

**HONG LEONG INVESTMENT BANK BERHAD**  
Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W)  
(Incorporated in Malaysia)

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES**  
**FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

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## **BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES**

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**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**1. INTRODUCTION**

The capital adequacy ratios of Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad ("HLIBB" or "the Bank") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") are computed in accordance with the Bank Negara Malaysia's ("BNM") Risk-Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework ("RWCAF") - Basel II issued on 3 May 2019.

The Group places great importance to Basel II and view Basel II as a group-wide initiative that will ensure that the Group continues to meet international best practices for the credit, market and operational risk management practices. By adopting Basel II, the Group will be able to enhance and embed sound risk management practices within the Group and be equipped with the right risk management discipline, practices, processes and systems.

The following information concerning the Group's risk exposures, risk management practices and capital adequacy is disclosed as accompanying information to the annual report and does not form part of the audited accounts.

**2. SCOPE OF APPLICATION**

The capital adequacy ratios of the Group consist of capital base and risk-weighted assets derived from consolidated balances of the Bank and its subsidiary companies.

The capital adequacy ratios of the Bank and the Group are computed in accordance with BNM's RWCAF - Basel II. The Bank and the Group have adopted the Standardised Approach for Credit Risk and Market Risk, and the Basic Indicator Approach for Operational Risk.

The Group's capital requirements are generally based on the principles of consolidation adopted in the preparation of its annual financial statements, as discussed in Note 2A to the Financial Statements for financial year ended 30 June 2021 and differs from that used for regulatory capital purposes.

During the course of the year, the Bank and its subsidiaries did not experience any restrictions or other major impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the Group.

**3. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY**

The Group monitors the capital adequacy position of the Bank and its subsidiaries to ensure compliance with requirements of BNM and to take prompt actions to address projected capital deficiency. The capital position is reviewed on a monthly basis by undertaking stress tests and taking into account the levels and trend of material risks. The sufficiency of capital is assessed against the various risks in the balance sheet as well as future capital requirements based on the Group's expansion plans.

The Group has also formalised an overall capital management framework, which seeks to ensure that there is an adequate balance between Tier I and Tier II capital. The Group is also following very closely the global developments on capital management.

The following table sets forth details on the capital resources, capital adequacy ratios and risk-weighted assets for the Group and the Bank as at 30 June 2021. BNM's revised RWCAF - Basel II sets out the minimum capital adequacy ratios for the banking institutions and the methodology for calculating these ratios. As at 30 June 2021, the Group's and the Bank's Tier I and the total capital adequacy ratios were higher than BNM's minimum requirements.

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**3. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)**

(a) The capital adequacy ratios of the Group and the Bank are as follows:

**30 June 2021**

	<b>The Group</b>	<b>The Bank</b>
<b>Before deducting proposed dividends:</b>		
Common equity tier 1 ("CET1") ratio	50.556%	50.575%
Tier I capital ratio	50.556%	50.575%
Total capital ratio	<u>61.379%</u>	<u>61.409%</u>
<b>After deducting proposed dividends:</b>		
CET I capital ratio	34.419%	34.419%
Tier I capital ratio	34.419%	34.419%
Total capital ratio	<u>45.241%</u>	<u>45.253%</u>

The components of CET1, Tier 1 and total capital of the Bank are as follows:

	<b>The Group</b>	<b>The Bank</b>
	<b>RM'000</b>	<b>RM'000</b>
<b>CET1 capital</b>		
Paid-up ordinary share capital	252,950	252,950
Retained profits	389,554	389,376
Other reserves	3,364	3,364
Less: goodwill and intangible assets	(31,745)	(31,745)
Less: deferred tax assets	(121,199)	(121,199)
Less: Investment in subsidiaries	-	(200)
Less: 55% of cumulative gains of financial investments at FVOCI	(1,850)	(1,850)
Total CET1 capital	<u>491,074</u>	<u>490,696</u>
<b>Tier 1 capital</b>	<u>491,074</u>	<u>490,696</u>
<b>Tier-2 capital</b>		
General Provisions <sup>(1)</sup>	5,120	5,115
Subordinated Notes	<u>100,000</u>	<u>100,000</u>
Total Tier 2 capital	<u>105,120</u>	<u>105,115</u>
Total capital	<u>596,194</u>	<u>595,811</u>

Note:

- <sup>(1)</sup> Pursuant to BNM's policy document on Financial Reporting, general provision refers to loss allowance, measured at an amount equal to 12-month and lifetime expected credit losses and regulatory reserve, to the extent they are ascribed to non-credit impaired exposures, determined under standardised approach for credit risk.

Breakdown of risk-weighted assets in the various risk weights:

	<b>The Group</b>	<b>The Bank</b>
	<b>RM'000</b>	<b>RM'000</b>
Credit risk	409,572	409,205
Market risk	248,500	248,108
Operational risk	<u>313,267</u>	<u>312,925</u>
	<u>971,339</u>	<u>970,238</u>

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**3. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)**

(a) The capital adequacy ratios of the Group and the Bank are as follows (continued):

**30 June 2020**

	The Group	The Bank
<b>Before deducting proposed dividends:</b>		
Common equity tier 1 ("CET1") ratio	42.121%	42.128%
Tier I capital ratio	42.121%	42.128%
Total capital ratio	<u>52.751%</u>	<u>52.768%</u>
<b>After deducting proposed dividends:</b>		
CET I capital ratio	35.498%	35.500%
Tier I capital ratio	35.498%	35.500%
Total capital ratio	<u>46.129%</u>	<u>46.139%</u>

The components of CET1, Tier 1 and total capital of the Bank are as follows:

	The Group RM'000	The Bank RM'000
<b>CET1 capital</b>		
Paid-up ordinary share capital	252,950	252,950
Share premium	-	-
Retained profits	279,903	279,828
Other reserves	9,349	9,349
Less: goodwill and intangible assets	(31,380)	(31,380)
Less: deferred tax assets	(85,925)	(85,925)
Less: Investment in subsidiaries	-	(200)
Less: 55% of cumulative gains of financial investments at FVOCI	<u>(5,142)</u>	<u>(5,142)</u>
Total CET1 capital	<u>419,755</u>	<u>419,480</u>
<b>Tier 1 capital</b>	419,755	419,480
<b>Tier-2 capital</b>		
General Provisions <sup>(1)</sup>	5,940	5,940
Subordinated Notes	<u>100,000</u>	<u>100,000</u>
Total Tier 2 capital	<u>105,940</u>	<u>105,940</u>
Total capital	<u>525,695</u>	<u>525,420</u>

Note:

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes collective assessment allowance attributable to loans and advances classified as impaired.

Breakdown of risk-weighted assets in the various risk weights:

	The Group RM'000	The Bank RM'000
Credit risk	476,447	476,122
Market risk	257,343	257,167
Operational risk	<u>262,761</u>	<u>262,434</u>
	<u>996,551</u>	<u>995,723</u>

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**3. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)**

(b) The breakdown of risk-weighted assets ("RWA") by exposure is as follows:

<b>The Group</b> <b>30 June 2021</b> <b>Exposure Class</b>	<b>Gross</b> <b>Exposures</b> <b>RM'000</b>	<b>Net</b> <b>Exposures</b> <b>RM'000</b>	<b>Risk-Weighted</b> <b>Assets</b> <b>RM'000</b>	<b>Capital</b> <b>Requirements</b> <b>RM'000</b>
<b>(i) Credit Risk</b>				
<b>On-Balance Sheet Exposures:</b>				
Sovereigns & Central Banks	1,295,081	1,295,081	-	-
Public Sector Entities	315,712	315,712	-	-
Banks, Development Financial Institutions ("DFI") & Multilateral Development Banks ("MDBs")	339,342	339,342	87,361	6,989
Corporates	755,113	706,685	235,110	18,809
Regulatory Retail	396,543	150,918	176	14
Other Assets	67,631	67,631	45,288	3,623
<b>Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>3,169,422</b>	<b>2,875,369</b>	<b>367,935</b>	<b>29,435</b>
<b>Off-Balance Sheet Exposures:</b>				
Credit-related Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	16,000	16,000	16,000	1,280
Derivative Financial Instruments	88,982	88,982	25,637	2,051
<b>Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>104,982</b>	<b>104,982</b>	<b>41,637</b>	<b>3,331</b>
<b>Total On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>3,274,404</b>	<b>2,980,351</b>	<b>409,572</b>	<b>32,766</b>
<b>(ii) Market Risk</b>				
	<b>Long Position</b>	<b>Short Position</b>		
Interest Rate Risk	5,517,709	5,003,100	211,137	16,891
Equity Risk	4,538	-	9,749	780
Foreign Exchange Risk	27,496	-	27,496	2,200
Options Risk	200	-	118	9
	<b>5,549,943</b>	<b>5,003,100</b>	<b>248,500</b>	<b>19,880</b>
<b>(iii) Operational Risk</b>			<b>313,267</b>	<b>25,061</b>
<b>Total RWA and Capital Requirements</b>			<b>971,339</b>	<b>77,707</b>

BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

3. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)

(b) The breakdown of risk-weighted assets ("RWA") by exposure is as follows (continued):

The Group 30 June 2020 Exposure Class	Gross Exposures RM'000	Net Exposures RM'000	Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000	Capital Requirements RM'000
<b>(i) Credit Risk</b>				
<b>On-Balance Sheet Exposures:</b>				
Sovereigns & Central Banks	920,622	920,622	-	-
Public Sector Entities	383,665	383,665	-	-
Banks, Development Financial Institutions ("DFI") & Multilateral Development Banks ("MDBs")	433,579	433,579	91,731	7,338
Corporates	1,057,440	832,410	287,750	23,020
Regulatory Retail	199	199	149	12
Other Assets	285,505	285,505	43,344	3,468
Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures	3,081,010	2,855,980	422,974	33,838
<b>Off-Balance Sheet Exposures:</b>				
Credit-related Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	23,075	23,075	17,415	1,393
Derivative Financial Instruments	136,405	136,405	36,058	2,885
Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	159,480	159,480	53,473	4,278
Total On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	3,240,490	3,015,460	476,447	38,116
<b>(ii) Market Risk</b>				
	Long Position	Short Position		
Interest Rate Risk	6,618,141	6,011,256	201,324	16,106
Equity Risk	19,553	-	40,844	3,268
Foreign Exchange Risk	15,175	259	15,175	1,214
Options Risk	-	-	-	-
	6,652,869	6,011,515	257,343	20,588
<b>(iii) Operational Risk</b>				
			262,761	21,021
Total RWA and Capital Requirements			996,551	79,725

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**3. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)**

(b) The breakdown of risk-weighted assets ("RWA") by exposure is as follows (continued):

<b>The Bank</b>	<b>Gross</b>	<b>Net</b>	<b>Risk-</b>	<b>Capital</b>
<b>30 June 2021</b>	<b>Exposures</b>	<b>Exposures</b>	<b>Weighted</b>	<b>Requirements</b>
<b>Exposure Class</b>	<b>RM'000</b>	<b>RM'000</b>	<b>Assets</b>	<b>RM'000</b>
			<b>RM'000</b>	
<b>(i) Credit Risk</b>				
<b>On-Balance Sheet Exposures:</b>				
Sovereigns & Central Banks	1,295,081	1,295,081	-	-
Public Sector Entities	315,712	315,712	-	-
Banks, DFI & MDBs	337,510	337,510	86,994	6,960
Corporates	755,113	706,685	235,110	18,808
Regulatory Retail	396,543	150,918	176	14
Other Assets	67,631	67,631	45,288	3,623
<b>Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>3,167,590</b>	<b>2,873,537</b>	<b>367,568</b>	<b>29,405</b>
<b>Off-Balance Sheet Exposures:</b>				
Credit-related Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	16,000	16,000	16,000	1,280
Derivative Financial Instruments	88,982	88,982	25,637	2,051
<b>Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>104,982</b>	<b>104,982</b>	<b>41,637</b>	<b>3,331</b>
<b>Total On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>3,272,572</b>	<b>2,978,519</b>	<b>409,205</b>	<b>32,736</b>
<b>(ii) Market Risk</b>				
	<b>Long Position</b>	<b>Short Position</b>		
Interest Rate Risk	5,517,709	5,003,100	211,137	16,891
Equity Risk	4,342	-	9,357	749
Foreign Exchange Risk	27,496	-	27,496	2,200
Options Risk	200	-	118	9
	<b>5,549,747</b>	<b>5,003,100</b>	<b>248,108</b>	<b>19,849</b>
<b>(iii) Operational Risk</b>				
			312,925	25,034
<b>Total RWA and Capital Requirements</b>			<b>970,238</b>	<b>77,619</b>



**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**3. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)**

(b) The breakdown of risk-weighted assets ("RWA") by exposure is as follows (continued):

<b>The Bank 30 June 2020 Exposure Class</b>	<b>Gross Exposures RM'000</b>	<b>Net Exposures RM'000</b>	<b>Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000</b>	<b>Capital Requirements RM'000</b>
<b>(i) Credit Risk</b>				
<b>On-Balance Sheet Exposures:</b>				
Sovereigns & Central Banks	920,622	920,622	-	-
Public Sector Entities	383,665	383,665	-	-
Banks, DFI & MDBs	431,990	431,990	91,413	7,313
Corporates	1,057,440	832,410	287,750	23,020
Regulatory Retail	199	199	149	12
Other Assets	285,498	285,498	43,337	3,467
<b>Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>3,079,414</b>	<b>2,854,384</b>	<b>422,649</b>	<b>33,812</b>
<b>Off-Balance Sheet Exposures:</b>				
Credit-related Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	23,075	23,075	17,415	1,393
Derivative Financial Instruments	136,405	136,405	36,058	2,885
<b>Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>159,480</b>	<b>159,480</b>	<b>53,473</b>	<b>4,278</b>
<b>Total On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>3,238,894</b>	<b>3,013,864</b>	<b>476,122</b>	<b>38,090</b>
<b>(ii) Market Risk</b>				
	<b>Long Position</b>	<b>Short Position</b>		
Interest Rate Risk	6,618,141	6,011,256	201,324	16,106
Equity Risk	19,466	-	40,668	3,253
Foreign Exchange Risk	15,175	259	15,175	1,214
Options Risk	-	-	-	-
	<b>6,652,782</b>	<b>6,011,515</b>	<b>257,167</b>	<b>20,573</b>
<b>(iii) Operational Risk</b>				
			262,434	20,995
<b>Total RWA and Capital Requirements</b>			<b>995,723</b>	<b>79,658</b>

## **HONG LEONG INVESTMENT BANK BERHAD**

**Registration No. 197001000928 (10209-W)**

**(Incorporated in Malaysia)**

### **BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

#### **4. RISK MANAGEMENT**

##### **Overview**

The Group believes that an integrated risk management framework is key to ensuring the overall financial soundness and stability of the Group's business operations. Key components of our enterprise wide risk management framework include:

- (i) A structured risk governance model, incorporating strong Board and senior management oversight.
- (ii) Sound capital management processes.
- (iii) Comprehensive assessment of material risks.
- (iv) A rigorous system of check and balance reviews.
- (v) Regular monitoring and reporting.
- (vi) Independent reviews by the internal and external auditors.

##### **Risk governance structure**

The Board has overall responsibility for providing leadership, overseeing risk appetite and ensuring that a robust risk and compliance culture prevails. The Board is assisted by the following Board and management committees:

- (i) Board, Audit and Risk Management Committee ("BARMC").
- (ii) Assets and Liabilities Management Committee ("ALMCO").
- (iii) Management Credit and Underwriting Committee ("MCUC").

The BARMC is responsible for the following:

- (i) Reviewing and recommending risk management strategies, policies and risk tolerance for the Board's approval.
- (ii) Reviewing and assessing adequacy of risk management policies and framework in identifying, measuring, monitoring and controlling risk and the extent to which these are operating effectively.
- (iii) Ensuring infrastructure, resources and systems are in place for risk management i.e. ensuring that the staff responsible for implementing risk management systems perform those duties independently of risk taking activities.
- (iv) Reviewing management's periodic reports on risk exposure, risk portfolio composition and risk management activities.

The Risk Management Department is responsible for assisting the BARMC, ALMCO, MCUC and the Board in ensuring that the risk management activities are carried out as per their directives. Amongst others, Risk Management Department is responsible for setting the risk management framework and developing tools and methodologies for the identification, measurement, monitoring, control and valuation of risks. The Risk Management Department consists of three main units namely Market and Liquidity Risk, Operational Risk and Credit Risk Management.

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

**Risk governance structure** (continued)

The Group Internal Audit function complements the Risk Management Department in the management of risk by:

- (i) Ensuring that the risk policies prepared by the Risk Management Department are enforced through its regular audit cycle.
- (ii) Performing independent reviews to assess the risk control environment developed by the Risk Management Department.
- (iii) Performing independent reviews to assess the risk grading system and the credit process.
- (iv) Forming independent opinions on risk controls being formulated by the Risk Management Department.

**Eight broad principles of risk management**

- (i) Align risk appetite and strategy

Risk appetite is the degree of risk that the Group is willing to accept in pursuit of its goals. Risk appetite is set first in evaluating strategic alternatives, then in setting objectives aligned with the selected strategy and in developing mechanisms to manage the related risks.

- (ii) Link growth, risk and return

Framework provides an enhanced ability to identify and assess risks and establish acceptable levels of risk relative to growth and return objectives.

- (iii) Enhance risk response decisions

The Group strives to identify and select among alternative risk responses - risk avoidance, reduction, sharing and acceptance based on generally accepted practices and methodologies.

- (iv) Minimise operational surprises and losses

The Group continually enhances its capability to identify potential events, assess risk and establish responses, thereby reducing the occurrence of surprises and related costs or losses.

- (v) Identify and manage cross-risks

Every product faces a myriad of risks. The Group not only manages the individual risks, but also manages interrelated impacts.

- (vi) Provide integrated responses to multiple risks

Business processes carry many inherent risks and the Group continually finds solutions for managing the risks.

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

**Eight broad principles of risk management** (continued)

(vii) Seize opportunities

The Group considers potential events, using risk management as offensive initiatives rather than just risks (defensive), and by considering a full range of events, the Group gains an understanding of how certain events represent opportunities.

(viii) Rationalise capital

More robust information on total risk allows the Group to more effectively assess overall capital needs and improve capital allocation.

**Risk management framework**

The Group's risk management framework outlines the overall structure, aspirations, values and risk management strategies, and is a structured approach in balancing risks and returns.

Appropriate methodologies and measures have been developed in our risk management approaches to manage uncertainties such that the deviations from the intended strategic objectives are monitored and kept within tolerable levels.

**Risk management culture**

The risk management culture of the Group encompasses the following:

(i) Developing strategies

Documentation that is approved by the Board which expresses the Group's risk management strategies and appetite.

(ii) Adopting skills

The capabilities and resources required for implementing the risk management function.

(iii) Cultivating shared values

The universal risk management culture that the Group expects and promotes throughout the business units.

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

**Risk management approach**

The risk management approach is summarised as follows:

(i) Strategy

Risk management policies are integrated with business and strategies, in line with Board approved risk appetite.

(ii) Policy

Risks are addressed using specific risk policies.

(iii) Tools

Risks are measured and assessed using clearly defined models, methodologies and benchmarking.

(iv) Communication

Risks are adequately communicated across the Group in a timely manner.

(v) Implementation

Risks and returns are identified and managed by respective accountable business, support and operating units.

(vi) Maintenance

Risk management policies are clearly and formally documented, with a review in place to respond to changes in operating environment.

**Risk management process**

The risk management approaches are based on four simple processes:

(i) Identify what, why and how risks can arise:

- Nature of risk.
- Circumstances.
- Causes.
- Potential contributing factors.

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

**Risk management process** (continued)

(ii) Analyse and evaluate risks:

- Analyse and measure risk exposures using impact and probability analysis.
- Establish priorities using risk matrix.
- Compare risk exposures with Group's risk appetite.

(iii) Measures to control or mitigate the identified risks:

- Measures to mitigate the identified risks or risk controls.
- Action plans to either prevent or mitigate the risks.

(iv) Monitor and review the performance of the risk management process:

- Review effectiveness of mitigating measures or controls.
- Tracking of incidences and losses.
- Review feedback from internal reports and take appropriate action.

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk**

Credit risk arises as a result of customers or counterparties not being able to or willing to fulfill their financial and contractual obligations as and when they fall due. These obligations arise from lending, trade finance and other activities undertaken by the Group.

The primary objective of the credit risk management framework is to ensure that exposure to credit risk is kept within the Group's financial capacity to withstand potential future losses. Lending activities are guided by internal credit policies and guidelines that are approved by the Board. These policies were reviewed and further enhanced during the year.

Credit portfolio management strategies and significant exposures are reviewed by the Board. These portfolio management strategies are designed to achieve a desired ideal portfolio risk tolerance level and sector distribution. This includes minimum credit rating targets for new credit facilities.

The Group's credit approving process encompasses pre-approval evaluation, approval and post-approval evaluation. While the business units are responsible for credit origination, the credit approving function rests mainly with the MCUC.

Credit risk is also identified as part of the new product sign-off process to ensure that new products prior to marketing are acceptable from a credit risk management perspective.

The Group also believes that authority limits for credit approvals should be directly related to the risk levels of the borrower and the transaction. In this respect, a Delegated Authority Limit structure had been implemented.

**Credit Risk Management Process**

(i) Identification

- Risk assessment on the potential impact of internal and external factors on transactions and positions.

(ii) Assessment/Measurement

- Internal credit rating systems to evaluate customer's credit worthiness.

(iii) Control/Mitigation

- Credit risk management policies and guidelines on credit rating, collateral and loan recovery.
- Exposure limits based on credit worthiness level for corporate groups, and prudent thresholds by economic sectors.
- Monitoring the benchmark return to consider the risk taken.

(iv) Monitoring/Review

- Analysis/review on loan exposures, asset quality evaluation, and movement of impaired loans and advances.
- Reporting on exposures against approved credit limits.

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Credit quality of loans and advances**

A loan is defined as "past due" when the counterparty has failed to make a principal or interest payment when contractually due. Late processing and other administrative delays on the side of the borrower can lead to a financial asset being past due but not impaired. Therefore, loans advances and financing less than 90 days past due are not usually considered impaired, unless other information is available to indicate the contrary.

A loan or a group of loans is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

For description of approaches adopted by the Group and the Bank for the determination of expected credit losses (Stage 1, 2, 3), refer to Note 44(d) to the audited financial statements for financial year ended 30 June 2021.

**Gross credit exposure**

(i) The table below sets out the breakdown of gross credit exposures by geographical distribution as follows:

<b>The Group and the Bank</b>	<b>Malaysia RM'000</b>	<b>Other countries RM'000</b>	<b>Total RM'000</b>
<b>30 June 2021</b>			
<b>On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss *	515,839	-	515,839
Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income *	1,296,817	54,003	1,350,820
Financial investments at amortised cost	1,059,286	-	1,059,286
Derivatives financial assets	34,494	-	34,494
Loans and advances	335,759	-	335,759
Clients' and brokers' balances	199,794	-	199,794
<b>Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>3,441,989</b>	<b>54,003</b>	<b>3,495,992</b>
<b>Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>			
Credit-related exposures	16,000	-	16,000
Derivative financial instruments	88,982	-	88,982
	<b>104,982</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>104,982</b>
<b>Total On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>3,546,971</b>	<b>54,003</b>	<b>3,600,974</b>

\* Excludes equity securities



**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Gross credit exposure (continued)**

(i) The table below sets out the breakdown of gross credit exposures by geographical distribution as follows (continued):

<b>The Group and the Bank</b>	<b>Malaysia RM'000</b>	<b>Other countries RM'000</b>	<b>Total RM'000</b>
<b>30 June 2020</b>			
<b>On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>			
Securities Purchased Under Resale Agreements	50,172	-	50,172
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss *	632,119	-	632,119
Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income *	1,266,529	-	1,266,529
Financial investments at amortised cost	868,134	-	868,134
Derivatives financial assets	54,957	-	54,957
Loans and advances	316,023	-	316,023
Clients' and brokers' balances	236,008	-	236,008
<b>Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>3,423,942</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,423,942</b>
<b>Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>			
Credit-related exposures	23,075	-	23,075
Derivative financial instruments	136,405	-	136,405
	159,480	-	159,480
<b>Total On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>3,583,422</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,583,422</b>

\* Excludes equity securities

BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(A) Credit risk (continued)

Gross credit exposure (continued)

(ii) The table below sets out the breakdown of gross credit exposures by sector as follows:

The Group and the Bank 30 June 2021	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RM'000	Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income RM'000	Financial investments at amortised cost RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	Loans and advances RM'000	Clients' and brokers' balances RM'000	Securities Purchased Under Resale Agreements RM'000	Total on- balance sheet risk exposures RM'000	Credit- related Exposures RM'000	Derivative Financial Instruments RM'000	Total off- balance sheet credit risk exposures RM'000	Total on and off-balance sheet credit risk exposures RM'000
Agriculture	-	-	-	-	27,948	-	-	27,948	-	-	-	27,948
Manufacturing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity, gas and water	-	199,352	-	-	-	-	-	199,352	-	-	-	199,352
Construction	19,956	6,878	5,010	-	-	-	-	31,844	1,000	-	1,000	32,844
Wholesale and retail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport, storage and communications	-	143,140	-	-	-	-	-	143,140	-	-	-	143,140
Finance, insurance, real estate and business services	443,751	602,739	75,459	34,494	8,106	-	-	1,164,549	-	88,982	88,982	1,253,531
Government and government agencies	52,132	358,402	978,817	-	-	-	-	1,389,351	-	-	-	1,389,351
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of securities	-	-	-	-	293,866	199,794	-	493,660	-	-	-	493,660
Others	-	40,309	-	-	5,839	-	-	46,148	15,000	-	15,000	61,148
	515,839	1,350,820	1,059,286	34,494	335,759	199,794	-	3,495,992	16,000	88,982	104,982	3,600,974

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Gross credit exposure (continued)**

(ii) The table below sets out the breakdown of gross credit exposures by sector as follows:

<b>The Group and the Bank 30 June 2020</b>	<b>Financial assets held- for-trading RM'000</b>	<b>Financial investments available-for-sale RM'000</b>	<b>Financial investments held-to- maturity RM'000</b>	<b>Derivative financial assets RM'000</b>	<b>Loans and advances RM'000</b>	<b>Clients' and brokers' balances RM'000</b>	<b>Securities Purchased Under Resale Agreements RM'000</b>	<b>Total on- balance sheet risk exposures RM'000</b>	<b>Credit- related Exposures RM'000</b>	<b>Derivative Financial Instruments RM'000</b>	<b>Total off- balance sheet credit risk exposures RM'000</b>	<b>Total on and off-balance sheet credit risk exposures RM'000</b>
Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity, gas and water	11,415	162,302	-	-	-	-	-	173,717	-	-	-	173,717
Construction	-	10,367	4,999	-	-	-	-	15,366	1,000	-	1,000	16,366
Wholesale and retail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport, storage and communications	-	185,617	-	-	-	-	-	185,617	-	-	-	185,617
Finance, insurance, real estate and business services	620,704	734,893	37,249	54,957	87,559	-	50,172	1,585,534	7,075	136,405	143,480	1,729,014
Government and government agencies	-	157,769	825,886	-	-	-	-	983,655	-	-	-	983,655
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Household	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of securities	-	-	-	-	224,875	236,008	-	460,883	-	-	-	460,883
Others	-	15,581	-	-	3,589	-	-	19,170	15,000	-	15,000	34,170
	<b>632,119</b>	<b>1,266,529</b>	<b>868,134</b>	<b>54,957</b>	<b>316,023</b>	<b>236,008</b>	<b>50,172</b>	<b>3,423,942</b>	<b>23,075</b>	<b>136,405</b>	<b>159,480</b>	<b>3,583,422</b>

BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(A) Credit risk (continued)

Gross credit exposure

(iii) The table below sets out the breakdown of gross credit exposures by residual contractual maturity as follows:

The Group and the Bank 30 June 2021	Up to 1 Year RM'000	1 to 5 Years RM'000	Over 5 Years RM'000	Total RM'000
<b>On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	458,696	15,568	41,575	515,839
Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	251,328	739,800	359,692	1,350,820
Financial investments at amortised cost	113,076	755,003	191,207	1,059,286
Derivatives financial assets	10,212	24,282	-	34,494
Loans and advances	322,086	13,673	-	335,759
Clients and brokers balances	199,794	-	-	199,794
<b>Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>1,355,192</b>	<b>1,548,326</b>	<b>592,474</b>	<b>3,495,992</b>
<b>Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>				
Credit-related Exposures	1,000	15,000	-	16,000
Derivative Financial Instruments	26,191	62,791	-	88,982
<b>Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>27,191</b>	<b>77,791</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>104,982</b>
<b>Total On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>1,382,383</b>	<b>1,626,117</b>	<b>592,474</b>	<b>3,600,974</b>

BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(A) Credit risk (continued)

Gross credit exposure

(iii) The table below sets out the breakdown of gross credit exposures by residual contractual maturity as follows:

<b>The Group and the Bank 30 June 2020</b>	<b>Up to 1 Year RM'000</b>	<b>1 to 5 Years RM'000</b>	<b>Over 5 Years RM'000</b>	<b>Total RM'000</b>
<b>On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>				
Securities Purchased Under Resale Agreements	50,172	-	-	50,172
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	588,324	10,510	33,285	632,119
Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	350,532	611,566	304,431	1,266,529
Financial investments at amortised cost	161,730	559,261	147,143	868,134
Derivatives financial assets	11,641	35,302	8,014	54,957
Loans and advances	315,979	44	-	316,023
Clients and brokers balances	236,008	-	-	236,008
<b>Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>1,714,386</b>	<b>1,216,683</b>	<b>492,873</b>	<b>3,423,942</b>
<b>Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>				
Credit-related Exposures	1,000	22,075	-	23,075
Derivative Financial Instruments	35,068	88,042	13,295	136,405
<b>Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>36,068</b>	<b>110,117</b>	<b>13,295</b>	<b>159,480</b>
<b>Total On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>1,750,454</b>	<b>1,326,800</b>	<b>506,168</b>	<b>3,583,422</b>

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Loans and advances**

(i) The table below sets out the breakdown by sector the amount of past due loans and advances, credit impaired loans and advances, expected credit losses (Stage 1, 2 and 3), expected credit losses charges/(write back) and write-offs for Stage 3 during the period as follows:

<b>The Group and the Bank 30 June 2021</b>	<b>Past due loans and advances RM'000</b>	<b>Credit impaired loans and advances RM'000</b>	<b>12-month expected credit losses (Stage 1) RM'000</b>	<b>Lifetime expected credit losses-not credit impaired (Stage 2) RM'000</b>	<b>Lifetime expected credit losses-credit impaired (Stage 3) RM'000</b>	<b>Charges/(write- back) lifetime expected credit losses-credit impaired during the year RM'000</b>	<b>Write offs during the year RM'000</b>
Agriculture	-	-	(56)	-	-	-	-
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance, insurance, real estate and business services	-	-	(20)	-	-	-	-
Household	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of securities	-	-	(187)	(2)	-	-	-
Transport, storage and communications	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale and retail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	265	-	(192)	(126)	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>265</b>	<b>(263)</b>	<b>(194)</b>	<b>(126)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

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**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Loans and advances**

(i) The table below sets out the breakdown by sector the amount of past due loans and advances, impaired loans and advances, individual assessment allowance, collective assessment allowance, charges for individual assessment allowance during the financial year and write-offs during the financial year as follows (continued):

<b>The Group and the Bank 30 June 2020</b>	<b>Past due loans and advances</b>	<b>Credit impaired loans and advances RM'000</b>	<b>12-month expected credit losses (Stage 1) RM'000</b>	<b>Lifetime expected credit losses-not credit impaired (Stage 2) RM'000</b>	<b>Lifetime expected credit losses-credit impaired (Stage 3) RM'000</b>	<b>Charges/(write- back) lifetime expected credit losses-credit impaired during the year RM'000</b>	<b>Write offs during the year RM'000</b>
Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance, insurance, real estate and business services	-	-	(500)	-	-	-	-
Household	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of securities	-	367	(156)	(1)	(366)	-	-
Transport, storage and communications	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale and retail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	6,155	-	-	(2,612)	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6,522</b>	<b>(656)</b>	<b>(1)</b>	<b>(2,978)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Loans and advances (continued)**

- (ii) The table below sets out the breakdown by sector the amount of past due loans and advances, credit impaired loans and advances, expected credit losses (Stage 1, 2 and 3) during the period as follows:

	<b>Past due loans and advances RM'000</b>	<b>Credit impaired loans and advances RM'000</b>	<b>12-month expected credit losses (Stage 1) RM'000</b>	<b>Lifetime expected credit losses-not credit impaired (Stage 2) RM'000</b>	<b>Lifetime expected credit losses-credit impaired (Stage 3) RM'000</b>
<b>The Group and the Bank 30 June 2021</b>					
Malaysia	-	265	(263)	(194)	(126)

The table below sets out the breakdown by geographical areas the amount of past due loans and advances, impaired loans and advances, individual assessment allowance and collective assessment allowance as follows:

	<b>Past due loans and advances RM'000</b>	<b>Credit impaired loans and advances RM'000</b>	<b>12-month expected credit losses (Stage 1) RM'000</b>	<b>Lifetime expected credit losses-not credit impaired (Stage 2) RM'000</b>	<b>Lifetime expected credit losses-credit impaired (Stage 3) RM'000</b>
<b>The Group and the Bank 30 June 2020</b>					
Malaysia	-	6,522	(656)	(1)	(2,978)



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**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Rated exposures according to ratings by External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAIs")**

Under Basel II, credit risk for the Group is computed using the Standardised Approach.

External credit assessments (or external ratings) on the customer (the issuer) or specific securities issued by the issuer (the issue) form as a basis for the determination of risk weights under the Standardised Approach for exposures to sovereigns, central banks, public sector entities, banking institutions, corporates as well as certain other specific portfolios.

The approved External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAI") ratings and the prescribed risk weights on the above stated asset classes are used in the computation of regulatory capital. An exposure would be deemed to have an external rating if the issuer or the issue has a rating provided by an ECAI. In cases where an exposure does not have an issuer or issue rating, the exposure shall be deemed unrated and shall be accorded a risk weight appropriate for unrated exposures in their respective exposure category.

The ECAI used by the Group are Fitch Ratings ("Fitch"), Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's"), Standard & Poor's ("S&P"), Malaysia Rating Corporation Berhad ("MARC") and Rating Agency Malaysia ("RAM"). ECAI ratings are mapped to a common credit quality grade as prescribed by BNM.

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Credit risk exposure by risk weight**

The breakdown of credit risk exposures by risk weight is as follows:

<b>Risk Weights</b>	<b>Sovereigns/Central Banks RM'000</b>	<b>Public Sector Entities RM'000</b>	<b>Banks, DFIs and MDBs RM'000</b>	<b>Corporates RM'000</b>	<b>Regulatory Retail RM'000</b>	<b>Other Assets RM'000</b>	<b>Total Exposures after Netting &amp; Credit Risk Mitigation RM'000</b>	<b>Total Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000</b>
<b>The Group 30 June 2021</b>								
0%	1,295,081	315,712	51,119	5,250	150,742	14,381	1,832,285	-
20%	-	-	262,846	560,441	-	9,952	833,239	166,648
50%	-	-	107,864	35,942	-	-	143,806	71,903
75%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100%	-	-	-	127,547	176	43,298	171,021	171,021
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,295,081</b>	<b>315,712</b>	<b>421,829</b>	<b>729,180</b>	<b>150,918</b>	<b>67,631</b>	<b>2,980,351</b>	<b>409,572</b>
Risk-Weighted Assets by Exposures	-	-	106,501	257,607	176	45,288	409,572	
Average Risk Weights	0.0%	0.0%	25.2%	35.3%	0.1%	67.0%	13.7%	
Deduction from Capital Base	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Credit risk exposure by risk weight (continued)**

The breakdown of credit risk exposures by risk weight is as follows:

<b>Risk Weights</b>	<b>Sovereigns/Central Banks RM'000</b>	<b>Public Sector Entities RM'000</b>	<b>Banks, DFIs and MDBs RM'000</b>	<b>Corporates RM'000</b>	<b>Regulatory Retail RM'000</b>	<b>Other Assets RM'000</b>	<b>Total Exposures after Netting &amp; Credit Risk Mitigation RM'000</b>	<b>Total Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000</b>
<b>The Group 30 June 2020</b>								
0%	920,622	383,665	20,297	49,406	-	233,574	1,607,564	-
20%	-	-	504,501	579,731	-	10,735	1,094,967	218,993
50%	-	-	47,914	62,938	-	-	110,852	55,426
75%	-	-	-	-	199	-	199	149
100%	-	-	-	160,682	-	41,196	201,878	201,878
<b>Total</b>	<b>920,622</b>	<b>383,665</b>	<b>572,712</b>	<b>852,757</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>285,505</b>	<b>3,015,460</b>	<b>476,447</b>
<b>Risk-Weighted Assets by Exposures</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>124,858</b>	<b>308,097</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>43,343</b>	<b>476,447</b>	
<b>Average Risk Weights</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>21.8%</b>	<b>36.1%</b>	<b>74.9%</b>	<b>15.2%</b>	<b>15.8%</b>	
<b>Deduction from Capital Base</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	

BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(A) Credit risk (continued)

Credit risk exposure by risk weight

The breakdown of credit risk exposures by risk weight is as follows:

Risk Weights	Sovereigns/Central Banks RM'000	Public Sector Entities RM'000	Banks, DFIs and MDBs RM'000	Corporates RM'000	Regulatory Retail RM'000	Other Assets RM'000	Total Exposures after Netting & Credit Risk Mitigation RM'000	Total Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000
<b>The Bank 30 June 2021</b>								
0%	1,295,081	315,712	51,119	5,250	150,742	14,381	1,832,285	-
20%	-	-	261,014	560,441	-	9,952	831,407	166,281
50%	-	-	107,864	35,942	-	-	143,806	71,903
75%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100%	-	-	-	127,547	176	43,298	171,021	171,021
Total	1,295,081	315,712	419,997	729,180	150,918	67,631	2,978,519	409,205
Risk-Weighted Assets by Exposures	-	-	106,135	257,606	176	45,288	409,205	
Average Risk Weights	0.0%	0.0%	25.3%	35.3%	0.1%	67.0%	13.7%	
Deduction from Capital Base	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Credit risk exposure by risk weight**

The breakdown of credit risk exposures by risk weight is as follows:

<b>Risk Weights</b>	<b>Sovereigns/Central Banks RM'000</b>	<b>Public Sector Entities RM'000</b>	<b>Banks, DFIs and MDBs RM'000</b>	<b>Corporates RM'000</b>	<b>Regulatory Retail RM'000</b>	<b>Other Assets RM'000</b>	<b>Total Exposures after Netting &amp; Credit Risk Mitigation RM'000</b>	<b>Total Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000</b>
<b>The Bank 30 June 2020</b>								
0%	920,622	383,665	20,297	49,406	-	233,574	1,607,564	-
20%	-	-	502,912	579,731	-	10,735	1,093,378	218,676
50%	-	-	47,914	62,938	-	-	110,852	55,426
75%	-	-	-	-	199	-	199	149
100%	-	-	-	160,682	-	41,189	201,871	201,871
<b>Total</b>	<b>920,622</b>	<b>383,665</b>	<b>571,123</b>	<b>852,757</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>285,498</b>	<b>3,013,864</b>	<b>476,122</b>
<b>Risk-Weighted Assets by Exposures</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>124,540</b>	<b>308,097</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>43,336</b>	<b>476,122</b>	
<b>Average Risk Weights</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>0.0%</b>	<b>21.8%</b>	<b>36.1%</b>	<b>74.9%</b>	<b>15.2%</b>	<b>15.8%</b>	
<b>Deduction from Capital Base</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	

BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(A) Credit risk (continued)

Rated exposures according to ratings by External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAIs")

The following tables summarise the rated exposures according to ratings ECAIs as follows:

(i) Ratings of Public Sector Entities and Corporate by Approved ECAIs

	Moodys	Aaa to Aa3	A1 to A3	Baa1 to Ba3	B1 to C	Unrated
	S&P	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BB-	B+ to D	Unrated
	Fitch	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BB-	B+ to D	Unrated
	RAM	AAA to AA3	A1 to A3	BBB1 to BB3	B to D	Unrated
	MARC	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BB-	B+ to D	Unrated
	Rating & Investment Inc	AAA to AA- RM'000	A+ to A- RM'000	BBB+ to BB- RM'000	B+ to D RM'000	Unrated RM'000
<b>30 June 2021</b>						
<b>On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>						
Public Sector Entities		-	-	-	-	315,712
Corporates		560,441	35,942	22,757	-	110,040
		<u>560,441</u>	<u>35,942</u>	<u>22,757</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>425,752</u>
<b>30 June 2020</b>						
<b>On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>						
Public Sector Entities		-	-	-	-	383,665
Corporates		579,731	62,938	37,284	-	397,834
		<u>579,731</u>	<u>62,938</u>	<u>37,284</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>781,499</u>

4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(A) Credit risk (continued)

Rated exposures according to ratings by External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAIs") (continued)

(ii) Short term Ratings of Banking Institutions and Corporate by Approved ECAIs

	Moodys	P-1	P-2	P-3	Others	Unrated
	S&P	A-1	A-2	A-3	Others	Unrated
	Fitch	F1+, F1	F2	F3	B to D	Unrated
	RAM	P-1	P-2	P-3	NP	Unrated
	MARC	MARC-1	MARC-2	MARC-3	MARC-4	Unrated
	Rating & Investment Inc	a-1+, a-1 RM'000	a-2 RM'000	a-3 RM'000	b, c RM'000	Unrated RM'000
<b>The Group and the Bank</b>						
<b>30 June 2021</b>						
<b>On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>						
Banks, MDBs and FDIs		109,520	-	-	-	30,859
Corporates		-	-	-	-	48,428
		<u>109,520</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>79,287</u>
<b>30 June 2020</b>						
<b>On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>						
Banks, MDBs and FDIs		133,834	-	-	-	-

BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(A) Credit risk (continued)

Rated exposures according to ratings by External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAIs") (continued)

(iii) Ratings of Sovereigns and Central Banks by Approved ECAIs

	Moody's	Aaa to Aa3	A1 to A3	Baa1 to Baa3	Ba1 to B3	Caa1 to C	Unrated
	S&P	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BBB-	BB+ to B-	CCC+ to D	Unrated
	Fitch	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BBB-	BB+ to B-	CCC+ to D	Unrated
	Rating &						
The Group and the Bank	Investment Inc	AAA to AA- RM'000	A+ to A- RM'000	BBB+ to BBB- RM'000	BB+ to B- RM'000	CCC+ to C RM'000	Unrated RM'000
<b>30 June 2021</b>							
<b>On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>							
Sovereigns and Central Banks		-	-	-	-	-	1,295,081
<b>30 June 2020</b>							
<b>On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>							
Sovereigns and Central Banks		-	-	-	-	-	920,622

4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(A) Credit risk (continued)

Rated exposures according to ratings by External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAIs") (continued)

(iv) Ratings of Banking Institutions by Approved ECAIs

	Moody's	Aaa to Aa3	A1 to A3	Baa1 to Baa3	Ba1 to B3	Caa1 to C	Unrated
	S&P	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BBB-	BB+ to B-	CCC+ to D	Unrated
	Fitch	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BBB-	BB+ to B-	CCC+ to D	Unrated
	RAM	AAA to AA3	A1 to A3	BBB+ to BBB3	BB1 to B3	C1 to D	Unrated
	MARC	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BBB-	BB+ to B-	C+ to D	Unrated
	Rating &						
The Group and the Bank	Investment Inc	AAA to AA- RM'000	A+ to A- RM'000	BBB+ to BBB- RM'000	BB+ to B- RM'000	CCC+ to C RM'000	Unrated RM'000
<b>30 June 2021</b>							
<b>On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>							
Banks, MDBs and FDIs		132,701	62,716	39,595	-	-	46,438
<b>30 June 2020</b>							
<b>On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>							
Banks, MDBs and FDIs		370,149	5,868	30,057	-	-	32,805

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Credit Risk Mitigation ("CRM")**

The Group's and the Bank's credit principle is principally granting credit facilities on the basis of the borrower's credit standing, repayment and debt servicing ability. Where possible, collateral is taken to mitigate and reduce any credit risk for the particular credit facility extended. The value of the collateral is monitored periodically and where applicable, a revised valuation may be requested from the borrower. The main types of collateral accepted are cash, marketable securities and securities from listed exchange. There are policies and processes in place to monitor collateral concentration. For credit risk mitigation ("CRM") purposes, only collateral or guarantees that are legally enforceable are taken into account. The credit exposures are computed on a net basis only when there is a legally enforceable netting arrangements for loans and deposits. The Group and the Bank use the Comprehensive Approach for computation of the adjusted exposures.

The following tables present the credit exposures covered by eligible financial collateral and financial guarantees as defined under the Standardised Approach for the Group. Eligible financial collateral consists primarily of securities from listed exchange. The Group does not have any credit exposure which is reduced through the application of other eligible collateral.

	30 June 2021		30 June 2020	
	Exposures before CRM RM'000	Exposures covered by eligible financial collateral RM'000	Exposures before CRM RM'000	Exposures covered by eligible financial collateral RM'000
<b>The Group</b>				
<b>On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>				
Sovereigns/Central Banks	1,295,081	-	920,622	-
Public Sector Entities	315,712	-	383,665	-
Banks, DFIs and MDBs	339,342	-	433,579	-
Corporates	755,113	48,428	1,057,440	225,030
Regulatory Retail	396,543	245,625	199	-
Other Assets	67,631	-	285,505	-
<b>Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>3,169,422</b>	<b>294,053</b>	<b>3,081,010</b>	<b>225,030</b>
<b>Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>				
Credit-related Exposures	16,000	-	23,075	-
Derivative Financial Instruments	88,982	-	136,405	-
<b>Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>104,982</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>159,480</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>3,274,404</b>	<b>294,053</b>	<b>3,240,490</b>	<b>225,030</b>



**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Credit Risk Mitigation (continued)**

The following tables present the credit exposures covered by eligible financial collateral and financial guarantees as defined under the Standardised Approach for the Group. Eligible financial collateral consists primarily of securities from listed exchange. The Group does not have any credit exposure which is reduced through the application of other eligible collateral.

	30 June 2021		30 June 2020	
	Exposures before CRM RM'000	Exposures covered by eligible financial collateral RM'000	Exposures before CRM RM'000	Exposures covered by eligible financial collateral RM'000
<b>The Bank</b>				
<b>On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>				
Sovereigns/Central Banks	1,295,081	-	920,622	-
Public Sector Entities	315,712	-	383,665	-
Banks, DFIs and MDBs	337,510	-	431,990	-
Corporates	755,113	48,428	1,057,440	225,030
Regulatory Retail	396,543	245,625	199	-
Other Assets	67,631	-	285,498	-
<b>Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>3,167,590</b>	<b>294,053</b>	<b>3,079,414</b>	<b>225,030</b>
<b>Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>				
Credit-related Exposures	16,000	-	23,075	-
Derivative Financial Instruments	88,982	-	136,405	-
<b>Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>104,982</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>159,480</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<b>3,272,572</b>	<b>294,053</b>	<b>3,238,894</b>	<b>225,030</b>

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Off-Balance Sheet exposures and counterparty credit risk**

Credit limits are established to ensure that the Group and the Bank are not duly exposed to unnecessary credit risk with parties who are unable to meet or honour their financial obligations with the Group and the Bank.

The counterparty limits for the Group and the Bank are established by taking into consideration the tenor of the obligation, rating assignment of the counterparty, counterparty's shareholder's funds, the Group's and the Bank's shareholder's funds.

The credit exposure limit for derivative transactions is calculated based on the standardised approach by applying a specific percentage of risk factor i.e. the potential loss of the contract value to the counterparty limit for the Group and the Bank, which in general is a fraction of the derivative contract or notional amount used to express the volume of instruments.

**Nature of commitments and contingencies**

Obligations under underwriting agreements arise from underwriting agreements relating to the issuance of equity and debts securities, where the Group and the Bank are obliged to subscribe for or purchase the securities in the event the securities are not taken up when issued.

Irrevocable commitments to extend credit include all obligations on the part of the Group and the Bank to provide funding facilities or the undrawn portion of an approved credit facilities to customers.

Forward foreign exchange contracts are agreements to buy or sell fixed amounts of currency at agreed rates of exchange on a specified future date.

Interest rate swaps involve the exchange of interest obligations with a counterparty for a specified period without the exchange of the underlying principal.

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Off-Balance Sheet exposures and counterparty credit risk (continued)**

The off-balance sheet exposures and their related counterparty credit risk of the Group and the Bank are as follows:

<b>The Group and the Bank</b>	<b>Principal Amount RM'000</b>	<b>Positive Fair Value of Derivative Contracts RM'000</b>	<b>Credit Equivalent Amount RM'000</b>	<b>Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000</b>
<b>30 June 2021</b>				
<b>Derivative financial instruments</b>				
Interest rate related contracts:				
- One year or less	1,592,995	5,562	9,396	2,186
- Over one year to five years	2,005,000	24,198	62,684	14,874
- Over five years	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange related contracts				
- One year or less	1,383,225	4,650	16,794	8,469
Equity related contracts:				
- One year or less	-	-	-	-
- Over one year to five years	200	84	108	108
	<b>4,981,420</b>	<b>34,494</b>	<b>88,982</b>	<b>25,637</b>
<b>Commitments</b>				
Direct Credit Substitutes	1,000	-	1,000	1,000
Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines				
- maturity less than one year	-	-	-	-
- maturity more than one year	30,000	-	15,000	15,000
Any commitment that are unconditionally cancelled at any time by the Bank without prior notice				
- maturity less than one year	911,550	-	-	-
	<b>942,550</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>16,000</b>	<b>16,000</b>
Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	<b>5,923,970</b>	<b>34,494</b>	<b>104,982</b>	<b>41,637</b>

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(A) Credit risk (continued)**

**Off-Balance Sheet exposures and counterparty credit risk (continued)**

The off-balance sheet exposures and their related counterparty credit risk of the Group and the Bank are as follows (continued):

<b>The Group and the Bank</b>	<b>Principal Amount RM'000</b>	<b>Positive Fair Value of Derivative Contracts RM'000</b>	<b>Credit Equivalent Amount RM'000</b>	<b>Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000</b>
<b>30 June 2020</b>				
<b>Derivative financial instruments</b>				
Interest rate related contracts:				
- One year or less	1,365,000	5,075	6,583	1,317
- Over one year to five years	2,960,700	35,302	93,712	23,676
- Over five years	110,000	8,014	13,295	3,025
Foreign exchange related contracts				
- One year or less	1,483,909	6,566	22,815	8,040
Equity related contracts:				
- One year or less	-	-	-	-
- Over one year to five years	-	-	-	-
	<u>5,919,609</u>	<u>54,957</u>	<u>136,405</u>	<u>36,058</u>
<b>Commitments</b>				
Direct Credit Substitutes	1,000	-	1,000	1,000
Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines				
- maturity less than one year	-	-	-	-
- maturity more than one year	30,000	-	15,000	15,000
Any commitment that are unconditionally cancelled at any time by the Bank without prior notice				
- maturity less than one year	894,438	-	-	-
Lending of banking institutions' securities or the posting of securities as collateral by bank				
	7,075	-	7,075	1,415
	<u>932,513</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>23,075</u>	<u>17,415</u>
<b>Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	<u>6,852,122</u>	<u>54,957</u>	<u>159,480</u>	<u>53,473</u>

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(B) Market risk**

Market risk is defined as the risk of potential losses in earnings arising from changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, credit spreads, equity prices and commodity prices. This change can affect the value of financial instruments and may also affect proprietary trading revenues.

The main objectives of Market Risk Management is to ensure that losses from market risk can be promptly addressed without incurring a potential loss that is beyond the Group's and the Bank risk appetite.

**Management of market risk**

The ALMCO is the management level committee which supports the BARMC in the oversight of market and liquidity risk. The ALMCO is chaired by the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and includes senior representatives from both business and support units. It is primarily responsible for the development, implementation and review of frameworks, broad strategies and policies for managing the Group's and the Bank's balance sheet, funding management, market risk and liquidity risk.

The Risk Management Department is responsible for the development, implementation and maintenance of consistent policies and methodologies to identify, measure, monitor, control and report market risk and liquidity risk.

Market risk is inherent in the ordinary course of the Group's and the Bank's business and is prevalent especially in treasury activities of the Group and the Bank. The Group and the Bank broadly classify their financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial investments at amortised cost. The major differences between the classifications are the accounting treatment and intention of acquiring the financial instruments.

**Market Risk Management Process**

(i) Identification

- Identify market risks within existing and new products.
- Review market-related information e.g. market trends, economic data.

(ii) Assessment/Measurement

- Sensitivity.
- Value-at-Risk.
- Stress test.

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(B) Market risk (continued)**

**Market Risk Management Process (continued)**

(iii) Control/Mitigation

- Establish market risk limits.
- Limits are set with reference to business profitability, budgets and aligned with the risk appetite approved by the Board.

(iv) Monitoring/Review

- Monitoring of limits.
- Periodical review and reporting.

**Regulatory Capital Requirements**

The following tables present the minimum regulatory capital requirement on market risk.

<b>The Group</b>	<b>Long Position RM'000</b>	<b>Short Position RM'000</b>	<b>Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000</b>	<b>Minimum Capital Requirement at 8% RM'000</b>
<b>30 June 2021</b>				
Interest Rate Risk	5,517,709	5,003,100	211,137	16,891
Equity Risk	4,538	-	9,749	780
Foreign Currency Risk	27,496	-	27,496	2,200
Option Risk	200	-	118	9
	<b>5,549,943</b>	<b>5,003,100</b>	<b>248,500</b>	<b>19,880</b>
<b>30 June 2020</b>				
Interest Rate Risk	6,618,141	6,011,256	201,324	16,106
Equity Risk	19,553	-	40,844	3,268
Foreign Currency Risk	15,175	259	15,175	1,214
Option Risk	-	-	-	-
	<b>6,652,869</b>	<b>6,011,515</b>	<b>257,343</b>	<b>20,587</b>

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(B) Market risk (continued)**

**Regulatory Capital Requirements (continued)**

<b>The Bank</b>	<b>Long Position RM'000</b>	<b>Short Position RM'000</b>	<b>Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000</b>	<b>Minimum Capital Requirement at 8% RM'000</b>
<b>30 June 2021</b>				
Interest Rate Risk	5,517,709	5,003,100	211,137	16,891
Equity Risk	4,342	-	9,357	749
Foreign Currency Risk	27,496	-	27,496	2,200
Option Risk	200	-	118	9
	<b>5,549,747</b>	<b>5,003,100</b>	<b>248,108</b>	<b>19,849</b>
<b>30 June 2020</b>				
Interest Rate Risk	6,618,141	6,011,256	201,324	16,106
Equity Risk	19,466	-	40,668	3,253
Foreign Currency Risk	15,175	259	15,175	1,214
Option Risk	-	-	-	-
	<b>6,652,782</b>	<b>6,011,515</b>	<b>257,167</b>	<b>20,573</b>

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

**(C) Operational risk**

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. This definition includes legal risk, but excludes strategic and reputational risks.

An Operational Risk Management Framework, approved by the HLIBB's Board, has been implemented across the Group to all business and support units. The Framework consists of operational risk's tools including loss event data reporting, control self-assessment and key risk indicators, to assist these units to identify, assess, monitor and control their operational risks. The information is channeled to the Risk Management Department to facilitate risk analysis, monitoring and reporting.

Related policies and procedures are in place to provide guidance to risk taking units in the areas of developing new products and services and outsourcing of operational functions.

A Business Continuity Framework has been developed to ensure business sustainability in event of business disruptions.

The Risk Management Department oversees the Group's operational risk management infrastructure, including the Framework, policies, processes, information, methodologies and systems. The Risk Management Department performs regular reviews of the operational risk profiles of the Group, and recommends related operational risk policies to be endorsed and approved at management and Board level.



**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**5. EQUITY EXPOSURES IN BANKING BOOK**

The Group's and the Bank's banking book's equity investments consist of equity holdings in organisations which are set up for specific socio-economic reasons (i.e. equity interest in Cagamas, MEPS, RAM, IBBM and CGC) and equity holdings and equity instruments received as a result of loan/financing restructuring or loan/financing conversion.

The Group's and the Bank's banking book's equity investments are classified and measured in accordance with MFRS 9 and are categorised as financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income. Refer to Note 2D to the Audited Financial Statements for financial year ended 30 June 2021 for the accounting policies of the Group and the Bank.

The following table summarises the Group and the Bank's equity exposures in the banking book.

	<b>30 June 2021</b>	
<b>The Group and the Bank</b>	<b>Exposures subject to risk- weighting RM'000</b>	<b>Risk weights %</b>
<u>Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income</u>		
Unquoted equity securities	-	100
	<hr/>	
	<b>30 June 2020</b>	
<b>The Group and the Bank</b>	<b>Exposures subject to risk- weighting RM'000</b>	<b>Risk weights %</b>
<u>Financial investments available-for-sale</u>		
Unquoted equity securities	-	100
	<hr/>	

**Gain and Loss on Equity Exposures in Banking Book**

The tables below present the gains and losses on equity exposure in the banking book.

	<b>30 June 2021</b>	<b>30 June 2020</b>
	<b>RM'000</b>	<b>RM'000</b>
Realised gains/losses recognised in the income statements	-	-
	<hr/>	
Unrealised gain recognised in revaluation reserve		
- Unquoted equity securities	-	-
	<hr/>	

**BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

**6. INTEREST RATE RISK/RATE OF RETURN RISK IN BANKING BOOK**

To evaluate the potential impact of interest/profit rate risk in the Banking Book, the Group and the Bank consider the effect on their underlying economic value.

The economic perspective provides a measurement of the underlying value of the Group's and the Bank's current position and seeks to evaluate the sensitivity of that value to changes in interest/profit rates. This perspective will allow the Group and the Bank to evaluate the changes in economic value of assets, liabilities, and off-balance sheet instruments against the movement in interest/profit rate. The economic values of these instruments are equivalent to the instruments' present value of future cash flows.

By analyzing the impact of interest/profit rate changes on the value of all future cash flows, the economic perspective can provide a more comprehensive measurement of interest/profit rate risk. The future cash flow projections used to estimate the economic exposure provides a pro forma estimate of the future income generated by its current position. In general, the measurement of present value of the instrument will be able to give an overview of the Group's and the Bank's economic value of equity ("EVE") over a longer time period.

The increase or decline in economic value for upward and downward rate shocks which are consistent with shocks applied in the Group's and the Bank's stress test for measuring IRR/RORR in the banking book are as follows:

The following tables present the projected Group's sensitivity to a 100 basis point parallel shock to interest rates across all maturities applied on the Group's interest sensitivity gap as at reporting date.

Type of currency	Impact on Position as at 30 June 2021		Impact on Position as at 30 June 2020	
	- 100 bps Increase/(Decrease) in Economic Value RM'000	+ 100 bps Increase/(Decrease) in Economic Value RM'000	- 100 bps Increase/(Decrease) in Economic Value RM'000	+ 100 bps Increase/(Decrease) in Economic Value RM'000
Ringgit Malaysia	63,658	(63,658)	49,627	(49,627)
US Dollar	2,311	(2,311)	505	(505)
	<b>65,969</b>	<b>(65,969)</b>	50,132	(50,132)