losses	(12)			(12)
Net carrying amount	1,059,286	-	-	1,059,286
Loans and advances				
Good	-	-	-	-
Fair	41,986	-	-	41,986
Un-graded	284,199	9,892	-	294,091
Credit impaired	-	-	265	265
Gross carrying amount	326,185	9,892	265	336,342
Expected credit losses	(263)	(194)	(126)	(583)
Net carrying amount	325,922	9,698	139	335,759

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

- (iv) Credit quality (continued)
 - (a) Loans and advances

All loans and advances are categorised as either:

- neither past due nor impaired;
- past due but not impaired; or
- impaired.

Past due loans and advances refer to loans that are overdue by one day or more. Impaired loans and advances are loans and advances with days-in-arrears more than 90 days or with impaired allowances.

Loans and advances are summarised as follows:

The Group and the Bank	30.06.2022 RM'000	30.06.2021 RM'000
Neither past due nor impaired	393,939	336,077
Past due but not impaired	-	-
Individually impaired	128	265
Gross loans and advances	394,067	336,342
Expected credit losses	(347)	(583)
Total net loans and advances	393,720	335,759

(i) Loans and advances neither past due nor impaired

Analysis of loans and advances that are neither past due nor impaired based on the Group's and the Bank's credit grading system is as follows:

	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
The Group and the Bank	RM'000	RM'000
Grading classification		
- Good	41,533	-
- Satisfactory	23,003	41,986
- Un-graded	329,403	294,091
Total neither past due nor impaired	393,939	336,077

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

- (iv) Credit quality (continued)
 - (a) Loans and advances (continued)
 - (i) Loans and advances neither past due nor impaired (continued)

The definition of the grading classification of loans and advances can be summarised as follow:

Good:

Refers to internal credit grading from 'Favourable' to 'Prime Quality', indicating strong ability to repay principal and interest.

Satisfactory:

Refers to internal credit grading of 'Satisfactory', indicating adequate ability and no difficulty to repay principal and interest.

Loans and advances classified as un-graded mainly comprise of share margin financing and staff loans.

(ii) Loans and advances past due but not impaired

A financial asset is defined as "past due" when the counterparty has failed to make a principal or interest payment when contractually due.

Late processing and other administrative delays on the side of the borrower can lead to a financial asset being past due but not impaired. Therefore, loans and advances less than 90 days past due are not usually considered impaired, unless other information is available to indicate the contrary.

There was no loans and advances past due but not impaired for the Group and the Bank.

(iii) Loans and advances that are individually determined to be impaired as at reporting date are as follows:

The Group and the Bank	30.06.2022 RM'000	30.06.2021 RM'000
Gross amount of individually impaired loans	128	265
Less: Expected credit losses	-	(126)
Total net amount individually impaired loans	128	139

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

- 44 Financial instruments (continued)
- (d) Credit risk (continued)
 - (iv) Credit quality (continued)
 - (b) Other financial assets

The credit quality of financial assets other than loans and advances are determined based on the ratings of counterparties as defined by Moody's or equivalent ratings of other international rating agencies as defined below:

- AAA to AA3 - A1 to A3 - Baa1 to Baa3
- P1 to P3

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

(iv) Credit quality (continued)

(b) Other financial assets (continued)

Short-term funds and deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions, financial assets and investments portfolios, clients' and brokers' balances, other assets and derivative financial assets are summarised as follows:-

	Short-term funds and deposits and						
	placements						
	with banks				Financial		
	and other	Clients' and	Financial	Financial i	nvestments at		Derivative
	financial	brokers'	assets at	investments at	amortised	Other	financial
The Group	institutions	balances	FVTPL	FVOCI	cost	assets	assets
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
<u>30.06.2022</u>							
Neither past due nor impaired	351,456	101,214	19,743	1,256,640	1,250,442	29,827	38,393
Individually impaired	-	2,861	-	-	-	1,964	-
Less: Impairment losses	-	(998)	-	-	-	(1,970)	-
	351,456	103,077	19,743	1,256,640	1,250,442	29,821	38,393

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

(iv) Credit quality (continued)

(b) Other financial assets (continued)

Short-term funds and deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions, financial assets and investments portfolios, clients' and brokers' balances, other assets and derivatives financial assets are summarised as follows:- (continued)

The Group	Short-term funds and deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions	Clients' and brokers' balances	Financial assets at FVTPL		Financial nvestments at amortised cost	Other assets	Derivative financial assets
The Group	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
<u>30.06.2021</u>							
Neither past due nor impaired	149,478	195,735	515,839	1,350,820	1,059,298	44,454	34,494
Individually impaired	-	5,247	-	-	-	1,938	-
Less: Impairment losses	-	(1,188)	-	-	(12)	(1,942)	
	149,478	199,794	515,839	1,350,820	1,059,286	44,450	34,494

(incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

- 44 Financial instruments (continued)
- (d) Credit risk (continued)
 - (iv) Credit quality (continued)
 - (b) Other financial assets (continued)

Short-term funds and deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions, financial assets and investments portfolios, clients' and brokers' balances, other assets and derivatives financial assets are summarised as follows:- (continued)

	Short-term						
	funds and						
	deposits and						
	placements						
	with banks				Financial		
	and other	Clients' and	Financial	Financial i	nvestments at		Derivative
	financial	brokers'	assets at	investments at	amortised	Other	financial
The Bank	institutions	balances	FVTPL	FVOCI	cost	assets	assets
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
<u>30.06.2022</u>							
Neither past due nor impaired	351,268	101,214	19,743	1,256,640	1,250,442	29,813	38,393
Individually impaired	-	2,861	-	-	-	1,964	-
Less: Impairment losses	-	(998)	-	-	-	(1,970)	-
	351,268	103,077	19,743	1,256,640	1,250,442	29,807	38,393

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

- 44 Financial instruments (continued)
- (d) Credit risk (continued)
 - (iv) Credit quality (continued)
 - (b) Other financial assets (continued)

Short-term funds and deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions, financial assets and investments portfolios, clients' and brokers' balances, other assets and derivatives financial assets are summarised as follows:- (continued)

	Short-term funds and deposits and placements with banks and other financial	Clients' and brokers'	Financial assets at		Financial nvestments at amortised	Other	Derivative financial
The Bank	institutions RM'000	balances RM'000	FVTPL RM'000	FVOCI RM'000	cost RM'000	assets RM'000	assets RM'000
30.06.2021	KIVI UUU	KIVI UUU	KIVI UUU	KIVI 000	KIVI UUU	KIVI UUU	NIVI UUU
Neither past due nor impaired	147,646	195,735	515,839	1,350,820	1,059,298	44,453	34,494
Individually impaired	-	5,247	-	-	-	1,938	-
Less: Impairment losses		(1,188)	-	-	(12)	(1,942)	
	147,646	199,794	515,839	1,350,820	1,059,286	44,449	34,494

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

(iv) Credit quality (continued)

(b) Other financial assets (continued)

Analysis of short-term funds and deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions, financial assets and investments portfolios, clients' and brokers' balances, other assets and derivative financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired by rating agency designation as at reporting date are as follows:

	Short-term funds and deposits and placements with banks and other financial	Clients' and	Financial		Financial nvestments at	Other	Derivative
The Group	institutions	brokers' balances	FVTPL	investments at FVOCI	amortised cost	Other assets	financial assets
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
30.06.2022							
AAA to AA3	228,945	-	-	531,975	-	-	33,968
A1 to A3	-	-	-	46,945	-	-	1,028
Baa1 to Baa3	-	-	-	23,281	-	-	-
P1 to P3	122,489	-	19,743	-	-	3,174	-
Non-rated, of which:							
- Bank Negara Malaysia	22	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Malaysia Government Investment Issues	-	-	-	242,626	493,851	-	-
- Malaysian Government Securities	-	-	-	120,972	626,305	-	-
- Government guaranteed corporate bond							
and/or sukuk	-	-	-	262,264	39,033	-	-
- Others	-	103,077	-	28,577	91,253	26,647	3,397
	22	103,077	-	654,439	1,250,442	26,647	3,397
	351,456	103,077	19,743	1,256,640	1,250,442	29,821	38,393

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

- (iv) Credit quality (continued)
 - (b) Other financial assets (continued)

Analysis of short-term funds and deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions, financial assets and investments portfolios, clients' and brokers' balances, other assets and derivative financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired by rating agency designation as at reporting date are as follows: (continued)

The Group	Short-term funds and deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions	Clients' and brokers' balances	FVTPL	investments at FVOCI	Financial nvestments at amortised cost	Other assets	Derivative financial assets
30.06.2021	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
AAA to AA3	43,588		403,990	570,868	5,010		30,345
Al to A3	43,388	-	403,990	95,400	5,010	-	1,248
Baa1 to Baa3	-	-	-	45,712	16,629	-	1,240
P1 to P3	105,766	-	59,717			3,754	-
Non-rated, of which:	103,700		57,717			3,734	
- Bank Negara Malaysia	124	-	_	_	_	-	-
- Malaysia Government Investment Issues		-	31,180	283,907	424,581	20,624	-
- Malaysian Government Securities	_	-	20,952	32,232	462,996		-
- Government guaranteed corporate bond			_ = = = = =	,	,,,,,		
and/or sukuk	-	-	-	282,392	58,830	-	-
- Others	-	199,794	-	40,309	91,240	20,072	2,901
	124	199,794	52,132	638,840	1,037,647	40,696	2,901
	149,478	199,794	515,839	1,350,820	1,059,286	44,450	34,494

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

(iv) Credit quality (continued)

(b) Other financial assets (continued)

Analysis of short-term funds and deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions, financial assets and investments portfolios, clients' and brokers' balances, other assets and derivative financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired by rating agency designation as at reporting date are as follows: (continued)

	Short-term funds and deposits and placements with banks and other	Clients' and	Financial		Financial nvestments at		Derivative
The Bank	financial institutions	brokers' balances	assets at FVTPL	t investments at FVOCI	amortised cost	Other assets	financial assets
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
30.06.2022							
AAA to AA3	228,945	-	-	531,975	-	-	33,968
A1 to A3	-	-	-	46,945	-	-	1,028
Baa1 to Baa3	-	-	-	23,281	-		-
P1 to P3	122,301	-	19,743	-	-	3,174	-
Non-rated, of which:							
- Bank Negara Malaysia	22	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Malaysia Government Investment Issues	-	-	-	242,626	493,851	-	-
- Malaysian Government Securities	-	-	-	120,972	626,305	-	-
- Government guaranteed corporate bond							
and/or sukuk	-	-	-	262,264	39,033	-	-
- Others	-	103,077	-	28,577	91,253	26,633	3,397
	22	103,077	-	654,439	1,250,442	26,633	3,397
	351,268	103,077	19,743	1,256,640	1,250,442	29,807	38,393

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

- (iv) Credit quality (continued)
 - (b) Other financial assets (continued)

Analysis of short-term funds and deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions, financial assets and investments portfolios, clients' and brokers' balances, other assets and derivative financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired by rating agency designation as at reporting date are as follows: (continued)

The Bank	Short-term funds and deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions RM'000	Clients' and brokers' balances RM'000	Financial assets at FVTPL RM'000	Financial ir investments at FVOCI RM'000	Financial avestments at amortised cost RM'000	Other assets RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000
30.06.2021		KIVI UUU	KIVI UUU	KIVI 000	KIVI UUU	KIVI UUU	
AAA to AA3	43,588	-	403,990	570,868	5,010	-	30,345
A1 to A3	- -	-	-	95,400	-	-	1,248
Baa1 to Baa3	-	-	-	45,712	16,629		-
P1 to P3	103,934	-	59,717	-	-	3,754	-
Non-rated, of which:							
- Bank Negara Malaysia	124	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Malaysia Government Investment Issues	-	-	31,180	283,907	424,581	20,624	-
- Malaysian Government Securities	-	-	20,952	32,232	462,996	-	-
- Government guaranteed corporate bond							
and/or sukuk	-	-	-	282,392	58,830	-	-
- Others	-	199,794	-	40,309	91,240	20,071	2,901
	124	199,794	52,132	638,840	1,037,647	40,695	2,901
	147,646	199,794	515,839	1,350,820	1,059,286	44,449	34,494

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

- (v) Collateral and other credit enhancements obtained
 - (a) Repossessed collateral

As and when required, the Group and the Bank will take possession of collateral they hold as securities and will dispose of them as soon as practicable but not later than 5 years from the date they take possession, with the proceeds used to reduce the outstanding indebtedness. There is no repossessed collateral as at the reporting date.

(vi) Write-off policy

The Group and the Bank write off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include (i) ceasing enforcement activity and (ii) where the Group's and the Bank's recovery method is foreclosing on collateral and the value of the collateral is such that there is no reasonable expectation of recovering in full.

A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. The Group and the Bank may apply enforcement activities to financial assets written off. Recoveries resulting from the Group's and the Bank's enforcement activities will be written back as bad debts recovered in the income statements.

There were no contractual amount outstanding on loans and advances and securities portfolio that were written off during the financial year ended 30 June 2022, and are still subject to enforcement activities for the Group and the Bank.

(vii) Sensitivity analysis

The Group and the Bank has performed ECL sensitivity assessment on loans and advances based on the changes in the key macroeconomic variable i.e. banking system credit while all other variables remain unchanged. The sensitivity factors used are assumptions based on parallel shifts in the macroeconomic variable to project the impact to ECL of the Group and the Bank.

The table below outlines the effect of ECL on the changes in the macroeconomic variable used while other variables remain constant:

	Changes
Banking credit system	+/- 100bps

The Group and the Bank	30.06.2022 RM'000	30.06.2021 RM'000
The effect of ECL on the positive changes in macroeconomic variable	3	5
The effect of ECL on the negative changes in macroeconomic variable	(3)	(5)

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

Credit risk exposure analysed by industry in respect of the Group's and the Bank's financial assets, including off-balance financial instruments are set out below:

The Group 30.06.2022	Short-term funds and deposits and placements with financial institutions RM'000		Financial assets at in FVTPL RM'000	Financial nvestments at FVOCI RM'000	Financial investments at amortised cost RM'000	Loans and advances RM'000	Other assets RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	On-balance sheet total RM'000	Credit related commitments and contingencies RM'000
Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	22,963	-	-	22,963	-
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	5,242	-	-	5,242	-
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	-	153,646	-	-	30	-	153,676	-
Construction	-	-	-	36,485	-	-	1,133	-	37,618	1,000
Transport, storage										
and communications	-	-	-	143,522	-	-	499	-	144,021	-
Finance, insurance, real estate and business										
services	351,434	-	19,743	456,213	39,033	36,186	469	38,393	941,471	-
Government and	,			ŕ	,	,		,	-	
government agencies	22	-	-	394,164	1,211,409	-	-	-	1,605,595	-
Household	-	-	-	-	-	157	-	-	157	-
Purchase of securities	-	103,077	-	-	-	329,172	-	-	432,249	919,747
Others	-	-	-	72,610	-	-	27,690	-	100,300	7,140
	351,456	103,077	19,743	1,256,640	1,250,442	393,720	29,821	38,393	3,443,292	927,887

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

Credit risk exposure analysed by industry in respect of the Group's and the Bank's financial assets, including off-balance financial instruments are set out below: (continued)

The Group 30.06.2021	Short-term funds and deposits and placements with financial institutions RM'000	a Clients' and brokers' balances	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RM'000	Financial investments at FVOCI RM'000	Financial investments at amortised cost RM'000	Loans and advances RM'000	Other assets RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	On-balance sheet total RM'000	Credit related commitments and contingencies RM'000
Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	27,948	-	-	27,948	-
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	-	199,352	-	-	848	-	200,200	-
Construction	-	-	19,956	6,878	5,010	-	113	-	31,957	1,000
Transport, storage and communications Finance, insurance, real estate and business	-	-	-	143,140	-	-	96	-	143,236	-
services	149,354	-	443,751	602,739	75,459	8,106	1,357	34,494	1,315,260	-
Government and	- ,			,,	,	-,	,	- , -	,,	
government agencies Education, health	124	-	52,132	358,402	978,817	-	-	-	1,389,475	-
and services	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	-	54	-
Purchase of securities	-	199,794	-	-	-	293,866	-	-	493,660	911,550
Others	-	-	-	40,309	-	5,839	41,982	-	88,130	30,000
-	149,478	199,794	515,839	1,350,820	1,059,286	335,759	44,450	34,494	3,689,920	942,550

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

Credit risk exposure analysed by industry in respect of the Group's and the Bank's financial assets, including off-balance financial instruments are set out below: (continued)

The Bank 30.06.2022	Short-term funds and deposits and placements with financial institutions RM'000		Financial assets at in FVTPL RM'000	Financial avestments at FVOCI RM'000	Financial investments at amortised cost RM'000	Loans and advances RM'000	Other assets RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	On-balance sheet total RM'000	Credit related commitments and contingencies RM'000
Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	22,963	-	-	22,963	-
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	5,242	-	-	5,242	-
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	-	153,646		-	30	-	153,676	-
Construction	-	-	-	36,485	-	-	1,133	-	37,618	1,000
Transport, storage										
and communications	-	-	-	143,522	-	-	499	-	144,021	-
Finance, insurance, real										
estate and business										
services	351,246	-	19,743	456,213	39,033	36,186	469	38,393	941,283	-
Government and										
government agencies	22	-	-	394,164	1,211,409	-	-	-	1,605,595	-
Household	-	-	-	-	-	157	-	-	157	
Purchase of securities	-	103,077	-	-	-	329,172	-	-	432,249	919,747
Others	-	-		72,610		-	27,676	-	100,286	7,140
	351,268	103,077	19,743	1,256,640	1,250,442	393,720	29,807	38,393	3,443,090	927,887

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

Credit risk exposure analysed by industry in respect of the Group's and the Bank's financial assets, including off-balance financial instruments are set out below: (continued)

d	Short-term funds and eposits and placements with financial institutions RM'000	a Clients' and brokers' balances RM'000	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RM'000	Financial investments at FVOCI RM'000		Loans and advances RM'000	Other assets RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	On-balance sheet total RM'000	Credit related commitments and contingencies RM'000
Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	27,948	-	-	27,948	-
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	-	199,352		-	848	-	200,200	-
Construction	-	-	19,956	6,878	5,010	-	113	-	31,957	1,000
Transport, storage and communications Finance, insurance, real estate and business	-	-	-	143,140	-	-	96	-	143,236	-
services	147,522	_	443,751	602,739	75,459	8,106	1,357	34,494	1,313,428	
Government and	177,322	-	J,731	002,739	75,759	0,100	1,557	57,774	1,515,720	-
government agencies Education, health	124	-	52,132	358,402	978,817	-	-	-	1,389,475	-
and services	_	_	-	-	_	_	54	_	54	-
Purchase of securities	-	199,794	-	-	-	293,866	-	_	493,660	911,550
Others	-			40,309		5,839	41,981	-	88,129	30,000
	147,646	199,794	515,839	1,350,820	1,059,286	335,759	44,449	34,494	3,688,087	942,550

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(e) Fair value measurement

The Group and the Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and modelderived valuations in which inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data.

Financial instruments are classified as Level 1 if their value is observable in an active market. Such instruments are valued by reference to unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active market where the quoted prices is readily available, and the price represents actual and regularly occurring market transactions. An active market is one in which transactions occur with sufficient volume and frequency to provide pricing information on an on-going basis. These would include actively traded listed equities and actively exchange-traded derivatives.

Where fair value is determined using unquoted market prices in less active markets or quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities, such instruments are generally classified as Level 2.

In cases where quoted prices are generally not available, the Group then determine fair value based upon valuation techniques that use as inputs, market parameters including but not limited to yield curves, volatilities and foreign exchange rates. The majority of valuation techniques employ only observable market data and so reliability of the fair value measurement is high.

Financial instruments are classified as Level 3 if their valuation incorporates significant inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). This category includes unquoted shares held for socio economic reasons. Fair values for shares held for socio economic reasons are based on the net tangible assets of the affected companies. The Group's and the Bank's exposure to financial instruments classified as Level 3 comprised a small number of financial instruments which constitute an insignificant component of the Group's and the Bank's portfolio of financial instruments. Hence, changing one or more of the inputs to reasonable alternative assumptions would not change the value significantly for the financial assets in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Group and the Bank recognise transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the transfer has occurred. Transfers between fair value hierarchy primarily due to change in the level of trading activity, change in observable market activity related to an input, reassessment of available pricing information and change in the significance of the unobservable input. There were no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 of the fair value hierarchy during the financial year (30 June 2021 - Nil).

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(e) Fair value measurement (continued)

(i) The table below summarises the fair value hierarchy of the Group's and the Bank's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair values.

The Group 30.06.2022	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	6,753	19,743	-	26,496
- quoted securities	6,753	-	-	6,753
- unquoted securities	-	19,743	-	19,743
Financial investments at FVOCI	-	1,256,640	-	1,256,640
- money market instruments	-	433,200	-	433,200
- unquoted securities	-	823,440	-	823,440
Derivative financial assets	-	38,393	-	38,393
	6,753	1,314,776	-	1,321,529
Financial liability Derivative financial liabilities	<u> </u>	26,705	<u> </u>	26,705
30.06.2021				
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	7,580	515,839	-	523,419
- money market instruments	-	466,127	-	466,127
- quoted securities	7,580	-	-	7,580
- unquoted securities	-	49,712	-	49,712
Financial investments at FVOCI	-	1,350,820	-	1,350,820
- money market instruments	-	391,627	-	391,627
- unquoted securities	-	959,193	-	959,193
Derivative financial assets	-	34,494	-	34,494
	7,580	1,901,153	-	1,908,733
Financial liability Derivative financial liabilities		41,056	_	41,056

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Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(e) Fair value measurement (continued)

(i) The table below summarises the fair value hierarchy of the Group's and the Bank's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair values. (continued)

The Bank 30.06.2022	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	6,554	19,743	-	26,297
- quoted securities	6,554	-	-	6,554
- unquoted securities	-	19,743	-	19,743
Financial investments at FVOCI	-	1,256,640	-	1,256,640
- money market instruments	-	433,200	-	433,200
- unquoted securities	-	823,440	-	823,440
Derivative financial assets	-	38,393	-	38,393
	6,554	1,314,776	-	1,321,330
Financial liability Derivative financial liabilities		26,705		26,705
30.06.2021				
Financial assets				
Financial assets at FVTPL	7,384	515,839	-	523,223
- money market instruments	-	466,127	-	466,127
- quoted securities	7,384	-	-	7,384
- unquoted securities	-	49,712	-	49,712
Financial investments at FVOCI	-	1,350,820	-	1,350,820
- money market instruments	-	391,627	-	391,627
- unquoted securities	-	959,193	-	959,193
Derivative financial assets	-	34,494	-	34,494
	7,384	1,901,153	-	1,908,537
Financial liability Derivative financial liabilities		41,056	-	41,056

There were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 during the financial year.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(e) Fair value measurement (continued)

Reconciliation of fair value measurement in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

	The Group a	nd the Bank
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
	RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets at FVTPL		
At 1 July	-	1,432
Disposed during the financial year		(1,432)
At 30 June	-	-

(ii) The table below summarises the carrying amount and analyses the fair value within the fair value hierarchy of the Group's and the Bank's assets and liabilities not measured at fair value at reporting date but for which fair value is disclosed:

	Carrying	Fair value					
The Group and the Bank 30.06.2022	amount RM'000	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000		
Financial assets Financial investments at							
amortised cost - money market instruments - unquoted securities	1,211,409 39,033	-	1,193,506 37,656	-	1,193,506 37,656		
Loans and advances	393,720	-	393,722	-	393,722		
	1,644,162	-	1,624,884	-	1,624,884		
Financial liabilities Deposits from customers Deposits and placements of banks and other financial	759,636	-	759,636	-	759,636		
institutions	1,907,235	-	1,907,235	-	1,907,235		
Subordinated obligations	100,193		99,449	-	99,449		
	2,767,064	-	2,766,320	-	2,766,320		

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(e) Fair value measurement (continued)

(ii) The table below summarises the carrying amount and analyses the fair value within the fair value hierarchy of the Group's and the Bank's assets and liabilities not measured at fair value at reporting date but for which fair value is disclosed: (continued)

	Carrying	Fair value					
The Group and the Bank	amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
30.06.2021	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000		
Financial assets							
Financial investments at amortised cost							
- money market instruments	978,817	-	992,655	-	992,655		
- unquoted securities	80,469	-	80,349	-	80,349		
Loans and advances	335,759	-	335,767	-	335,767		
	1,395,045	-	1,408,771	-	1,408,771		
Financial liabilities							
Deposits from customers	701,538	-	701,538	-	701,538		
Deposits and placements of banks and other financial							
institutions	2,049,422	-	2,049,432	-	2,049,432		
Subordinated obligations	100,192	-	103,376	-	103,376		
C	2,851,152	-	2,854,346	-	2,854,346		

Other than as disclosed above, the total fair value of each financial assets and liabilities presented on the statements of financial position as at reporting date of the Group and the Bank approximates the total carrying amount.

The fair values are based on the following methodologies and assumptions:

Short-term funds and placements with banks and financial institutions

For deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions with maturities of less than six months, the carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value. For deposits and placements with maturities six months and above, estimated fair value is based on discounted cash flows using prevailing money market interest rates at which similar deposits and placements would be made with financial institutions of similar credit risk and remaining period to maturity.

Financial investments at amortised cost

The estimated fair value is generally based on quoted and observable market prices. Where there is no ready market in certain securities, the Group and the Company will establish the fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, discounted cash flows analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

44 Financial instruments (continued)

(e) Fair value measurement (continued)

The fair values are based on the following methodologies and assumptions: (continued)

Loans and advances

The value of fixed rate loans with remaining maturity of less than one year and floating rate loans are estimated to approximate their carrying amounts. For fixed rate loans with remaining maturity of more than one year, the fair value is estimated by discounting the estimated future cash flows using the prevailing market rates of loans with similar credit risks and maturities.

The fair values of impaired floating and fixed rate loans are represented by their carrying value, net of expected credit loss, being the expected recoverable amount.

Deposits and placements of other financial institutions and repurchased agreements

The estimated fair values of deposits and placements of other financial institutions and repurchased agreements with maturities of less than six months approximate the carrying values. For the items with maturities six months and above, the fair values are estimated based on discounted cash flows using prevailing money market interest rates with similar remaining period to maturities.

Credit related commitment and contingencies

The net fair value of these items was not calculated as estimated fair values are not readily ascertainable. These financial instruments generally relate to credit risks and attract fees in line with market prices for similar arrangements. They are not presently sold nor traded. The fair value may be represented by the present value of fees expected to be received less associated costs.

Clients' and brokers' balances

The carrying amount as at reporting date approximate fair values due to relatively short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

Other assets and liabilities

The carrying value less any estimated allowance for financial assets and liabilities included in 'other assets and liabilities' are assumed to approximate their fair values as these items are short term in nature.

Deposits from customers

For deposits from customers with maturities of less than six months, the carrying amounts are reasonable estimates of their fair values. For each deposit with maturities of six months and above, fair values are estimated using discounted cash flows based on prevailing market rates for similar deposits from customers.

Subordinated obligations

The fair value of subordinated obligations are based on quoted market prices where available.

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Notes to the financial statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

45 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

In accordance with MFRS 132 'Financial Instrument: Presentation', the Group reports financial assets and financial liabilities on a net basis on the statements of financial position only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The following table shows the impact of netting arrangement on:

- All financial assets and liabilities that are reported net on statements of financial position; and
- All derivative financial instruments and securities purchased under resale agreements and obligations on securities sold under repurchase agreements and other similar secured lending and borrowing agreements that are subject to enforceable master netting arrangements or similar agreements, but do not qualify for statements of financial position netting.

The table identifies the amounts that have been offset in the statements of financial position and also those amounts that are covered by enforceable netting arrangements (offsetting arrangements and financial collateral) but do not qualify for netting under the requirements of MFRS 132 described above.

The "Net amounts" presented below are not intended to represent the Group's actual exposure to credit risk, as a variety of credit mitigation strategies are employed in addition to netting and collateral arrangements.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

45 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

	Effects of off	setting on the	e statements				
	of fi	inancial posit	ion	Related amounts not offset			
The Group and			Net amount reported on statements				
the Bank	Gross	Amounts	of financial	Financial	Financial	Net	
	Amount	Offset	position	instruments	collateral	Amount	
30.06.2022	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Financial assets							
Clients' and brokers'							
balances	194,661	(91,584)	103,077	-	-	103,077	
Derivative financial							
assets	38,393	-	38,393	(9,589)	(17,719)	11,085	
Total assets	233,054	(91,584)	141,470	(9,589)	(17,719)	114,162	
Financial liabilities							
Clients' and brokers'							
balances	168,086	(91,584)	76,502	-	-	76,502	
Derivative financial							
liabilities	26,705	-	26,705	(9,589)	(3,174)	13,942	
Total liabilities	194,791	(91,584)	103,207	(9,589)	(3,174)	90,444	
30.06.2021							
Financial assets							
Clients' and brokers'							
balances	383,387	(183,593)	199,794	-	-	199,794	
Derivative financial			*			,	
assets	34,494	-	34,494	(23,515)	(6,586)	4,393	
Total assets	417,881	(183,593)	234,288	(23,515)	(6,586)	204,187	

Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

45 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities (continued)

	Effects of offsetting on the statements of financial position			Related amounts not offset		
The Group and the Bank 30.06.2021	Gross Amount RM'000	Amounts Offset RM'000	Net amount reported on statements of financial position RM'000	Financial instruments RM'000	Financial collateral RM'000	Net Amount RM'000
Financial liabilities						
Clients' and brokers'						
balances	360,233	(183,593)	176,640	-	-	176,640
Derivative financial						
liabilities	41,056	-	41,056	(23,515)	(3,754)	13,787
Total liabilities	401,289	(183,593)	217,696	(23,515)	(3,754)	190,427

Related amounts not offset

Derivative financial assets and liabilities

The 'Financial instruments' column identifies financial assets and liabilities that are subject to set off under netting agreements, such as the ISDA Master Agreement or derivative exchange or clearing counterparty agreements, whereby all outstanding transactions with the same counterparty can be offset and close-out netting applied across all outstanding transaction covered by the agreements if an event of default or other predetermined events occur.

Financial collateral refers to cash and non-cash collateral obtained, typically daily or weekly, to cover the net exposure between counterparties by enabling the collateral to be realised in an event of default or if other predetermined events occur.

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Notes to the financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2022 (continued)

46 Equity compensation benefit

Executive Share Option Scheme ("ESOS" or "Scheme")

The Executive Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") of up to fifteen percent (15%) of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of the Bank's immediate holding company, HLCB which was approved by the shareholders of HLCB on 8 November 2005, was established on 23 January 2006 and had been in force for a period of ten (10) years. The ESOS had expired on 23 January 2016.

There were no options outstanding as at reporting date.

The number and market value of the ordinary shares held by the Trustee are as follows:

	The Group and The Bank					
	30.06.2022		30.06.2021			
	Number of		Number of			
	trust	Market	trust	Market		
	shares held	value	shares held	value		
	'000	RM'000	'000	RM'000		
As at end of the financial year	105	588	105	635		

47 Significant events during the financial year

There were no material significant events during the financial year.

48 Significant events subsequent to the financial year

There were no significant events subsequent to the financial year that require disclosure or adjustments to the financial statements.

49 Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Bank in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 20 September 2022.

Statement by Directors pursuant to Section 251(2) of the Companies Act 2016

We, Yong Yoong Fa and Tan Kong Khoon, being two of the Directors of Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Directors, the financial statements set out on pages 31 to 169 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Bank as at 30 June 2022 and the financial performance of the Group and the Bank for the financial year ended 30 June 2022, in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with their resolution dated 20 September 2022.

Yong Yoong Fa Director

Tan Kong Khoon Director

Kuala Lumpur 20 September 2022

Statutory declaration pursuant to Section 251(1) of the Companies Act 2016

I, Lau Yew Sun, the Officer primarily responsible for the financial management of Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 31 to 169 are to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by No. W 661 the abovenamed Lau Yew Sun (MIA No. 8752) TAN KIM CHOOI at Kuala Lumpur in Wilayah Persekutuan on 1.1.2022 - 18.4.2023Sto 20 September 2022 Before me LEVEL 25, MENARA HONG LEONG, NO 6, JALAN DAMANLELA, BUKIT DAMANSARA Commissioner for Oaths 50490 KUALALUMPUR



REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Bank as at 30 June 2022, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Group and of the Bank, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 30 June 2022 of the Group and of the Bank, and the income statements, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Bank for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 31 to 169.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Bank in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Directors of the Bank are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Bank and our auditors' report thereon.

PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT (LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146), Chartered Accountants, Level 10, 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, P.O. Box 10192, 50706 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia T: +60 (3) 2173 1188, F: +60 (3) 2173 1288, www.pwc.com/my



REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon (continued)

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Bank does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Bank, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Bank or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial statements

The Directors of the Bank are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and of the Bank that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Bank that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Bank, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Bank or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Bank as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Bank, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and of the Bank's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Bank or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Bank, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Bank represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- (f) Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the member of the Bank, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

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PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur 20 September 2022

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LEE TZE WOON KELVIN 03482/01/2024 J Chartered Accountant